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Victoria Daily Times.

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VOL. 14. VICTORIA, B. C., THURSDAY, MARCH 5, 1891. No. 57.

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Should any customer return to us a pair not being as represented, or unsatisfactory in any particular, she will not have to wait or argue about it. We will give back the money or another pair.
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The Westside, Feb. 21, 1891.
Feb21-tf

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CABLE COLLECTIONS.

KAISER WILLIAM STILL WROTH WITH FRANCE.

Reciprocity with Brazil—The Dockers Give in—The Prince of Wales Still at the Head of Masonry in England—News in General.

LONDON, March 5.—A Berlin despatch says that notwithstanding the Pacific assurance and rumors, the Kaiser continues to be deeply incensed against France. He is not so much irritated by the discourteous treatment of his mother in certain newspapers, or even by the frantic anti-German utterances of a portion of the people as by the single fact that he failed in his plan to obtain French pictures for the Berlin exhibition, and that he was personally snubbed and disappointed. His feeling shows itself to all who approach him, and occasions considerable apprehension that the Kaiser may grasp at some pretext for fighting the French. He no longer talks of peace, and both his manner and his language indicate that he anticipates war, and has come to the conclusion that another struggle will be needed to settle the title of Germany at Alsace Lorraine.

RE-ELECTED GRAND MASTER.

The Prince of Wales was again elected last evening to be the worshipful grand master of the English masons. The meeting of the United Grand Lodge was a more than usually brilliant spectacle and the popularity of the Prince in the order was well attested. The Prince's son, the Duke of Clarence is also taking a leading rank in the masonic fraternity and it is expected that he will be elevated to his father's masonic rank when the latter gives up the grandmaster's chain for the throne of Great Britain.

RECIPROCITY WITH BRAZIL.

The British government under pressure from merchants in the Brazilian trade is taking steps to obtain for Great Britain an assurance for commercial privileges in that country equal to those granted other nations. The English merchants are afraid that a reciprocity treaty between Brazil and the United States will divert much of the trade of the latter country. The newspapers here print many attacks on Gen. Da Eonzea, accusing him of nepolism and other offences.

RECEIVED WITH INTEREST.

The union of Russia and France in a protest against English predominance in the Egyptian Judiciary, is viewed with keen interest by English statesmen, as Russia has never before interested herself in the affairs of Egypt and has more than once expressed willingness that in a division of the Ottoman Empire satisfactory to Russia, Egypt should fall to England. The present move is therefore taken to indicate that Russia is desirous of obliging France, the country really interested.

THEY DON'T WANT TO SELL.

A despatch from Madrid says: In a discussion on the Cuban affairs in the Cuban cabinet, the sale of that country to the United States was considered. The weight of opinion was decidedly adverse to any such negotiations.

THE CARDIFF STRIKES.

The Cardiff strikers maintain they have been treated in the harshest manner by Mr. Lewis, the manager of the Bute docks, and that the brother of Mr. Lewis, the stipendiary magistrate, has sat at a case where strikers were accused and passed judgment adversely to them. They allege gross abuse and reduction in pay to four pence per hour for night work as their reason for going out on a strike. These statements are made in answer to a statement made by Mr. Lewis. In Aberdeen the struggle is kept up with increased earnestness. A number of men who came from England to take the places of the strikers have been assaulted and mobbed, and navigation is almost at a standstill.

NO LIMIT.

English textile manufacturers attribute the extraordinary depression of the cotton trade in England largely to the rivalry of mills in India, where there is no limit to the hours of labor.

Still After Parnell.

BELFAST, March 5.—Bishop Reeves of the Dioceses of Down and Dromore, has issued a letter practically excommunicating Catholic supporters of Parnell. The letter causes considerable excitement, as the Bishop characterizes Parnell's adherents as propagators of public scandal who have voluntarily associated themselves with those to whom it is unlawful for priests to administer the sacrament.

Wanted a Title.

PARIS, Mar. 3.—Marquis de Bretuil and Miss Lita Garner, daughter of the late Mr. Garner of New York, at one time commodore of the New York Yacht Club, were married to-day at Paj with imposing ceremonies. The marquis is a widower, nearly fifty years of age, and a well-known adherent of the royalist cause.

CREMATION OF A SINGER.

The Remains of Miss Emma Abbott Were Incinerated—Description of It.

PITTSBURG, March 3.—It leaked out today that the remains of Emma Abbott, the famous opera singer, were cremated in this city two weeks ago.

It was on account of Miss Abbott's aged mother that the cremation was secret. She is past 70 years of age and is quite feeble, and strongly protested against the burning of her beloved daughter's remains. The executors feared that if she was notified of the cremation she might insist on being present, and might not be able to recover from the shock. It was decided about three weeks ago to take the body to Pittsburg and have it secretly cremated. Two weeks ago last Saturday the executors, Messrs. Houghton and Dunning, of New York, and Major James L. Mitchell, of Indianapolis, met in Chicago. Sunday evening the casket was removed from the vault and was placed in a plain coffin for its trip to Pittsburg. Mrs. Clark, who is a sister of the deceased, who was at the Continental hotel in Chicago, is the only relative who was present when the body was removed for shipment. A ticket was purchased for the body and the body and the trainmen had no intimation as to whose remains were in the box. The three executors accompanied the body to Pittsburg.

The cremation took place in Samson crematory. The arrangements had all been carefully made, and when the train arrived Mr. Samson himself met it and conveyed the remains to his crematory, situated in the basement of his undertaking establishment. Mr. Samson's son, who is a partner in the business, did not even know whose the corpse was. The cremation occurred Monday evening. The body was lifted from the casket and placed upon an iron lifter. The singer still were the same dress the body appeared in when so many friends viewed it in Chicago, on the day of the funeral, and withered flowers still rested upon the body. The features of the dead woman were still as natural as they were the day she died.

In accordance with the request of the will the electrical test was applied to the body, and it was then gently rolled into the furnace. Only the executors and Mr. Sampson and his son stood before the glass doors of the furnace and saw the flesh and bones of the sweet singer turn into ashes.

In two hours the work was done. Ashes enough to fill a a half-gallon cup were tenderly gathered and placed in a silver urn, which was sealed and handed over to Executors Houghton and Dunning. The paramount proviso of the singer's will had been carried out, and the wish that she had many times expressed to her intimate friends had been gratified.

Messrs. Houghton and Dunning carried the sacred urn with them to New York and placed it beside the bonds and other valuables of Miss Abbott, placed in the safety vault. In that vault the ashes will rest until the Abbott monument at Gloucester is completed, which will be some time this summer. Then the silver urn will be carried to the Gloucester cemetery and buried beside Miss Abbott's husband at the foot of the monument.

NEWS FROM NANAIMO.

More Negro Labor for Wellington—The New Hotel—Changes in Savings Bank.

It is generally rumored at Wellington that there are 200 negroes on the way to that vicinity, and who are to be employed in the mines there, as the company intend putting on two shifts in all these pits. There are quite a number of colored families there, and with this new contingent the camp will favorably compare with Roslyn for its colored population.

THE NEW HOTEL.

The magnificent hotel which is to be built on the corner of Bastion and Commercial streets, is to have three stores on the first floor and a large office for the hotel. This new building has been promised to Mr. H. Dempsey, the present proprietor of the Windsor House. Mr. Dempsey is well known by all commercial men who visit this part part of the Province, and is largely patronized by them; so that it is believed he is the most capable man to run a hotel of this description.

A THAW SET IN.

The cold weather has now every appearance of being broken, at night it is extremely cold, but the sun generally creeps out in the early morning and destroys the frost of the preceding night. The Nanaimo people are not slow to take advantage of a fine day, and as soon as the sun "casts its golden rays upon the earth" active work is immediately commenced by those who have it to do.

Y. M. C. A. ANNUAL CONFERENCE.

The second annual conference of the Y.M.C.A., is to be held in this city, to commence on Friday, March 6th. The programme is a very extensive one, and will not be completed until Sunday, March 8th. Leaders of the different associations along the Pacific coast will take part in the interesting proceedings and a grand time is anticipated. Those on the district committee are T. Hooper, chairman, A. M. Muir, secretary, F. W. Teague of Victoria, G. A. Charnock of Vancouver and A. Cunningham of New Westminster.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK.

Another change has been made in the department of the Post Office Savings Bank whereby depositors are allowed the advantage of increasing their deposits to $1000 instead of $300 as heretofore. The limit is now $3000. The advantage of this will be an acquisition to the miners, as generally, they are of a saving disposition and do not care to make deposits in more than one week.

MARCH OF IMPROVEMENT.

Another Three-Story Brick Block to be Erected at Once.

Work was started this morning removing the old wooden buildings on Douglas street, between Yates street and the Turner Block, to make room for a new three-story brick block which is to be erected on the site of the present wooden block now occupied by Mr. H. Jewell and the Brunswick hotel.

The block is to be built by Mr. Jewell who has secured the land on a 40 year's lease, and the corner of Yates and Douglas street will soon be very metropolitan in appearance.

A Solemn Vow.

Burns vowed to love his Highland Mary "while grass grows and water runs," and so long as nature continues to present these phenomena it is safe to bet that Imperial Cream Tartar Baking Powder will make the best biscuit.

NOTICE.

Esquimalt and Nanaimo Railway.

The Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway Company has again started running the afternoon trains on Saturdays and Mondays.

THE WAR IN THE EAST.

VOTERS WILL STAND BY THE LIBERAL BANNER.

The Farmers are Solid for Reciprocity, and the Cities Will Not Forget How the Combines Have Been Pampered by the Tory Government—Good Prospects for a Liberal Victory.

OTTAWA, March 4.—Excitement over elections, which take place to-morrow all over the Dominion, is greater to-night than has been the case for the past eighteen years. It is just eighteen years ago this month since Mackenzie was first returned to power, and it would be a fitting thing, as history repeats itself if the Liberal government would be again returned this month. That they will be so is foreshadowed by the fact that bets of two to one are being freely offered to-night, with but few takers. Bruce and Hamilton have spoken, and the Dominion will speak to-morrow with no uncertain sound. News from all parts of the Dominion received at the Liberal committee rooms is to this effect. The heavy snow storm, which has blocked the country roads badly, will interfere with the farmers' vote, which is looked upon as being solid for reciprocity; but they but they are determined to get there. The cities promise to do well; in London Carling will be defeated. One out out of two seats in Hamilton, if not both, will go Liberal. Ottawa will send one Liberal, Montreal will send one; St. John and Halifax will send two each.

L. J. Sergeant, general manager of the Grand Trunk railway, has written a manifesto in reply to Van Horne. It says it is in the interest of the Grand Trunk, and butter and bread to the employes, to support free trade with the States, since that railway has invested in its system in the States large sums of money, and now exchanges traffic with 400 American roads. He refutes in every particular the sentiment of humbug yet never mentions his name as a factor in aiding the elections. The Grand Trunk railway, which runs along the frontier from suspension bridge to Detroit, can wield a great influence, and decide the result in a large number of constituencies where they are contributing to the boodle fund. In conclusion, let me say that as sure as day dawn to-morrow, the Macdonald government is doomed. To elect Prior and Earle in Victoria, therefore, would be destroying that little comfort which British Columbia enjoys of having even government supporters, since both were pronounced Tories and restrictionists. Victoria should mark this before voting, and consider what five more years of combines and monopolies means. Liberals will have a good majority, with all west Manitoba with them.

VAN HORNE ANSWERED.

The Witness Replies Tersely to the Great Railroad Magnate.

Mr. Van Horne, the president of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, a line which extends from the Atlantic to the Pacific, which connects Minneapolis and Chicago with the sea, and which employs twenty-three thousand men, is unquestionably a magnate. He is an American, and inasmuch as he uses a railway system which cost the people of Canada eighty-seven millions of money and seventeen million acres of land to discriminate against the Canadian and in favor of the American Northwest, he is undeniably very serviceable to his country. American or not, however, he has, like such great Canadians such as Sir John Macdonald and Mr. Laurier, issued a manifesto on the political question of the day to the Canadian people. It is possible that he did not issue this manifesto quite at his own will and pleasure. It is addressed to Senator Drummond, the head of the manufacturers' committee, and the center of the Conservative machine in this vicinity, and he may, as he in his brilliant epigrammatic style phrases it, have had the screws put on him. However that may be, Mr. Van Horne, the railway magnate, has issued a political manifesto, which every one of the twenty-three thousand voters in the employ of the Canadian Pacific must be influenced by. In so doing he has revealed the fact that a great railway can be ably run by a man who cannot reason logically on an economic question. Mr. Van Horne wants to know, in the name of common sense, what Canada has to gain by unrestricted reciprocity. He then proceeds to explain that his company is "far and away" the largest buyer of manufactured articles in Canada. In a passage of some alliterative pretensions he says he buys everything, from a needle to an anchor; and, judging from this large experience as a purchaser, he thinks unrestricted reciprocity would make Canada a slaughter market for American manufacturers, a dumping ground for the grain and flour of the Western States, and cause several other unpleasant things to happen, "all of which," the magnate oracularly declares, "would be bad for the Canadian Pacific Railway." In the name of common sense, why? If Canada is to be made a "dumping ground" and a "slaughter market," the cost of all the supplies the great railway uses must be reduced by the difference between the prices current in an artificially restricted market, and those paid in one where goods are slaughtered. The cost of running the railway must, therefore, be greatly reduced. On the other hand the Canadian Pacific Railway would, doubtless, get its due share of the freighting of all the American goods slaughtered, all the grain and flour dumped, as well as of all the Canadian produce shipped back to the United States to pay for these slaughtered and dumped goods and produce—for the Americans would not feed, clothe and warm us quite for nothing; would they, Mr. Van Horne? Thus, while the cost has been greatly diminished, the business of the Canadian Pacific would be very materially increased. The Canadian Pacific is an extraordinary railway if a reduction in exponses and an increase of business would be bad for it. Mr. Van Horne's little remarks about American jealousy of Canada, and "patriotic" consideration and "national mistakes" are too funny, in view of the fact that this Mr. Van Horne who says that the removal of artificial obstacles to trade with our neighbor would be so very bad for us, is the very man who had the Lachine and Sault Ste. Marie bridges built for the very purpose of removing natural barriers and so promoting trade with that same neighbor. Was that a patriotic thing to do? At the present time Mr. Van Horne is having a great ferry boat built to ferry trains across the Detroit river so as to make easier our trade with the Americans, and he is building railways, and more particularly he is giving rates that he will not give to the Canadian trade in order to serve the same end. Is that patriotic? He is, in fact, doing all he can with eighty-seven millions of Canadian money and millions of Canadian acres to make Canada a "dump-ground" and a slaughter market.

And This Is Broadway.

NEW YORK, March 5.—A riot occurred this morning on Broadway, near the Grand Hotel, between some "scab" workmen of Bleumenthal Brothers and the members of the Cloakmakers' Union. About 500 persons gathered in front of the above firm's store and completely blocked traffic for a time.

Revolvers were drawn and policemen's clubs, strikers' canes and stones played an active part in the melu. The riot was started at a moment's notice. When two "scabs" attempted to enter the store of Bleumenthal, Bros., the strikers attacked them. They then assailed the time keeper, Allen McDonough. Policeman Casey attempted to arrest Herman Rosenberg, who assaulted McDonough, but the crowd attacked the officer and took Rosenberg away. Casey was pinned against the wall and beaten with a loaded cane. The officer drew his revolver and the crowd fell back. Policeman Donovan coming to render assistance, Rosenberg, Isaac Schultz, Abraham Schwalein and Harris Krossig were subsequently arrested. Rosenberg's head was badly battered by the clubs of the police. Shultz, who was identified as the one who struck Casey, and Rosenberg was held at the Tombs on a charge of assault, while the other two were fined $200 each.

Bad Weather Down South.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., March 5.—Steamer Manuel, from Dublin, has arrived from Ensinda, and the passengers report that a great deal of damage was done there by the late storms. A soap factory was wrecked, having been undermined and turned upside down. Even the machinery was destroyed by the catastrophe. Considerable damage was done to woolen mills, and a large building in course of construction for a tannery was totally destroyed. Efforts are being made to render the roads passable, as provisions are running short. Much hardship from hunger must ensue unless communication is established soon.

Determined to Die.

WALLA WALLA, March 3.—Paul Marsh made three attempts to-day to commit suicide, all of which were unsuccessful. The first was by hanging, the second by jumping down a well, which proved to be too shallow, and the third by trying to cut his throat with a razor, when he made a gash three inches long on the side of his head with the instrument which will lay him up several days. His wife commenced suit for a divorce, which, together with his love for the flowing bowl, unsettled his mind, and he was to have been examined as to his sanity to morrow morning.

The Rio Grande Rising.

ALBUQUERQUE, March 5.—The Rio Grande is beginning to swell, and there are fears of an overflow. The mountains and canyons are packed with from one to four feet of snow, and there is every reason to believe that if a period of dry, warm weather, such as the present prevails much longer, the Rio Grande will overflow its banks in the low lands and ruin will come to numerous poor settlements along the river side. Four years ago a number of villages were washed away.

Hard to Kill.

TACOMA, March 3.—The Fannie Paddock hospital surgeons who had charge of the late Alfred Chevalier, report a feature of his case which is of interest to the medical profession. The patient attempted suicide by shooting himself in the head near Orting, with a revolver, and during the nine days previous to his death at the hospital the brain prolapsed and continued to ooze out through the hole in his head until he died. Local surgeons say there are very few or any cases of the kind on record.

Insurance Companies in It.

PHILADELPHIA, March 5—J. A. Scimmel's fruit preserving company's plant was burned early this morning. The company did an extensive business, and oad branches in all the leading cities throughout the country. The loss on the building and contents is estimated at $150,500 and is fully insured. An adjoining residence caught fire from the sparks and was damaged to the extent of $5,000. It was insured for $2,000.

Still Seizing Opium.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 5.—Last night the customs officers made another seizure of opium on the steamer Belgic. It was valued at $2,000.

Campbell's Essence Bouquet

For the Handkerchief. Rich, Delicate and Lasting. Price 50 cents per bottle. Try one.

CAMPBELL'S

Campbell's Invisible Rose Leaf Face Powder

Warranted absolutely free from Lead, Arsenic, and other poisonous substances, which enter into the composition of all cheap preparations. 50 cents per box.

CAMPBELL'S

STOP THAT COUGH!

BRADEN'S COUGH CURE, the Great English Cough Remedy, for Coughs and Colds. Especially recommended for children when suffering from Whooping Cough and Croup.

PRESCRIPTION STORE.

Campbell'S Little Liver Pills

Mild and Effective. If your liver is off on a picnic try a box. If you have indigestion try a box.

PRESCRIPTION STORE.

Campbell's Magic Corn Cure

No need for you to go limping around out of temper when 25c. will give permanent relief.

VOTERS, AWAKE!!

To Your Tremendous Responsibility To-day,

Vote Conscientiously in the Interests of Victoria.

Cast Personal Liking Completely Aside.

Consider the Treatment We Have Received.

Also Consider What We are Likely to Receive if We Kiss the Hand that Smites Us, or Lick the Boot that Kicks Us—Sir John Macdonald's Government Has Done this, and Prior and Earle Have Sworn to Support Him.

Talk about enthusiasm—Never was a cause more warmly espoused than that of the opposition in this city at the election which will be decided to-day, and which, were the voters' rights not tampered with, would be a complete walk over for Templeman and Marchant.

Last night's meeting was a hearty and genuine endorsement of their policy, and if the electors' votes go along with their sentiments the stain will be removed from Victoria that she has always returned servile members of an unjust, niggardly and filching Government.

Electors, in your own interest and for the credit of this city, remove this abuse today.

His worship Mayor Grant was unanimously voted to the chair, but that worthy gentleman had not yet arrived, although he came subsequently, and elicited such a cheer as only welcomes John Grant.

Hon. Senator McInnes was elected chairman, and in opening the meeting, regretted that the Conservative candidates were not present to advocate their cause in an open and manly manner. He referred to the Conservative meeting a week previous in the same place, and elicited the strong condemnation of the audience upon the scandalously unfair treatment of the Independents. Col. Prior had made some personal references to himself (the senator), and although he was promised an opportunity of replying, the audience well knew how that promise was fulfilled (hisses). Was this an honorable way for a man to act who was seeking the suffrages of this city (loud cries of "No"). As to Senator McInnes' political record, he showed conclusively from the parliamentary companion that he was

ALWAYS THOROUGHLY INDEPENDENT

in politics, favored compulsory voting, and equitable reciprocity with the United States (cheers). Senator McInnes referred to the loyalty question. This did not mean disloyalty to the Queen or British connection and institutions, but to Sir John Macdonald and his party (hear, hear). The history of the Tory party goes to show that it has been one of disloyalty to the Queen and Crown. The speaker stated, amid great cheers, that to-day's vote would result in an overwhelming defeat for Sir John and his party, because fully three-fifths of the Dominion are in favor of freer trade (great cheers).

THE PEOPLE'S JOHN SPEAKS.

Mayor Grant, having taken a seat on the platform, now came forward and was loudly welcomed. He did not intend to take part in this contest on account of his public position, but it was with some reluctance that he had decided to come forward and take part in this, one of the greatest questions that has been placed before the Dominion of Canada since confederation. In referring to Dr. Helmcken, Mr. Grant paid that gentleman a tribute of honor, but thought that he was mistaken somewhat in some of his ideas. He has changed within the last few years, (laughter) and is now on the wrong track. Mr. Grant replied to the cry of discrimination against the mother country by stating his belief that there is not a Liberal in Canada who wishes to do so. (Cheers). He was satisfied that if a commercial arrangement were entered into between Canada and the United States by the Liberals, they would also effect some equitable arrangement with the mother country—(hear, hear). He instanced the building up of England through free trade, and he thought that there might be obtained a system of free trade between Canada and the United States which would not only

BE FAIR TO BOTH COUNTRIES,

but to the old country as well—(cheers.) One thing struck him very pointedly in this election, and that was the non-revision of the voters' lists, an act which he stigmatized as one of the most culpable pieces of dishonesty in connection with political matters that had ever come to his notice on this continent—(great cheers). Why Sir John had no doubt done anything for Victoria, and this city and district in particular, was because it has always sent a solid contingent to Ottawa pledged to support him. Mr. Grant proceeded to justify Mr. Templeman's statement of the accounts between this province and the Dominion, and did so to the manifest satisfaction of the meeting. That $212,000 was a mare's nest found by the Colonist. Speaking of Messrs. Prior and Earle, Mr. Grant had the greatest respect for them personally, but he did not agree with their political principles, and further, he did not think it wise to send men pledged to support one party through thick and thin. There should be sent men who will vote against the government if it is going against the interests of the city, and vote with it if it is doing the right thing—(cheers). He believed the Independent candidates, Messrs. Templeman and Marchant, would do this—(cheers)—every time, no matter who was in power. He was quite sure that if all those who were eligible to vote, had the power to exercise their right, Messrs. Templeman and Marchant would go right over with a walk—(great cheers). To his mind, if for nothing else than depriving the people of their right to vote, those who have votes would use their power to hurl out Sir John and his party for their injustice (renewed cheers). He hoped all those who consistently could, would vote for Templeman and Marchant, and thus send to represent them men who would not be afraid to speak for Victoria and Victoria's interests ("We will," cheers).

A ROYAL RECEPTION.

Mr. Templeman on coming forward was greeted with a right royal reception. It was some time before he could make himself heard, and when he expressed, from the widespread assurances of support that they would head the poll, the cheering broke out afresh. Mr. Templeman dealt in the first place with Col. Prior's position on the China steamers calling here, and showed from his own satement that if he did not vote against Mr. Davies resolution, he intended to, and as to the telegram from Mr. Davies supporting Col. Prior's statement that he wrote his intention of voting for the resolution, he wrote that note after the resolution was defeated (cheers). The question of appropriation to Victoria, Mayor Grant had relieved him considerably of discussing, but the audience listened to and emphatically endorsed his statement that this province and particularly the city did not get its just due. Col. Prior, at least, was to some extent responsible for the present franchise act, for he voted against both its repeal and amendment, and further he has not denied it.

THE TRADE QUESTION.

Mr. Templeman's position on the trade question is well known. He was in favor of closer trade relations with the United States, our natural market (hear, hear), and the trend of public opinion, judging by the recent elections, was in the same direction. It ought to be possible, therefore, for the two governments to come to effect a treaty satisfactory to both. Our import trade with the United States despite a high tariff wall, in 1888 was $9,000,000 more than with Great Britain, while we sold $2,000,000 more, showing clearly that there is no sentiment in trade. British Columbia last year imported from the United States $3,800,000 and from England $970,000. We sold to the United States $2,000,000, and from Great Britain $869,000; just three times as much in each case—(cheers); proving most conclusively that to British Columbia alone the United States is the natural, because it is the nearest, market. Would not this trade be much greater if the present barriers were removed?—(cheers). Mr. Templeman believed it in the best interests of the province for us to do so. (Renewed cheering). Mr. Templeman dealt ably with the question of loyalty, which has been raised as an election cry in this contest, and this brought to his mind the additional cry of discrimination. He showed that even Mr. Earle at one time, if he doesn't now, held the view that we wanted a nearer market for our products, and quoted in this connection from the board of trade report of 1889, which

DEPRECATED HIGH TAXATION,

and absence of closer trade relations with our neighbor to the south, and several other points. This report was signed by Robert Ward, president; Thomas Earle, vice-president, and W. Monteith, secretary—(loud cheers). Mr. Earle, however, seems to have recanted somewhat of these opinions since—(renewed applause). If we build up our trade, we increase our material prosperity; if we have increased markets we ensure this. And the nearer market the better market—(cheers). Col. Prior had taken care to tell the audience how much Mackenzie had increased the national debt, but he didn't tell them that the debt last year was $237,000,000 or $97,000,000 during the time he has been in power. Mr. Templeman's views on the Chinese question are also well known. In conclusion, he would ask the electors to support the Independents at the ballot—(great cheers).

WORKMEN INTIMIDATED.

He understood that the workingmen had been intimidated with threats of dismissal and so on, if they voted against the government; and it was also stated generally that the ballot would not be a secret one—(shame). Now, Mr. Templeman wanted to disabuse the minds of any of the workingmen on this account. The ballot is absolutely secret, and voters can cast their ballots as they choose. Let us have a fair and square fight, and he believed the victory would be on their side (great cheers). They appealed, not to the prejudices, but to the intelligence of the people (cheers), and trusted to it for a just verdict (renewed cheers).

Senator McInnes told the audience a little secret about where some of the British Columbia money goes. The government has given a million dollars to bonus the C.P.R. short line to St. John, N.B.; and a portion of this line was through a foreign country, which the Tories are now defaming, a portion of the State of Maine. That's how some of the money goes (cheers).

REAL LOGIC AND ORATORY.

"It was no got up cheer of a "padded meeting" that greeted Mr. Marchant. It was a reception equally royal, enthusiastic and spontaneous as that which was accorded his colleague; and his cleverness of repartee, and natural wit being well known, he was a favorite in all directions. He was very pleased at the comparative absence of personalities from this contest, still there were a few indulged in by the pre-eminent newspaper we call the Colonist (laughter) and a few anonymous writers. There were also a couple or so who had the courage to sign their names. There were some strange people there. Capt. McCullum, as an annexationist pure and simple, had a perfect right to choose his associates, birds of a feather, etc. (loud laughter). Mr. James Angus had also taken notice of Mr. Marchant (renewed merriment). And altogether he was favored with names from economic Judas, to a Baptist minister (each name was greated with uproarious laughter). A Conservative gentleman told him the other day that if he wanted to win an election he would take a hundred dollars into the Colonist office and

ASK IT TO KEEP SILENT.

This statement was received with genuine laughter. He created some considerable merriment by his reference to the Conservative meeting on the previous Wednesday evening, but in answering the question at issue, showed by thoroughly sensible arguments that the question of trade has nothing to do with sentiment. Our loyalty is not brought into question or danger by advocating a larger measure of trade (cheers). But if necessary, he avowed his unfaltering attachment to the British flag (cheers), his unwavering allegiance to the British Crown, and he honestly believed that the best policy of Canada is to maintain untouched her connection with the mother land (cheers). He was astonished to find the question of loyalty brought in here in a matter of business—it was childish.

Col. Prior said he did the best he could for Victoria (whistles and "Oh!")

Did he get the revenue cutter built here? No. Then so much the worse for the government that refused it (cheers).

There were harbor improvements needed; did he get them? No. Then so much the worse for the government (cheers).

Did he get the China steamers to call here? ("No.") Then so much the worse for the government (great cheers).

Did he get a subsidy for the Victoria and Saanich railway? ("No.")

But he tried to get a drill shed (great laughter). Did he get it? ("No.") Then so much the worse for the government (uproar). And so on through the list of customs, postoffice buildings, decent salaries for the postmen.

Therefore are the electors asked to vote to send men to Ottawa

FREE AND UNTRAMMELED.

The electors are are asked to proclaim a matrimonial alliance between Col. Prior, Mr. Earle and the government. Mr. Marchant would ask the voters to forbid the banns (cheers). Col. Prior quoted a lot of statistics, but he did not say anything about the trade statistics which Sir John is purposely withholding (cheers). He told the people that Canadians were taxed only at about $4 per head. He forgot the enormous amount of indirect taxation paid under a high tariff (cheers). Col. Prior also carefully concealed the fact that Sir John had added

ONE HUNDRED MILLION DOLLARS

to the public debt—(great cheers)—and lastly, about Col. Prior; he should never write a letter. (Laughter and cheers).

Mr. Earle had declared himself no politician, and Mr. Marchant would not argue the point—(laughter)—but did it strike the electors that a man not conversant with public affairs, and unable to discuss them, was the proper man to send to Ottawa—(hear, hear). Mr. Marchant was of opinion that if Mr. Earle would only give close study to the questions of the day, he would be on that platform advocating the policy that the reform party are advocating to-day—(cheers). Mr. Marchant scored good points on both Mr. Wilson and Mr. James Angus, the latter of whom had an interest in the Vancouver sugar industry, and was therefore right in preaching protection. (Cheers).

As to the Independents themselves, they declared their absolute independency on all British Columbia and particularly Victoria matters; otherwise their principles were with the reform party—(cheers). Mr. Marchant's concluding remarks were warmly hopeful of victory, and were cheered to the echo, till finally he had to come forward again and bow his acknowledgments.

Mr. D. H. West was of opinion that if the electors do their duty they will show that the Independent candidates and their supporters are on the right path. Everybody knew how the Republican party of the United States had raised the cry of patriotism to side track the electors from the issues that were being discussed. This is exactly what Sir John Macdonald and his party are raising the cry of loyalty for to-day. They want to side track the electors from the political issues. He found that all through the Dominion and the States the men who were standing up for labor are crying against high protection, although in former years some of them had supported it. They have had their eyes opened, however, and now they can see the benefits to be derived from unrestricted reciprocity. He himself had worked for protection in 1878, but he could see through it now. It seemed very plausible then, but what has it done for the Dominion? If the tariff barrier is to be kept up between Canada and the States what is the use of building the Saanich and New Westminster railway? Sweep away the barrier by electing the men who will do that.

Hon. A. N. Richards was called upon but was unable to speak on account of a sore throat, so W. A. Robertson took his place and showed how workingmen were being abused by the N.P.

The meeting closed with a sincere vote of thanks to the hon. chairman, and many ringing cheers for the candidates, after the strains of the national anthem from the fife and drum band.

What is lacking is truth and confidence. If there were absolute truth on the one hand and absolute confidence on the other, it wouldn't be necessary for the makers of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy to back up a plain statement of fact by a $500 guarantee. They say—"If we can't cure you (make it personal, please,) of catarrh in the head, in any form or stage, we'll pay you $500 for your trouble in making the trial." "An advertising fake," you say. Funny, isn't it, how some people prefer sickness to health when the remedy is positive and the guarantee absolute. Wise men don't put money back of "fakes." And "faking" doesn't pay.

Magical little granules—those tiny, sugar-coated Pellets of Dr. Pierce—scarcely larger than mustard seeds, yet powerful to cure—active yet mild in operation. The best Liver Pill ever invented. Cure sick headache, dizziness, constipation. One a dose.

Arrived.

Bass XXXX Ale (Lamb's Wool) at the Occidental Hotel bar.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

F. G. Richards,

JUNIOR,

51 YATES STREET, VICTORIA.

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— THAT NEED NO —

Chromos, etc.

3 Acres, corner Gorge road and Harriet street 300 feet water frontage on the Gorge..... $9,500
660 feet in depth; splendid buy; no other property like it in the market
Beautiful 2-story residence, two lots, fine corner..... 6,750
Large cottage; two lots; corner.... 4,500
Corner lot; Yates street..... 6,500
3 cottages; James Bay; easy terms each..... $1,900
2 lots; Bithet street; 54x180; each. 925
Lot; Menzie street..... 950
Lot; South Turner..... 850
Several nice lots; Fernwood; each 400
2 lots; corners; Pine street, Victoria West; each..... 875
Fine 2-story residence, Quadra street..... 5,500
Business lot; Yates street, below Government..... 15,000
2 nice lots Harrison street, near Yates street..... 750
1 lot San Juan avenue, James Bay..... 550
1 lot Croft street, James Bay.... 900
25 fine lots Victoria West on line of tramway; easy terms.....

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THE BANK HAS DECIDED TO OPEN

A Savings Bank Department

in connection with their General Banking Business, and are now prepared to receive Deposits of $1 and upwards, upon which Interest will be allowed at current rates. Present rate, FOUR per cent. per annum. Deposits received for Fixed Periods, and interest allowed on terms which may be ascertained on application. The Shareholders of this Bank are by the Charter of Incorporation made liable for double the amount of capital subscribed for, an important consideration in the security afforded to depositors.

WM. C. WARD, Manager.

Victoria, 2nd January, 1891.

HUNTINGDON, B. C.,

Situated on the International Boundary Line, at the Junction of the Canadian Pacific, the Seattle, Lake Shore and Eastern, and the Bellingham Bay and British Columbia Railways,

IS NOW ON THE MARKET

A number of Lots have already been sold, on which substantial building are being erected, and a large sawmill is under construction.

HUNTINGDON will be the terminus of three railroads within the next few months and will be the distributing point for the great Sumas Prairie.

Lots from $20 upwards. For sale by F. G. Richards, jr., Dalby, Ballentyne & Claxton and Hawthornthwaite & Co. Victoria, B.C.

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Beam 22ft. 3in.
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97 JOHNSON STREET, VICTORIA.

TILL 1st MARCH NEW! 10 p.c. DISCOUNT on OVERCOATS

THE LEGISLATURE.

A DAY OF DULL ROUTINE IN THE LOCAL HOUSE.

A Number of Sundry Bills, Railways and Other Corporations up for Discussion in their Various Stages—Other General Matters of Slight Interest.

WEDNESDAY, 4th March.

The speaker took the chair at 2 p.m.

Prayers by Rev. Mr. Jenns.

The committee on private bills reported the following bills. The bill relating to the Okanagan Land and development Co., limited.

Nanaimo Electric Tramway Co.

Upper Columbia Navigation and Tramway Co.

An act to Amend the Vancouver Incorporation act 1886.

Mr. Martin introduced a bill to enable Okanagan Land and Development Co., to construct telephone lines and tramways in the towns of Enderley and Vernon.

Mr. Brown moved for copies of all correspondence between the Bishop of New Westminster and the department of lands and works, relative to a certain reserve situated in suburban block XII., in the city of New Westminster, together with copies of orders in council (if any) relating thereto, and a tracing of the part of New Westminster suburbs in which said reserve is situated, as shown on the map attached to the field-notes of the original survey of New Westminster city and suburbs, and a tracing of the said field-notes, including the said reserve. Carried.

Mr. Sword moved the following resolution: That a select committee, composed of Messrs. Fletcher, Booth, Stoddard, Semlin, and the mover, be appointed to examine and report to the House on the answer given by the honorable the chief commissioner of lands and works on Wednesday, 25th Feb., to section (e) of the question asked by Mr. Sword; and also to ascertain whether lands applied for under section 29 of the "Land Act" are placed on the assessment roll when such application is made. Carried.

Adjourned debate second reading Vancouver Water Works bill.

Mr. Sword said an agreement had been arrived at between the company and city, and there only remained the question of how long the monopoly would last.

Mr. Hunter wanted information as to the nature of the agreement.

Mr. Cotton said the wish of both parties was that the bill would go into committee with the understanding that amendments agreed between them should be put in.

The bill was read a second time, to be committed Friday.

Dr. Milne, in moving the second reading of the Graveyard Act, referred to the number of bodies exhumed by the Chinese last summer, saying that the manner in which the exhuming was conducted was unseemly and unsanitary. The act now proposed to give to the cities and municipalities which have boards of health under the "Public Health Act," power to deal and control the exhuming of dead bodies within their jurisdiction. It was certainly necessary that some provision be made in this way, as he (Dr. Milne) had seen in one day in Ross Bay cemetery no less than fourteen bodies taken up by Chinamen, no provisions being made for its proper sanitary regulation. He thought this matter should be in the hands of the Board of Health in each city or municipality, and hoped the measure would be passed. This bill provides that in municipalities it shall be unlawful to remove the remains of any dead person from the cemetery or place where any dead person may have been interred, or to exhume the bodies or remains of any dead person without the permission in writing of the municipal council, or by the direction of the coroner. In districts which are not municipalities, where a local board of health is not established, the permission in writing of the provincial secretary, or of a Government agent for the district, shall be effective in place of the permission of a local board of health.

Hon. Mr. Robson said while the Board of Health should have control the fact that a certain revenue was obtained under the act rendered it impossible that a private member should bring in a bill dealing with it.

A discussion ensued on the objection raised by the Premier.

The debate was adjourned.

SECOND READING RAILWAY BILL.

Mr. Sword said the object was to distinctly state when railways were liable for stock killed by them.

Mr. Hunter would not object to the second reading; but hoped in committee some amendments would be made to give railways some kind of protection. Second reading passed; to be committed next sitting of the house.

The house went into committee on An Act to amend the Crow's Nest and Kootenay Lake Railway Company Act, 1888," (No. 26). Mr. Kitchen in the chair.

The committee rose and reported the bill complete with amendments.

Second reading Nicola Valley Railway. Mr. Semlin said the road was to connect the rich agricultural Nicola country with the C.P.R. at Spence's bridge. The second reading was carried.

Second reading Kootenay Lake Telephone Co.

The Companies' Act report was adopted, and the bill read a third time and passed.

Committee Nelson and Fort Sheppard Railway, Mr. Cotton in the chair. Hon. Mr. Beaven moved to insert the Chinese restriction clause.—Lost. The committee rose and reported the bill complete with amendments.

Committee stock bill, Mr. Hall in the chair. The question of the power of the Province to deal with the question was again discussed, the attorney-general fearing it was ultra vires, after a fuller consideration of the question.

The committee rose, reported progress and asked leave to sit again.

Report Westminster and Vancouver Street Railway Co. Hon. Mr. Beaven moved to insert his anti-Chinese clause, which was defeated.

The report was adopted.

Report, Mechanics' Lien bill. Mr. Brown moved adoption of report.

Hon. Mr. Davie said there should be a committee appointed to find out if any wages had been lost under the present act, and if it was found to be so they could guard against it occuring again. The bill was the same as the act excepting that it left out the material man. Mr. Brown remarked he had before said this act was essentially different from the old act. The affidavit filing was simplified very much, and there were many and important other changes. Every care was taken to make the act perfect, and the attorney-general now wanted it referred to a committee that might sit for ever. It had been before the house a long time. He must give the attorney-general every credit for trying to kill the bill. The attorney-general himself in the election campaign had pledged himself to assist in the passage of any new lien act. Hon. Mr. Davie denied having done so.

Mr. Brown said a telegram to that effect, signed by Theodore Davie had been read by Mr. Cunningham on the platform in New Westminster.

Hon. Mr. Davie said that if such was the case the telegram was a forgery.

The house rose for recess at six o'clock.

NOTICE OF MOTION.

Mr. Hall, to move that the Dominion Government be asked for an efficient mail service on what is known as the Northern Coast route, by steamers of good speed and accommodation, equal to the American steamers plying to Alaska. The present requirements are: Victoria to Port Simpson, Naas river and way ports. Mails to leave Victoria on the 15th of each month, calling at Massett and Skidegate on Queen Charlotte Islands on alternate trips.

By Mr. Martin on the consideration of report on Crow's Nest and Kootenay Railway bill to move that "This act shall not come into force until such time as the Dominion Government have placed a duty on the exportation of ores from British Columbia."

Hon. Mr. Robson on Friday to introduce an act relating to placer mines.

EVENING SESSION.

For the evening session, the speaker resumed his seat at 7:20.

Mechanics Lien Bill report was adopted.

Mr. Brown moved the bill be read a third time.

Mr. Croft rose to a point of order, asking whether the report could be read a third time on the same day as the report was adopted.

After some argument the speaker ruled that the bill could be read a third time.

The bill was read a third time.

Hon. Mr. Davie moved the second reading Religious Institutions Act. He thought religious bodies should have a right to acquire what land they required, and this amendment was to give them that right.

The bill passed the second reading.

Mr. Brown moved to suspend the standing orders for the purpose of moving the third reading.

Hon. Mr. Beaven thought the bill should not be hurried through, and Mr. Brown withdrew his motion.

The bill is to be committed tomorrow.

The speaker ruled that the Graveyard Act was in order.

Mr. Milne moved the second reading, which was carried; to be committed tomorrow.

Committee Burrard, Inlet and Fraser Valley Railway, Mr. Stoddart in the chair, section 27 providing that municipalities could give the railway exemption or commutation from taxation for 21 years, came in for a good deal of criticism. The clause was finally struck out. Hon. Mr. Beaven moved to insert the Chinese clause. The amendment was lost.

The committee rose and reported the bill with amendments. To be considered.

COMMITTEE ASHCROFT AND CARIBOO RAILWAY BILL.

Mr. Rogers moved that it be referred back to committee to make some changes in regard to the initial point.

Mr. Stoddart objected as the bill had been thoroughly gone over in committee.

It was suggested that the same thing could be done by letting it go before the house, Mr. Rogers then dropped his motion.

The house went into committee of the whole on the Act to Incorporate the Chilliwack Railway. Mr. Keith in the chair.

Hon. Mr. Beaven's Chinese Amendment was put and lost.

The committee rose and reported the bill complete with amendments.

Committee Vernon and Okanagan Railway, Mr. Croft in the chair.

Hon. Mr. Beaven's Chinese clause was voted down again.

The committee rose and reported the bill complete with amendments.

Second reading Vernon and Nelson Telephone Co. carried.

Report on Bill to Incorporate Order of Oblates of Mary Immaculate. Mr. Brown moved adoption of report, which was carried and the bill was read a third time and passed.

Hon. Mr. Robson moved that the order for committal of the Ashcroft and Cariboo Railway Bill be rescinded. The bill was then in the position it was before it came up in the house to-day.

The house rose at 10:30.

What a Change

Is wrought in people who suffer from rheumatism when they take Hood's Sarsaparilla. The acidity of the blood, which causes the disease, is neutralized, the blood is purified and vitalized, the aching joints and limbs rest easily and quietly, and a feeling of serene health is imparted. Hood's Sarsaparilla has accomplished wonders for thousands subject to rheumatism. Try it yourself.

A Cure for Toothache.

Ask your druggist for Gibbons' Toothache Gum, prepared by J. A. Gibbons & Co., Toronto. Price 15 cents. oct9eod6m

FINGERS OF STEEL.

They Are to Supplant Those of the Negro in Picking Cotton.

The essential feature is three hundred and thirty fingers or spindles projecting through and from a hollow cylinder. These fingers, says the New York Sun, are ten inches long, and have at the end a brush or tip of fine wire, and set in four grooves radially is horse hair, clipped so it projects from the fingers about one-twelfth of an inch, the tip and the hairs on the side being the means of getting the cotton from the bolls. The fingers or spindles are given a whirling motion by a system of cog gear inclosed within the cylinder. Moving forward, the cylinder revolves, the fingers come in contact with the cotton, the whirling motion of the fingers entangles the cotton lint and it is picked, then carried upwards and backwards, until cleaned from the fingers by brushes, and thrown into receptacles holding sixty pounds of seed cotton.

The revolutions are so timed that the fingers which project at the spokes of a wheel strike the plant without a raking motion, for that would damage the plant. No injury comes to the leaf and boll from running the machine over the plant.

With a width of four feet, length seven feet and height of five and one-half feet, the machine, complete, weighs about twelve hundred pounds, and is of easy draught for two mules.

In the morning when the cotton was slightly damp, a gathering from one row made by the machine weighed a little more than thirty pounds; the waste, knocked on the ground by the machine, was picked up by hand and weighed five ounces. In the afternoon, with the cotton perfectly dry, the cotton picked weighed over twenty-eight pounds, and the waste picked up weighed nearly three and one-half pounds.

The time made was about five pounds a minute or three hundred pounds an hour. Allowing time, liberally, for emptying the receptacles, stopping for repairs, meals, and so on, the machine could easily work ten hours a day and would gather three thousand pounds at a total expense of not more than three dollars per day, making the total cost of the picking for each bale one dollar and fifty cents. At present prices the cost is fully sixteen dollars.

DESIRABLE SERVANTS.

Those with Afflictions Are the Most Tractable.

A lot of women were discussing the servant problem, says the New York Epoch, and one clever woman put forward an entirely new idea as the desirable requirements for a servant. "I have grown modest in late years," she said. "I no longer demand, as I used to, that my cook shall know how to cook, or that my waitress shall understand sewing—not at all. The one demand I do make in the servant who comes to me is that she shall have a grief. I advertise: 'Wanted, a cook with a grief—serviceable and warranted to last.' There's nothing that will make a woman so tractable and teachable as a grief. And, you see, a woman with an affliction doesn't want to be off nights like gay-hearted girls. She stays at home and nurses her sorrow and thinks up little things to do about the house meantime. Such a woman will accomplish a great amount of work. What kind of grief do I find most serviceable? A disappointment in love, if I treat it with deep consideration and respect, will last the longest—longer even than mourning for a dead husband. For widows, you know, are much like babies—they cry a good deal the first six months, then they begin to take notice, and they're very hard to bring through the second summer."

Stanley Books.

Stanley books are now as common as coughs and colds. To get rid of the latter use Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam, the best Canadian cough cure for children or adults. It cures by its soothing, healing and expectorant properties, every form of throat and lung trouble pulmonary complaints, etc.

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When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
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When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

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Having made extensive additions to his printing office, is now prepared to execute all kinds of Book, Job, News and Poster Printing inferior to none produced in Victoria, at low prices.
Come and See the Electric Motor.
ap17-1y

SNOWFLAKE
FLOUR
--:-- FOR FAMILY USE, --:--
IS THE BEST.
Ask your Grocer for it. Have no Other.
Manufactured by
ISOM LANNING & CO.,
ALBANY, OREGON.

For Xmas and New Year's PRESENTS.
Hyacinth Glasses in great variety and highly ornamental designs.
Fancy Flower Pots.
Flowering Plants and Cut Flowers.
Also Holly for decorating.
G. A. M'TAVISH,
Nurseryman,
Seedsman - and - Florist,
PARK ROAD.

BRITISH COLUMBIA
LAND AND INVESTMENT
AGENCY
(Limited.
THOMAS ALLSOP, HENRY S. MASON, CUYLER A. HOLLAND, } DIRECTORS.
HEAD OFFICE:
15 Sergeant's Inn, Fleet Street, London, Eng.
The business of ALLSOP & MASON has been merged in the above company and will be carried on by the Company as a general Land and Investment and Insurance Agency.

Money to Loan on Mortgage
AT LOW RATES.
TOWN LOTS AND FARMING LANDS
For Sale on Easy Terms.
FRANK B. FENWICK,
TENOR VOCALIST.
Organist & Choirmaster St. Andrew's Church.
VOCAL TEACHER ANGELA COLLEGE.
TEACHER OF
Vocal, Instrumental and Musical Theory.
VOICE CULTURE A SPECIALTY.
TERMS MODERATE.
Residence, 142 Menzies Street, Victoria.
P. O. Box 448. ma7-tf

LAND NOTICES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT 30 days after date I intend to apply to Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to lease the following described timber land in Renfrew District:—Commencing at a post about ¾ of a mile west of Point No Point; thence north 60 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence south about 60 chains to the beach; thence easterly along the shore 80 chains to point of commencement.
WM. P. SAYWARD.
Victoria 16th Feb. 1891. fe24-1m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT 30 days after date I intend to apply to the Honorable Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to lease the following pieces of land, situated in Renfrew District, described as follows:—
No. 1. Commencing at a post on the western line of the E. & N. Railway lands; thence west 30 chains; thence south 60 chains, more or less, to the beach; thence easterly 30 chains; thence north 60 chains, more or less, to point of commencement.
No. 2. Commencing at a post on the beach about 30 chains west of Coal Creek; thence north 120 chains; thence west 100 chains; thence south 100 chains; thence east 100 chains to the eastern boundary line; all for timber.
WM. P. SAYWARD.
Victoria, Feb. 16, 1891. fe24-1m

"LAND REGISTRY ACT."

An Undivided fifth of Suburban Lot No. xxxviii also Subdivision Lot No. 15 on Suburban Lot xlv and xxxvii, and Sections lxi and lxii Esquimalt District.

CERTIFICATES OF INDEFEASIBLE title to the above property will be issued to Thomas Atkins on the 16th day of April, 1891, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to the Registrar-General, in writing, by some person claiming an estate, or interest in said property or some part thereof.
C. J. LAGGATT,
Registrar-General.
Land Registry office,
Victoria, 5th Jan., 1891. jan. 8-3m

UNDERTAKERS.

CHAS. HAYWARD,
ESTABLISHED 1867,
FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER,
52 Government St., Victoria.

THOS. STOREY
Funeral Director & Embalmer
jan2 42 & 44 Gov't St., Victoria. 1y

ENGLISH
K
BOOTS
—AT—
ERSKINE'S
BOOT & SHOE
EMPORIUM.
132 Government St., cor. Johnson

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT APPLICATION will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia for an Act to incorporate a company to construct, maintain and operate a line of railway from the City of Victoria to Becher Bay, and to construct, maintain and operate a telegraphic line in connection with the said railway, and for all necessary rights, powers and privileges.
CHARLES WILSON,
Solicitor for Applicants.
fe24w

NOTICE

I HAVE this day transferred my business of Furniture Manufacturer, and Importer of House Furnishing Good, to my sons, who will continue to carry on the business under the firm name of Weiler Bros. All accounts due to me are to be paid to them, and all accounts against me will be paid by the new firm. Thanking all my customers and the public in general for their liberal patronage in the past, I bespeak for the new firm a continuance of the same.
JOHN WEILER.
Victoria, B. C., January 31st, 1891.

NOTICE—PARTNERSHIP.

We, the undersigned, have this day taken over the business of John Weiler, and will continue to carry on the same under the firm name of Weiler Bros. All accounts due to the late firm must be paid to us, and we will pay all accounts owing by the late firm.
GEORGE PHILLIP WEILER.
CHARLES WEILER.
OTTO WEILER.
JOSEPH WILLIAM WEILER.
Victoria, B. C., January 31, 1891. fe3

NOTICE

TAKE NOTICE THAT I, ELLEN JOHNson, now carrying on business at the New York Restaurant, Yates street, Victoria city, widow, intend to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners in and for the said city, for a license to sell wines, spirits, beer and other fermented liquors by retail at the brick building premises situated on the South side of Yates street aforesaid and known as 67 and 69 Yates street, Victoria city. The said building and premises to be opened by me as an hotel and restaurant.
MRS. ELLEN JOHNSON.
Dated Feb. 5, 1891. fe6-1m

THE PEERLESS THE CHAMPION
Weather Strips
Applied to doors and windows.
They stop the drafts.
They save the fuel.
They preserve the furniture.
They protect the health.
Sold and fitted by
J. P. BURGESS,
No. 10 Broughton St.
oct-1m

GARESCHE, GREEN & CO.,
BANKERS,
Government Street, Victoria, B.C.
Deposits received in gold, silver and U. S. currency.
Interest paid on the same on time deposits.
Gold dust and U. S. currency purchased at highest market rates.
Sight Drafts and Telegraphic Transfers to San Francisco, New York and Canada.
Exchange on London, available in all parts of Europe, England, Ireland and Scotland.
Issuers of Circular Notes, payable in any part of the United States, Canada and Europe.
Agents for Wells, Fargo & Co.

WANTS.

ADVERTISEMENTS of To Let, Wanted Etc., under these heads, four lines or under 50 cents for two insertions and 25 cents each additional insertion. Cash to accompany order.

WANTED—In Victoria West music pupils by English lady; certificated and experienced. Address S. TIMES office. mn5-3t

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—Fifteen to twenty girls, must be good machinists to work on shirts, clothing, etc. Machines are run by power; no foot work. Apply T. B. Pearson & Co., 30 Yates street. ma5-1w

WANTED—New houses, &c., to clean, by day or by contract. Address B. TIMES Office. mar5-2w

WANTED—A good cook (young male) from the East Indies desires an engagement in a private family or restaurant. Best references. Apply I. F. care of this office. mar5-3t

WANTED—A good Life Assurance canvasser. Address Insurance Agent, TIMES Office. mar4-3t

WANTED—Immediately a first class cook; woman preferred. Apply at Jubilee Hospital. ma2-tf

WANTED—By an American lady, age 22 years, a situation in British Columbia as governess to take charge of children under 12. First class Victorian reference. Address X. Y. TIMES Office. dw-feb26-tf

TO LET.

TO LET—A comfortable home in a private family for a gentleman; house pleasantly situated on car line; 5 minutes walk from Post Office; terms moderate. Address F.P. TIMES office. ma5-1t

TO LET—One or two rooms and kitchen; all well furnished. 63 Superior street, James Bay, cars pass the door. ma4-tf

TO LEASE—For a term of years that part of Strawberry Vale Farm fronting on the Arm; containing 117½ acres, suitable for a market garden, milk ranch or a gentleman's suburban residence; splendid boating, bathing, fishing and shooting facilities. Apply to John J. Russell, P.O. Box 302, Victoria. fe27-tf

TO LET—Two new cabins and a small house; also small house and lot for sale. Apply to T. W. Paterson, 32 Pioneer street. fe26-tf

TO LET—Furnished room for gentleman. Bath, hot and cold water. Handy to town. Terms moderate. Address G. H. K. TIMES Office. feb16-tf

TO LET—Offices and rooms Turner Block. Crane, McGregor & Boggs, 30 Broad street. fe12 1m

TO LET—Two or three furnished bedrooms in a private family in James Bay; quite near the tramway. Address box 245, G.P.O., Victoria, B.C. fe12-tf

TO LET—House with 7 rooms and bath; rent $25 a month. Enquire of J. A. Lawrence, No. 46 Government street. jan27-tf

TO LET—New and nicely furnished rooms with or without fire, by day, week or month. Apply 53 Yates street. no28-tf

TO LET.—After July 1st, the handsome residence Maplehurst, 159 Blanchard street, unfurnished. Apply C. W. Rhodes. ap18-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Fine lot of thoroughbred cockerels consisting of black minorcas, plymouth rocks, white leghorns, laced Wyandottes, black Langshans, light brahmas, and white cochins fine stock, must be sold to make room, price $2.50 each. Address G. L. Milne, 36 Douglas st. Victoria, B. C. mar4tf

FOR SALE—Eggs for setting from pure bred Plymouth Rock chickens; also a few hens for sale. Address T. Whitwell, 23 Parkington street, city. mar2-1m

FOR SALE—A new fishing boat. Enquire at the San Francisco restaurant, 66 Johnson street. mar2-1w

FOR SALE—Cheap; a good hotel business. Address "Hotel TIMES office. fe5-tf

FOR SALE—Cheap; a five roomed house and lot 60x140. Apply on the premises, 19 Pioneer street or 95 Yates street. ja24-tf

FOR SALE—New 7-roomed houses; bath, hot and cold water; all modern conveniences. Apply J. Holland, city. de8-tf

BOARD.

VACANCIES—For a few boarders. Apply to No. 8 Humboldt street; 3 minutes walk from Post Office. fe9-1m

CIVIL ENGINEERS, Etc.

C. W. BUSK,
Assoc. M. Inst. C.E., M. Soc. C.E.
MINING AND GENERAL SURVEYOR AND CIVIL ENGINEER.
Plans and estimates furnished, reports prepared, works undertaken, and contracts superintended for all kinds of Engineering or Surveying work in the south part of the West Kootenay District.
Address, P. O. Box 348, Victoria, B. C., or Nelson, Kootenay Lake B. C. fe28

G. HARGREAVES,
CIVIL ENGINEER, LAND SURVEYOR AND ARCHITECT.
Plans, specifications and estimates furnished for buildings. S. E. corner of Government and Fort streets, upstairs, Victoria, B. C.

GRAY & DEVEREUX,
CIVIL ENGINEERS
And Railway, Land and Mine Surveyors. Plans, specifications and estimates of structures and excavations prepared for contractors. Surveys taken by contract in all parts of the province and Washington. Timber limits located. Office—Room "C," White House (upstairs), Government street. P.O. Box 338.
Branch office in Seattle. feb7-6m

SOCIETIES.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS.
Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Forester's Hall, Government street.
Visiting brothers are invited.
fe13 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE,
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Pandora streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
jy8 d. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH
Chapter, No. 120, G.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions cordially invited.
R. LANGLEY,
1-19 Scribe E.

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1, K. of P.
Regular convention every Friday evening at Foresters' Hall, Government street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend.
E. PFERDNER,
octr K. of R. & S.

ST. AND W'S & CALEDONIAN
Societies meet in their hall, corner Langley and Yates streets, on the first Friday in every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join.
J. M. MURDOCH, Secretary.

ARCHITECTS.

T. B. NORGATE & CO.,
ARCHITECTS, ENGINEERS AND (PATENT AGENTS.
Sketches, Plans, Elevations, Specifications etc., prepared. Office, Moody's Block, 76 Yates street, Victoria B. C. my29tf

EDWD. McCONNARIE
ARCHITECT AND BUILDING SUPERINTENDENT.
Belmont Co. Block, Yates street, Victoria, B. C. P.O. box 41. se25-tf

HOOPER & GODDARD
ARCHITECTS,
Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government Street. 15-tf

P. H. DONOVAN,
ARCHITECT.
Office, Craft & Norris Block, Douglas street. Plans and specifications furnished on the shortest notice. apl7

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT.
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad and Trounce

EDUCATIONAL.

SCHOOLS OF PRACTICAL, CIVIL, MECHANICAL, Mining Engineering, Surveying, Draughting, Architecture, Assaying and Navigation, 1709 Second street, Portland, Or., and 723 Market street, San Francisco, Cal. Established 1864. A. VANDER NAILLEN, Pres. Send for circular. sept5-1yr

INSURANCE.

THE NORWICH UNION
FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY,
Established 1797. Amount insured $200,000,000.
H. D. HELMCKEN, Agent,
ation street, Victoria, B. C. jan8-1y

FINANCIAL.

A HOME PAID FOR
and mortgages and debts liquidated BY LIFE ASSURANCE.
Full particulars may be obtained by letter or on personal application to
J. H. BROWNLEE,
District Manager, Equitable Life,
Telephone No. 179. ja30 42 Fort st.

PHYSICIANS.

DR. ERNEST HALL,
ROYAL COLLEGE PHYSICIANS EDINBURGH.
Graduate in eye, Philadelphia, late Assistant Central London Throat and Ear Hospital. Office, corner Yates and Douglas streets. Hours, 10 to 4. Residence, corner Fort and Quadra. Hours 6 to 7:30. feb26-tf

HOMŒOPATHY
DR. JOHN HALL
98 Yates street, over Cochrane and Munn's Drug Store.
CHRONIC AND CHILDREN'S DISEASES A SPECIALTY.
Office hours, from 1 to 4 p.m only excepting Sundays and holidays.

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN
CITY SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders and prices reasonable.
Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets.
Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. ju18

JOHN DOHERTY
GENERAL SCAVENGER!
Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, or George Doughty, corner Fort and Blanchard streets, will be promptly attended to. Coal and wood for sale. aug29-1y

MISCELLANEOUS.

QUEEN'S MARKET.
L. GOODACRE,
Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher, Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS.
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 126

JOHN J. AUSTIN,
NOTARY PUBLIC.
Real Estate and General Agent. Loans negotiated. Town and Country Property for sale. Office Government street Victoria. P.O. Box 30.

DALBY, BALLENTYNE & CLAXTON'S
SPECIAL COLUMN

CITY REAL ESTATE.

$500—Belmont Avenue (Fernwood) high situation; one lot.

$850—Rithet street; lot 57ft. 6in.x130.

$500—David street (Work Estate); ½ lot 30 x 129.

$900—South Turner street; 52x112.

$1000—Henry street; (Work estate); lot 60 x 120.

$1400—Pandora street; near Cook street; lot 60x120.

$1500—Facing Beacon Hill Park; 2 good lots.

$1600—Corner lot 80x130 on Toronto street.

$2100—Fernwood Road; 100x150; 3 lots.

$3000—Simcoe street; 3 lots.

$8500—Belcher street; 5 acres; handsome residential site.

$10000—Government street; two lots near gas works.

TO LET.

$15—Offices in the Belmont Block.

$18—Johnson street; six roomed cottage.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

$275—Burnside road; one good lots 62ft. 6in.x113ft.

$400—Richmond Road; lot 60x130.

$400—Burnside road; ¼ of an acre; $50 cash; balance monthly payments within two years; all cleared and no rock or swamp.

$400—Burnside Road; corner lot on 60ft. street.

$700—Gorge road; ½ acre; $75 cash; balance monthly payments within two years; a fine building site.

$1950—Lake Hill Estate; 6 acres; in good location.

$2500—Constance Cove; four good water lots.

HOUSES FOR SALE.

$2200—Green street; 2 storey house; 8 rooms

$2500—Pandora street; new cottage; 7 rooms; can be completed to suit purchaser; easy terms.

$3000—Third street, Work Estate; two storey house, 10 rooms.

$5500—Quadra street; 7 rooms; 60 ft. lot.

FARMS.

15—Acres, Cowichan road (chicken ranch); $4300.

20—Acres; Cedar Hill Road; house, orchard, etc.; $5500.

100—Acres, Esquimalt District; $30 per acre

100—Acres Victoria District; $125 per acre.

500—Acres Westminster District; $40 per acre.

200—Acres Lake District; $250 per acre.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.

THE HALL OF THE ABOVE SOCIETY IN Mesnes' Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of members and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms. fe5-tf

Merchants Luncheon.
From 11:30 until 2 o'clock and Lunch Free at the Bank Exchange.

THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the
Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited,
At No. 37 Yates street, near Government, Victoria, B. C.

SUBSCRIPTION:
Delivered by carrier in any part of the city, per week ..... 25 cts.
By mail to any part of the world, per year $10.00

THE WEEKLY TIMES

Is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States, or Great Britain for $2.00 per annum, paid in advance.

DAILY ADVERTISING RATES:

MERCANTILE AND GENERAL BUSINESS ADVERTISEMENTS, inserted for a definite period of time will be charged for at the following rates:

One week	15 cts per line
Two weeks	25 " "
One month	50 " "
Three months	75 " "
Six months	$1.50 " "
One year	2 75 " "

CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS, such as To Let, Wanted, etc., etc., four lines or under, 25 cents for each insertion, and pro rata for more space or longer time.

A "line" is a nonpareil line, similar to this type, twelve of which occupy one inch of space.

NOTICES of Births, $1.00; Marriages, $1.50; Deaths, $1.50; Deaths with funeral announcements, $2.00.

SPECIAL NOTICES, set in brevier (the type used for general reading) and placed in reading columns, 25 cents a line for first insertion, and 12½ cents each subsequent insertion. Set in nonpareil type (this size) and placed under the heading of "Special Notices," 12½ cents for first insertion, and 6 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Theatrical notices, legal advertisements, political announcements, and all advertisements of a special class, and not included in the above, 10 cents a line first insertion, and 5 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out.

Address
THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY,
WM. TEMPLEMAN Manager

ANOTHER REASON WHY MESSRS. PRIOR AND EARLE SHOULD REMAIN AT HOME.

What the result of to-day's election will be no man may safely venture to predict, although it seems to be morally certain that at the worst the Liberals will so increase their minority as to virtually deprive the "Old Man" of his claws. With only nine majority as the Toronto Telegram has predicted, Sir JOHN, if not exactly as sweet scented, may compare himself to the rose between two thorns, or to carry out the idea further, the "Old Man" in the event of a reduced majority, will find in the red parlor and the powerful Liberal minority, two thorns in the flesh. If he ventures to suggest an expansive trade policy he will call down upon his head the curses of the bloated bondholders, while if he shows an unmistakable intention of sticking to these gentry to the bitter end, a turmoil will eventuate which sooner or later must prove his political destruction. But the feature at this juncture to which we would call attention is this: Would not Messrs. PRIOR and EARLE feel like cats in a strange garret should the Liberals carry the day in the east as there is every probability they will? What a pretty figure these agents of the combinsters would cut in a house in which Liberals predominated. And would not British Columbia feel ashamed of herself for sending to Ottawa a solid contingent of N. P. fakers, men who could not say that they were identified with the Dominion's great movement in the direction of unrestricted trade? To save the province the humiliation of such a thing, and to prevent Messrs. PRIOR and EARLE from going down to posterity as a brace of reactionists and monopoly lovers, we suggest that the electors vote that these misguided patriots remain at home. Save me from my friends, many a man has been compelled to cry. In view of impending results these gentleman might well utter this sentiment, and their friends should accommodate them.

MENDACIOUS TO THE LAST.

The Colonist this morning, as we expected would be the case, is as full of campaign lies as it could well be without issuing a supplement. If the lies were plausible; if they were decent, well told lies that would deceive any but the most unwary, we should feel for the Colonist the pride which is experienced by the profession for the exploits of their contemporaries of the same guild. But the lies of the Colonist are shallow, transparent lies, the lies of the hired liar. What are these lies? These lies are that it undertakes to make the Liberal party responsible for the doings of a mercenary writer like Farrer, and for the expressions of a man like Wiman, who, with a million of other Canadians, sought in the States the livelihood which the Tory policy denied him in Canada. Messrs. Templeman and Marchant utterly repudiate Messrs. Farrer and Wiman as Liberals. These men are annexationists, just what the Tories were until they discovered in protection a simple but effective method of brigandage. The Liberals are no more responsible for the sayings and doings of Messrs. Farrer and Wiman than is Col. Prior responsible for the "Pacific scandal." But we have no need to further pass on the unscrupulous methods of the Colonist. The Colonist's reputation for bace-faced mendacity is so well known in this city that, like the boy who cried wolf, its assertions are no longer heeded. In view of the fact that the Tories in 1849 declared for annexation, and particularly since within quite a recent period they enunciated the beautiful and loyal sentiment, "SO MUCH THE WORSE FOR BRITISH CONNECTION," the cartoon representing Liberal leaders "laying out the Grit plan of campaign," suggests that a SHORT MEMORY is as prominent a feature of the Tory make up as is MONOPOLY and CHINESE CHEAP LABOR. As has been frequently stated in these columns the Tory plan of campaign is represented by fraud, and mendacity. "The laying out of the Grit campaign" proves it. When the Liberals shall have issued an annexation manifesto the opportunity will have arrived for the pot to call the kettle black. Until, however, the Liberals specifically declare for annexation the Tories will do well not to paint their opponents as black as themselves.

HE WORKED AGAINST CANADA.

One of the men now howling against unrestricted reciprocity and accusing the Canadian Reformers of disloyalty is Sir JOHN THOMPSON, minister of justice. And who is Sir JOHN THOMPSON? He is the man who in 1878 accepted a retainer from the United States government to argue against Canada before the Halifax Fisheries commission. He took the shilling from the Yankees to fight against our country! He sold his services to the Washington government for a few paltry dollars, and tried to make out that the Canadian fisheries were worth nothing. And now this mercenary hypocrite seeks to pose as a loyalist and to accuse better men than himself of "treason" and disloyalty to Canada. He is a worthy follower of the man who helped heist the Stars and Stripes over the Kingston city hall. Fortunately the arguments of Canada's Liberal counsel, Messrs. Davies, Doutre, Wetherbie and others on behalf of the Dominion were more powerful than Sir JOHN THOMPSON'S efforts on behalf of the Yankees, and hence Canada secured an award of $5,500,000 in her favor from the Halifax commission. But the fact remains that our ultra loyal minister of justice accepted American gold to plead against his country's cause before an international tribunal, just as he is now pleading the cause of combinesters and monopolists against the cause of the Canadian people. Away with the traitor.

PALPABLY FRAUDULENT.

The cartoon on the first page of the Colonist, representing Sir JOHN borne aloft on the shoulders of two workingmen only lack this much of being perfect. Sir JOHN should have been represented as the OLD MAN OF THE SEA, an old gentleman every reader of the "Arabian Nights" is familiar with. What is the record of Sir JOHN as the workingman's friend? It is this:—He would not consent to the imposition of the per capita tax on the Chinese until the Canadian Pacific railway should have been built, and only then did he consent to it as the alternative of losing the political support of British Columbia. Sir JOHN represented as the friend of the workingman is as incongruous, and as far from the truth as would be JAY GOULD represented as Master Workman of the Knights of Labor. It is as much a matter of surprise as of amusement that the Colonist should depict Sir JOHN as the workingman's friend. That Sir JOHN should permit himself to be pictured thus, and that the Colonist should lend itself to the deception indicates beyond a doubt that in point of trying to carry this election by fraud, both have been tarred with the same stick.

THE MORNING PUCK.
(A FAR WAY OFF.)

"Hunting for a policy" is the subject of another cartoon in our morning contemporary. The inappropriateness of this cartoon, is, if such a thing was possible, more pronounced than that of Sir JOHN as the friend of labor. The policy of the Liberals is not of the microscopic kind, else how comes it that the Tories have raised such a tumult over it. If the Liberal policy is difficult to find, how shall we account for Col. PRIOR'S trepidation, the Union Jack in the Colonist and the ravings of our amiable townsman Dr. HELMCKEN? The Tories are not only thick skinned but thick witted, or they would not insult the common sense of the electors of this city with cartoons which have neither point nor relevance to recommend them.

RASH—PERHAPS.

The saying, "Never prophecy unless you know," is sound advice. We are not in a mood, however, to heed advice of this sort. The mantle of WIGGINS has fallen upon us, and we fain would prophecy whether we hit the mark or not. To proceed, we shall say, that unless Sir JOHN sweeps the country his victory will prove barren as enabling him to effect the grand consummation of his policy. By this we mean that unless his majority very nearly reaches what it was when he dissolved the House, he will either have to adopt the policy of the Liberals (a variety of theft he is quite capable of), or next fall again dissolve the House, and shake the Union Jack in the faces of the people. Contingencies may arise which may enable him to escape either horn of the dilemma; but allowing no interruptions of an adventitious sort, the overplus of material on the hands of the producers will necessarily set them to agitating for a wider market. So again will the House be dissolved, and so again will the issues of this campaign have to be argued over again. But in the event of the Liberals winning, what then? In such an event we see no reason why parliament should not last throughout its constitutional tenure of existence. Small as the Liberal majority may be at the outset it will attract to it as the pustrude of the Liberal policy is unfolded all but the dyed in the wool Tories, a by no means desirable element. Perhaps in all this, having forebodings as to the result of the election both general and local, the wish is father to the thought. Be that as it may, however, we have prophesied. It must now be left to time to prove us either a true or false prophet.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The Colonist's *bete noir*, JOHN GRANT, spoke for the first time last night on the issues of the hour, and as usual when he essays to do anything, he spoke well. Mayor Grant alluded pointedly to the attitude of the government in relation to the voter's lists, and deplored the spirit in men who, for a purely selfish purpose, had connived, at the disfranchisement of 120,000 Canadian citizens. And in respect of the failure of the government to do its duty by the citizens of Canada, Mayor GRANT held that Col. PRIOR was as deep in the mud as the government was in the mire. He, the Colonel, had opposed all amendments to accelerate and facilitate the registration of voters. This itself was enough to condemn the Colonel and the government in the eyes of reasonable men. Were workingmen prepared to support a government which deliberately and with malice aforethought had disfranchised them?

The TIMES is the recipient of evidence of the most unqualified character to the effect that employers are "bull dozing" and otherwise intimidating their employes as to whom they should vote for. It would be needless to mention names. It is sufficient to say that the "bull dozers" and intimidators are all Tories. We would say to the workingman, don't be "bull dozed." The ballot is secret. By no means in the world can the Tory employer tell for whom his employe has voted. Further, if it should so happen that anyone should lose his job on account of his political leanings the TIMES will not only undertake to find him employment but will "roast" the guilty employer until he shall sigh for the shades infernal regions as a cool refreshing spot. There shall be no "bull dozing" if the TIMES can help it. The TIMES means what it says in respect to the scorching that it will give "bull dozers" if the crime can be clearly established against them.

The workingmen have a straight issue before them, namely, shall Canada have broader trade relations with the States and with the world, or not? This is the issue, neither more nor less; except, perhaps, the Chinese question, which, as a matter of fact, is a standing issue and will continue to be so, so long as there are Chinese to be employed by salmon canners and railways. Loyalty we want to impress on workingman, is a false issue, a "fake" employed by monopolists and Chinese lovers to divide the working classes. No workingman can afford to cast a ballot for the Colonel and Chinese employer, EARLE. The workingman who does so, votes against his own interest. The Chinese question is a no new question with the TIMES, nor is the TIMES opposing the Tory candidates because Messrs. TEMPLEMAN and MARCHANT are in the field. What the TIMES advises, therefore, may be assumed to be fairly disinterested. Vote then, workingmen, as your interests demand. Do not let the hypocritical cry of disloyalty influence you to support two men who have only sat in parliament to wear out the seats of their breeches.

WHARF AND WAVE.

Jottings of Interest to Marine Men Concisely Compiled.

The owners of the Saturna state that the report is incorrect that when young Hall was drowned no proper life saving apparatus was aboard.

The new fare from Seattle to Port Townsend on the steamers controlled by the association went into effect on Monday. The new tariff is $1.50.

The steamer Batavia is expected to arrive at Vancouver about Saturday or Sunday. After discharging her cargo she will proceed to Portland to load flour for Hong Kong.

The City of Seattle is to be placed on the ways at Seattle to have her machinery overhauled. It is a question if, after she again comes out, she will return to the Whatcom route.

A new boat for Capt. Rogers, to ply between Westminster and Nanaimo, will be built at McAlphine's yard, False Creek. Work on her will be started tomorrow. She is to be 150 feet on the keel, and twin screw.

The little steamer Nellie Taylor, recently purchased by parties at Howe Sound, has been lost. She was lying at anchor with no one on board, and fouling her ground tackle, lifted it and drifted out to sea. Since then she has not been heard of.

Suggestion Adopted.

The suggestion thrown out by the TIMES some days ago that the old water trough at the corner of Yates and Wharf streets needed renewal, has been acted upon by the proper authorities, and to-day a brand new trough was put up in place of the old wreck which has latterly disfigured the corner mentioned. No doubt the thirsty animals that slake their thirst at the new trough will appreciate the change.

Knights of Labor.

The Knights of Labor aim to protect their members against financial difficulties, etc., Hagyard's Yellow Oil protects all who use it from the effects of cold and exposure, such as rheumatism, neuralgia, lumbago, sore throat and all inflammatory pain. Nothing compares with it as a handy pain cure for man and beast.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

PLAGUE OF GAMBLING.

FIRST OF A SERIES OF SPECIAL SERMONS BY DR. TALMAGE.

They Are Directed Especially at the Three Cities in One (New York, Brooklyn and Jersey City), but They Will Fit in Many Other Places.

NEW YORK, Feb. 22.—A decided sensation was produced in this city and in Brooklyn today by Dr. Talmage's announcement of a series of sermons which he proposes to preach on "The Ten Plagues of These Three Cities." In this sermon, which is the first of the series, he pays his attention to the prevalent curse of gambling. He preached it in the Academy of Music in Brooklyn in the morning, and again this evening at The Christian Herald service in this city. His text was taken from Ex. ix, 13, 14: "Let my people go that they may serve me; for I will at this time send all my plagues."

Last winter, in the museum at Cairo, Egypt, I saw the mummy or embalmed body of Pharaoh, the oppressor of the ancient Israelites. Visible are the very teeth that he gnashed against the Israelitish brickmakers, the sockets of the merciless eyes with which he looked upon the overburdened people of God, the hair that floated in the breeze off the Red Sea, the very lips with which he commanded them to make bricks without straw. Thousands of years after, when the wrappings of the mummy were unrolled, old Pharaoh lifted up his arm as if in imploration, but his skinny bones cannot again clutch his shattered scepter. It was to compel that tyrant to let the oppressed go free that the memorable ten plagues were sent. Sailing the Nile and walking amid the ruins of Egyptian cities, I saw no remains of those plagues that smote the water or the air. None of the frogs croaked in the one, none of the locusts sounded their rattle in the other, and the cattle bore no sign of the murrain, and through the starry nights hovering about the pyramids no destroying angel swept his wing. But there are ten plagues still stinging and befouling and cursing our cities, and like angels of wrath smiting not only the first born but the last born.

THREE CITIES IN ONE.

Brooklyn, New York and Jersey City, though called three, are practically one. The bridge already fastening two of them together will be followed by other bridges and by tunnels from both New Jersey and Long Island shores, until what is true now will, as the years go by, become more emphatically true. The average condition of public morals in this cluster of cities is as good if not better than in any other part of the world. Pride of city is natural to men in all times, if they live or have lived in a metropolis noted for dignity or prowess. Cæsar boasted of his native Rome, Lycurgus of Sparta, Virgil of Andes, Demosthenes of Athens, Archimedes of Syracuse, and Paul of Tarsus. I should suspect a man of base heartedness who carried about with him no feeling of complacency in regard to the place of his residence; who gloried not in its arts or arms or behavior; who looked with no exultation upon its evidences of prosperity, its artistic embellishments and its scientific attainments.

I have noticed that men never like a place where they have not behaved well. Men who have free rides in prison vans never like the city that furnishes the vehicle. When I see in history Argos, Rhodes, Smyrna, Chios, Colophon and several other cities claiming Homer, I conclude that Homer behaved well. Let us not war against this pride of city, nor expect to build up ourselves by pulling others down. Let Boston have its commons, its Faneuil hall and its magnificent scientific and educational institutions. Let Philadelphia talk about its mint, and Independence hall, and Girard college, and its old families, as virtuous as venerable. When I find a man living in one of those places who has nothing to say in favor of them I feel like asking him, "What mean thing did you do that you do not like your native city?" New York is a goodly city, and when I say that I mean the region between Spuyten Duyvil creek and Jamaica in one direction and Newark flats in the other direction. That which tends to elevate a part elevates all. That which blasts part blasts all. Sin is a giant, and he comes to the Hudson or Connecticut river and passes it as easily as we step across a figure in the carpet. The blessing of God is an angel, and when it stretches out its two wings one of them hovers over that and the other over this.

THE GREAT CITY OF NEW YORK.

In infancy the great metropolis was laid down by the banks of the Hudson. Its infancy was as feeble as that of Moses sleeping in the bulrushes by the Nile; and, like Miriam, there our fathers stood and watched it. The royal spirit of American commerce came down to the water to bathe, and there she found it. She took it in her arms, and the child grew and waxed strong, and the ships of foreign lands brought gold and spices to its feet, and stretching itself up into the proportions of a metropolis, it has looked far into the mountains and off upon the sea—the mightiest of the energies of American civilization. The character of the founder of a city will be seen for many years in its inhabitants. Romulus impressed his life upon Rome. The Pilgrims relaxed not their hold upon the cities of New England. William Penn has left Philadelphia an inheritance of integrity and fair dealing, and on any day in that city you may see in the manners, customs and principles of its people his tastes, his coat, his hat, his wife's bonnet and his plain meeting house. The Hollanders still wield an influence over New York.

Grand old New York! What southern thoroughfare was ever smitten by pestilence, when our physicians did not throw themselves upon the sacrifice! What distant land has cried out in the agony of famine, and our ships have not put out with breadstuffs! What street of Damascus or Beyrout or Madras that has not heard the step of our missionaries! What struggle for national life in which our citizens have not poured their blood into the trenches! What gallery of exquisite art in which our painters have not hung their pictures! What department of literature or science to which our scholars have not contributed! I need not speak of our public schools, where the children of the cordwainer and milkman and glassblower stand by the side of the flattered sons of merchant princes; or of the insane asylums on all those islands where they who went cutting themselves, among the tombs, now sit, clothed and in their right mind; or of the Magdalene asylums, where the lost one of the street comes to bathe the Saviour's feet with her tears, and wipe them with the hairs of her head—confiding in the pardon of him who said: "Let him who is without sin cast the first stone at her." I need not speak of the institutions for the blind, the lame, the deaf and the mute, for the incurables, the widows, the orphans, and the outcast; or of the thousand armed machinery that sends streams down from the reservoirs the clear, spirit sparkling, God given water that rushes

ough our aqueducts, and dashes out of hydrants, and tosses up in our fountains, and hisses in our steam engines, and owers out the conflagration, and inkles from the baptismal font of our urches; and with silver note, and golden ckle, and crystalline chime, says to hundreds of thousands of our population, in authentic words of him who said: "I ill be thou clean!"

THE CURSE OF GAMBLING.

All this I premise in opening this course sermons on the ten plagues of these ree cities, lest some stupid man might I am deprecating the place of my sidence. I speak to you today concerning the plague of gambling. Every man d woman in this house ought to be interested in this theme.

Some years ago, when an association for suppression of gambling was organized, an agent of the association came to a ominent citizen and asked him to patron- the society. He said, "No, I can have interest in such an organization. I am no wise affected by that evil." At that y time his son, who was his partner in siness, was one of the heaviest players in arne's famous gambling establishment. nother refused his patronage on the same ound, not knowing that his first bookeeper, though receiving a salary of only housand dollars, was losing from fifty to e hundred dollars per night. The presient of a railroad company refused to tronize the institution, saying, "That ciety is good for the defense of merchts, but we railroad people are not inred by this evil;" not knowing that, at ery time, two of his conductors were ending three nights of each week at faro bles in New York. Directly or indirectly, is evil strikes at the whole world.

Gambling is the risking of something ore or less valuable in the hope of winng more than you hazard. The instruents of gaming may differ but the prinple is the same. The shuffling and deal cards, however full of temptation, is gambling, unless stakes are put up; ile, on the other hand, gambling may carried on without cards or dice, or billrds or a ten-pin alley. The man who ts on horses, on elections, on battles— e man who deals in "fancy" stocks, or nducts a business which hazards extra pital, or goes into transactions without undation, but dependent upon what men ll "luck," is a gambler. Whatever you pect to get from your neighbor without ering an equivalent in money or time or ill is either the product of theft or gamg. Lottery tickets and lottery policies me into the same category. Fairs for e founding of hospitals, schools and urches, conducted on the raffling system, me under the same denomination. Do t, therefore, associate gambling necesrily with any instrument, or game, or me or place, or think the principle deends upon whether you play for a glass of ine or one hundred shares of railroad ock. Whether you patronize "auction ools," "French mutuals," or "book-makg," whether you employ faro or billiards, ondo and keno, cards or bagatelle, the ry idea of the thing is dishonest, for it rofesses to bestow upon you a good for hich you give no equivalent.

TEN "HONEST" GAMBLING HOUSES.

It is estimated that every day in Christndom eighty million dollars pass from and to hand through gambling practices, d every year in Christendom one hunred and twenty-three billion one hundred illion dollars change hands in that way. here are in this cluster of cities about ght hundred confessed gambling establishments. There are about three thousand ve hundred professional gamblers. Out f the eight hundred gambling establishents, how many of them do you suppose rofess to be honest? Ten. These ten proess to be honest because they are merely e ante-chamber to the seven hundred d ninety that are acknowledged fraudlent. There are first class gambling eablishments. You go up the marble airs. You ring the bell. The liveried rvant introduces you. The walls are avender tinted. The mantels are of Verhont marble. The pictures are "Jephah's Daughter" and Dore's "Dante's and irgil's Frozen Region of Hell"—a most ppropriate selection, this last, for the lace. There is the roulette table, the nest, the costliest, most exquisite piece of rniture in the United States. There is he banqueting room, where, free of harge to the guests, you may find the late and viands and wines and cigars umptuous beyond parallel.

Then you come to the second class gamling establishment. To it you are introuced by a card through some "roper-in." Having entered, you must either gamble r fight. Sanded cards, dice loaded with uicksilver, poor drinks, will soon help ou to get rid of all your money to a tune a short meter with staccato passages. You anted to see. You saw. The low villains f that place watch you as you come in. oes not the panther, squat in the grass, now a calf when he sees it? Wrangle not or your rights in that place, or your body vill be thrown bloody into the street, or ead into the East river. You go along a ittle further and find the policy establishent. In that place you bet on numbers. Betting on two numbers is called a "saddle," betting on three numbers is called a "gig," betting on four numbers is called a "horse," and there are thousands of our oung men leaping into that "saddle" and ounting that "gig," and behind that "horse" riding to perdition. There is always one kind of sign on the door—"Exhange," a most appropriate title for the oor, for there, in that room, a man exhanges health, peace and heaven for loss f health, loss of home, loss of family, loss f immortal soul. Exchange sure enough nd infinite enough.

Men wishing to gamble will find places uit suited to their capacity, not only in he underground oyster cellar, or at the able back of the curtain, covered with reasy cards, or in the steamboat smoking abin, where the bloated wretch with rings n his ears instead of his nose, deals the ack, and winks in the unsuspecting travler—providing free drinks all around—but n gilded parlors and amid gorgeous surroundings.

HAZARDING AN ESTATE.

A young man, having suddenly heired a arge property, sits at the hazard table and akes up in a dice box the estate won by a ather's lifetime sweat, and shakes it, and oses it away. Intemperance soon stigatizes its victim, kicking him out, a slavering fool, into the ditch, or sending him, ith the drunkard's hiccough, staggering p the street where his family lives. But ambling does not in that way expose its ictims. The gambler may be eaten up by he gambler's passion, yet you only disover it by the greed in his eyes, the hardess of his features, the nervous restlesness, the threadbare coat and his embarrassed business. Yet he is on the road to hell, and no preacher's voice or startling arning or wife's entreaty, can make him tay for a moment his headlong career. The infernal spell is on him; a glare is reased within; and though you bind him with cables, they would part like thread nd though you fasten him seven times round with chains, they would snap like rusted wire; and though you piled up in his path heaven high Bibles, tracts and sermons, and on the top should set the cross of the son of God, over them all the gambler would leap, like a roe over the rocks, on his way to perdition.

Again, this sin works ruin by killing industry. A man used to reaping scores or hundreds or thousands of dollars from the gaming table will not be content with slow work. He will say, "What is the use of trying to make these fifty dollars in my store when I can get five times that in half an hour down at 'Billy's?'" You never knew a confirmed gambler who was industrious. The men given to this vice spend their time, not actively engaged in the game, in idleness or intoxication or sleep, or in corrupting new victims. This sin has drilled the carpenter's saw and cut the band of the factory wheel, sunk the cargo, broken the teeth of the farmer's harrow and sent a strange lightning to shatter the battery of the philosopher. The very first idea in gaming is at war with all the industries of society.

This crime is getting its lever under many a mercantile house in our great cities, and before long down will come the great establishment, crushing reputation, home, comfort and immortal souls. How it diverts and sinks capital may be inferred from some authentic statement coming before us. The ten gaming houses that once were authorized in Paris passed through the banks, yearly, three hundred and twenty-five millions of francs. Where does all the money come from? The whole world is robbed! What is most sad, there are no consolations for the loss and suffering entailed by gaming. If men fail in lawful business, God pities and society commiserates; but where in the Bible or in society is there any consolation for the gambler? From what tree of the forest oozes there a balm that can soothe the gamester's heart? In that bottle where God keeps the tears of his children are there any tears of the gambler? Do the winds that come to kiss the faded cheek of sickness, and to cool the heated brow of the laborer, whisper hope and cheer to the emaciated victim of the game of hazard? When an honest man is in trouble he has sympathy. "Poor fellow!" they say. But do gamblers come to weep at the agonies of the gambler?

In Northumberland was one of the finest estates in England. Mr. Porter owned it, and in a year gambled it all away. Having lost the last acre of the estate, he came down from the saloon and got into his carriage; went back, put up his horses and carriage and town house and played. He threw and lost. He started home, and in a side alley met a friend from whom he borrowed ten guineas; went back to the saloon and before a great while had won twenty thousand pounds. He died at last a beggar in St. Giles. How many gamblers felt sorry for Mr. Porter? Who consoled him on the loss of his estate? What gambler subscribed to put a stone over the poor man's grave? Not one!

GAMBLING THE CAUSE OF OTHER CRIMES.

Futhermore, this sin is the source of uncounted dishonesties. The game of hazard itself is often a game of cheat. How many tricks and deceptions in the dealing of the cards! The opponent's hand is oftimes found out by fraud. Cards are marked so that they may be designated from the back. Expert gamesters have their accomplices, and one wink may decide the game. The dice have been found loaded with platina, so that "doublets" come up every time. These dice are introduced by the gamblers, unobserved by honest men who have come into the play; and this accounts for the fact that ninety-nine out of a hundred who gamble, however wealthy they began, at the end are found to be poor, miserable, ragged wretches, that would not now be allowed to sit on the doorstep of the house that they once owned. In a gambling house in San Francisco a young man having just come from the mines deposited a large sum upon the ace, and won twenty-two thousand dollars. But the tide turns. Intense excitement comes upon the countenances of all. Slowly the cards went forth. Every eye is fixed. Not a sound is heard until the ace is revealed favorable to the bank. There are shouts of "Foul!" "Foul!" but the keepers of the table produce their pistols, and the uproar is silenced and the bank has won ninety-five thousand dollars. Do you call this a game of chance? There is no chance about it.

But these dishonesties in the carrying on of the game are nothing when compared with the frauds which are committed in order to get money to go on with the nefarious work. Gambling with its greedy hand has snatched away the widow's mite and the portion of the orphans; has sold the daughter's virtue to get the means to continue the game; has written the counterfeit signature, emptied the banker's money vault and wielded the assassin's dagger. There is no depth of meanness to which it will not stoop. There is no cruelty at which it is appalled. There is no warning of God that it will not dare. Merciless, unappeasable, fiercer and wilder it blinds, it hardens, it rends, it blasts, it crushes, it damns. It has peopled our prisons and lunatic asylums. How many railroad agents and cashiers and trustees of funds it has driven to disgrace, incarceration and suicide! Witness years ago a cashier of a railroad who stole one hundred and three thousand dollars to carry on his gaming practices. Witness forty thousand dollars stolen from a Brooklyn bank within the memory of many of you, and the one hundred and eighty thousand dollars taken from a Wall street insurance company for the same purpose! These are only illustrations on a large scale of the robberies every day committed for the purpose of carrying out the designs of gamblers. Hundreds of thousands of dollars every year leak out without observation from the merchant's till into the gambling hell. A man in London keeping one of these gambling houses boasted that he had ruined a nobleman a day; but if all the saloons of this land were to speak out they might utter a more infamous boast, for they have destroyed a thousand noble men a year.

IT RUINS DOMESTIC HAPPINESS.

Notice also the effect of this crime upon domestic happiness. It has sent its ruthless ploughshare through hundreds of families, until the wife sat in rags, and the daughters were disgraced, and the sons grew up to the same infamous practices or took a short cut to destruction across the murderer's scaffold. Home has lost all charms for the gambler. How tame are the children's caresses and a wife's devotion to the gambler! How drearily the fire burns on the domestic hearth! There must be louder laughter, and something to win and something to lose; an excitement to drive the heart faster and fillip the blood and fire the imagination. No home, however bright, can keep back the gamester. The sweet call of love bounds back from his iron soul, and all endearments are consumed in the flame of his passion. The family Bible will go after all other treasures are lost, and if his crown in heaven were put into his hand he would say: "Here goes one more game, my boys! On this one throw I stake my crown of heaven." A young man in London, on coming of age received a fortune of one hundred and twenty thousand dollars, and, through gambling, in three years was thrown on his mother for support. An only son went to a southern city; he was rich, intellectual and elegant in manners. His parents gave him on his departure from home their last blessing. The sharpers got hold of him. They flattered him. They lured him to the gaming table, and let him win almost every time for a good while, and patted him on the back and said, "First rate player." But fully in their grasp they fleeced him, and his thirty thousand dollars were lost. Last of all he put up his watch and lost that. Then he began to think of his home and his old father and mother, and wrote thus:

"My Beloved Parents—You will doubtless feel a momentary joy at the reception of this letter from the child of your bosom, on whom you have lavished all the favors of your declining years. But should a feeling of joy for a moment spring up in your hearts when you should have received this from me, cherish it not. I have fallen deep—never to rise. Those gray hairs that I should have honored and protected I shall bring down with sorrow to the grave. I will not curse my destroyer, but oh! may God avenge the wrongs and impositions practised upon the unwary in a way that shall best please him. This, my dear parents, is the last letter you will ever receive from me. I humbly pray your forgiveness. It is my dying prayer. Long before you have received this letter from me the cold grave will have closed upon me forever. Life to me is insupportable. I cannot, nay, I will not, suffer the shame of having ruined you. Forget and forgive, is the dying prayer of your unfortunate son."

FOUL! FOUL!

The old father came to the postoffice, got the letter and fell to the floor. They thought he was dead at first; but they brushed back the white hair from his brow and fanned him. He had only fainted. I wish he had been dead, for what is life worth to a father after his son is destroyed? When things go wrong at a gaming table they shout, "Foul! foul!" Over all the gaming tables of the world I cry out: "Foul! foul! Infinitely foul."

Shall I sketch the history of the gambler? Lured by bad company he finds his way into a place where honest men ought never to go. He sits down to his first game, but only for pastime and the desire of being thought sociable. The players deal out the cards. They unconsciously play into Satan's hands, who takes all the tricks and both the players' souls for trumps—he being a sharper at any game. A slight stake is put up just to add interest to the play. Game after game is played. Larger stakes and still larger. They begin to move nervously on their chairs. Their brows lower and eyes flash; until now they who win and they who lose, fired alike with passion, sit with set jaws, and compressed lips, and clinched fists, and eyes like fire balls that seem starting from their sockets, to see the final turn before it comes; if losing, pale with envy and tremulous with unuttered oaths cast back red hot upon the heart—or, winning, with hysteric laugh—"Ha! ha! I have it! I have it!"

A few years have passed and he is only the wreck of a man. Seating himself at the game ere he throws the first card, he stakes the last relic of his wife, and the marriage ring which sealed the solemn vows between them. The game is lost, and staggering back in exhaustion he dreams. The bright hours of the past mock his agony, and in his dreams fiends with eyes of fire and tongue of flame circle about him with joined hands to dance and sing their orgies with hellish chorus, chanting "Hail! brother!" kissing his clammy forehead until their loathsome locks, flowing with serpents, crawl into his bosom and sink their sharp fangs and suck up his life's blood, and coiling around his heart pinch it with chills and shudders unutterable.

BE WARNED IN TIME.

Take warning! You are no stronger than tens of thousands who have by this practice been overthrown. No young man in our cities can escape being tempted. Beware of the first beginnings! This road is a down grade, and every instant increases the momentum. Launch not upon this treacherous sea. Split hulks strew the beach. Everlasting storms howl up and down, tossing unwary crafts into the Hell-gate. I speak of what I have seen with my own eyes. I have looked off into the abyss, and I have seen the foaming, and the hissing, and the whirling of the horrid deep in which the mangled victims writhed, one upon another, and struggled, strangled, blasphemed and died—the death stare of eternal despair upon their countenances as the waters gurgled over them.

To a gambler's deathbed there comes no hope. He will probably die alone. His former associates come not nigh his dwelling. When the hour comes his miserable soul will go out of a miserable life into a miserable eternity. As his poor remains pass the house where he was ruined, old companions may look out a moment and say, "There goes the old carcass—dead at last," but they will not get up from the table. Let him down now into his grave. Plant no tree to cast its shade there, for the long, deep, eternal gloom that settles there is shadow enough. Plant no "forget-me-nots" or eglantines around the spot, for flowers were not made to grow on such a blasted heath. Visit it not in the sunshine, for that would be mockery, but in the dismal night, when no stars are out and the spirits of darkness come down horsed on the wind, then visit the grave of the gambler!

PERSONAL.

Movements of Well known People in Various Directions

E. Whiffin and wife of Nanaimo are at the Driard.

T. J. Burns and his daughter, Miss Kate Burns, have gone on a trip to California.

J. W. Griffith of Port Townsend came over on the steamer Umatilla this morning and will go home to-night.

So many have been cured of rheumatism by Hood's Sarsaparilla that we urge all who suffer from the disease to try this remedy.

JOHN MESTON,

CARRIAGE MAKER

BLACKSMITH, ETC.

Broad street, between Johnson and Pandora streets, VICTORIA, B. C.

PASSENGERS.

Per Steamer Umatilla from San Francisco—J Barnetce, N Ferguson, A Earle, A Thorn and wife.

Per Steamer North Pacific from the Sound—J L Rowan, Mrs F A Vassie, H Goldman, F Foster, W Devereux, W Booth, S Chiman and wife, J Wargo, J A McClaine, Mrs McCullough, J Biller, L A Smith, S Peterson, H O'Dell, J Clark.

Per Steamer Islander from Vancouver.—F Green, J Tait, J McCarthy, J S Yates, Mrs Norway, F M Yorke, L G Henderson, Captain Urquhart, T J Hamill, Mrs Parke, A McKay, G A White, E J Redmond, R Armstrong, G Pound, P Rear, A Martin, F E Lessoir, C R King, R E Cooper, Jas Dunsmuir, J A Thompson, Mrs Pennie, Misses Hayward (2) M Lipsheer, J McKelvie, Miss Mary Redmond, Wm Burns.

Per Stmr City of Kingston from the Sound—W H Benson, N Puckett, Mrs Puckett, Mythe Puckett, Clarence Puckett, Effie Puckett, John Puckett, Chas Ashton, W S Hancock, Wang Hock Sun, G Barnes, A G Johnson, R Sylvester, Mrs J G Hoop, T Gotson, H Johnson, V Sanor, Italian, Italian, C H Bagshaw, G P Baldwin, Hock Hang, Wong Sun, W N Meiss, Mrs Simpson, W S G Lendter, T S Sanford, Mrs Miller, J Kerr, F Aveno and wife, C L Birmingham, C R Reeler, J A Townsend, Yu Tim Cheung, B J Flemming, R Shonlty, A Clayberne, F Lubby, C L House, V Failing, L G Gibson, M Freeman, C R Porter, J Penketh, W D Fain, Miss Parks, Ah Kay, Japanse, C Martin, W H Boyd.

CONSIGNEES.

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Per Steamer North Pacific from the Sound—S Solomon.

Per Steamer Islander from Vancouver.—C P N Co, W G Cameron, Miss Wooldridge, J H Todd & Son, D Campbell & Co, R Jamieson, G T Shural, D Spencer, H Mansell, Turner, B & Co, B C Canning Co, L Goodacre, T W Graham T Earle, B Gordon, Ames Holden & Co, R Cunningham, Lens & Leiser, Est W J Jeffree, J Gosnell, W C McDonald, Hastie & Erskine, J McDonald & Co, Elford and Smith, E Dickenson, Cowan & Wilson, W O'Reilly, Mrs N Bickford, J Fullerton, H Saunders, A J Rowbotham E G Prior, Smith and Clark, Langley and Co, B Williams and Co, A B Erskine, Fell and Co, Mrs J Dick, H B Co, Dom Ex Co.

Per Stmr City of Kingston from the Sound—D H Ross, B C Canning Co, Lawrence and McC Mr J Dunsmuir, H Young, B C Pottery and T C Works, Geo Morris, R Jameson, J Sommers, J Cohen, Vale and Brooks, J G Cameron Langley and Co, C Sauer.

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Liberals are denounced as traitors; therefore criminals, felons, and worthy a place inside the penitentiary. These vile epithets might well incite thoughtful men to violence and make them forget, for the time being, the degradation and infamy of the crowd of brawlers who seek to smirch with dishonor the old flag, the world-wide emblem of manhood and liberty. This Tory rabble, that fired the parliament buildings and destroyed public archives; that rotten egged Lord Elgin, her majesty's representative; that four years ago tore down the ensign of British supremacy at Kingston and hoisted the stars and stripes; that disfranchised 116,000 of the young men of Canada—these are the "things" that call free men "traitors." The man that brands me as a traitor, I hurl the challenge in his teeth, and denounce him as a liar and a coward.

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BY HOWARD FIELDING.

CHAPTER X.

FLATTERING AND UNEXPECTED.

As a conscientious man, Russell could not fully persuade himself that Brown's desire for Miss Ray's intellectual advancement would be adequately met by the work of the Society for General Culture. If the society should map out a plan for itself at any meeting he foresaw that at the time of the next assembly there would be at least seven different ideas of what that plan had been, and seven opinions of any thing that might be offered as a substitute. The resulting debates would not be in the line of mental progress.

But it was not because of these considerations that Russell continued to call upon Miss Ray as frequently as the circumstances would permit. He went because he found it more and more agreeable to do so. He was becoming even deeper involved in money-making schemes of a nature ill calculated to make a man feel at peace with himself. These fanciful projects appeared to spring up without his volition and to control him. He was their creature. They gave him a living, but for all he could see they might cut him off with a shilling any day. He regarded himself as an inflated fraud, and though this was on the whole rather pleasant at first, he enjoyed the variety of feeling honest once in awhile.

And when such a desire came to him he called upon Alice Ray, and talked of the subjects which interested her as frankly as she herself, and derived a pleasure which he did not understand, but which came to him because he really was honest in regard to her, and hadn't a thought in his brain which couldn't have been safely photographed for her inspection or Brown's. He liked her simply as he liked sunshine and fresh air. She was so palpably innocent of small deceits and vanities.

Russell rather liked Mrs. Ray, too. She was inferior to her daughter in every way. Even in her youth she had not possessed half of Alice's beauty, yet at forty-five she was by no means the embodied prophecy which sometimes frightens suitors away. Mentally she was almost a blank, as Brown had said, but with good instincts and breeding she had never felt the want. A safe mother for a girl, after all; for it is impossible to inherit evil tendencies from a person of no tendencies whatever.

It was easy for Russell to win her approbation. He made no special effort to do so, but he was innately respectful and of a most courteous demeanor. Gilbert Ray had told his wife that Russell was a "hustler who would be heard from," and she had taken this to mean an active young man who might be supposed to prefer theaters and wine suppers of a riotous and forbidden character, rather than peace and quietness.

She therefore felt complimented by his evident delight in the home-like evenings he spent there, with no more hilarious entertainment than a somewhat vacuous conversation and a little music. If he had been in love with Alice that would have been another matter, but the maternal eye detected no sign.

The life of the family was simplicity itself. They spent almost all their evenings at home, and enjoyed each other's company in the good old fashion. Alice sang and played well, and both her parents were good listeners, though Mrs. Ray had a slight tendency to somnolency. They stayed in the city very late that season, to Russell's great satisfaction.

He made other acquaintances through the Society for General Culture. This organization discovered at its second meeting that the approaching summer would dry up the springs of knowledge; and it was voted and reconsidered and voted again and finally settled by a general misunderstanding, that the third session should be the last till fall. The girls all pledged themselves to read during the summer a lot of books (the names of which they couldn't afterwards remember) and thus gain a store of wisdom to share when they reassembled.

Russell read the minutes of the previous meeting which he had made out with offensive accuracy. The girls all protested that they never said any thing of the sort or voted that way at all. The report was then amended in such a thorough but unintelligible manner that the Recording Angel could never have recognized it as an account of any thing which had transpired on earth during his term of supervision.

This second meeting was not at the "Rays'," but at a house near by. All the girls lived within a stone's throw of one another. Through this association Russell received invitations to one or two minor social gatherings in the very last days of town life. Near the end of June the Rays went to their summer home on the Hudson. It was not beyond easy access from New York, and Russell was expected to come up frequently during the summer. This cordiality would have amazed him if the extraordinary kindness which had hitherto been shown him by the Rays had not prepared him for almost any thing. He accepted most of Ray's invitations, which generally included a Saturday afternoon and Sunday afternoon at the villa and a sail up and down in the millionaire's handsome steam yacht. At the villa Russell learned to play tennis and to wear picturesque summer clothing. He was a young man designed by nature to complete a landscape with a striped blazer.

Out-of-door costumes were very becoming to Alice, also, and her beauty was too radiant with health to fear the sun. The sight of it might have been dangerous to Russell's peace of mind, except that he had no peace of mind during those days. The worry of providing for his personal expenses, which were ever increasing; his anxiety regarding the motor company; his fear lest Deering should hear of certain operations in the stock and should call a halt on the whole procession—all these considerations kept Russell in a condition unfavorable to love. Alice had conquered him only so far that he

THE SECRETARY'S REPORT

felt he was not good enough to be in her society. The recognition of this fact by any young man is a symptom, but it may never lead to a proposal or to a reform. If Russell had considered the subject at all, he would have said at once that he could not permit himself to fall in love with Alice without gross treachery to his friend. But as yet he thought only that she oughtn't to be allowed to know him, and he wondered that her father should permit it.

"Old Ray must know the condition I'm in," thought Russell. "I wonder that he doesn't politely hint that I'd better stay away from his house. Suppose some crash should come and two or three of my creditors should combine to put me in jail. It would not be pleasant for Miss Ray."

He was surprised that Ray should renew his invitations to the villa. Russell felt like an impostor when he accepted them; and at last he began to refuse, but as a rule the old millionaire would take the young man by the arm and walk him down to the yacht as if he were under arrest. Russell realized that he had won a place in the old fellow's affections, and this made him feel meaner than ever about the whole affair. It was possible that Ray did not know all about him, Russell reflected. He might be blinded by prejudice in his favor; he might accept him because of Brown's assurances. Brown had been on the most intimate terms with the family in the days when the son whom Ray had lost had been a youth at college, Alice only a little girl. At any rate he resolved to go to Ray, 'make a clean breast of the whole matter and give the old man a fair chance to kick him out of the house. This would mean financial ruin, but Russell didn't care for that. He was in a fit of despondency—a mental condition eminently favorable to virtue, for hope is the tempter after all.

The occasion came on a day in the last of September when Ray proposed another Sunday at the villa.

"Mr. Ray," said Russell, "your kindness blinds you to reasons why I should not be a guest at your house."

The old man started and looked searchingly into Russell's face.

"Perhaps it does," said he, "and perhaps it doesn't. I may see the reasons better than you think I do."

"Then why do you ask me to come? I should not be offended if you did not, or even if you forbade me to enter your door. If I could still retain the benefit of your counsel which you have often so kindly given me here in your office, it would be much more than I could reasonably expect. Though I have never had a home, I am powerfully sensible of the jealous care which must be employed to guard one. I am a reckless

RUSSELL AGREES TO BE HONEST.

fellow, pursuing a career of most uncertain issue, through ways which are not the best. It seems to me that I should never meet Miss Ray again. Pardon me for even mentioning her name."

"You're blue, young man," said Ray, "that's what's the matter with you. Your career will come out all right, and you'll be a rich man. I've picked you out as a fellow with a very level head, and I don't make many mistakes."

"If I ever get rich," Russell replied, "it will be by such methods as that deal with Remington and others by which a man might feel disgraced."

"Oh, all this sentimentalism is natural at such a time," said Ray, cheerfully, "but there's nothing in it. Remington will play some other chump and get his money back. It's all in the game."

"But I'm only an adventurer, anyway. I have no solid hopes; and my character is becoming as unsettled as my circumstances. I am flush to-day and broke to-morrow; honest in the morning and a scamp before night. When I think of Miss Ray—"

"Yes, when you think of her," said that young lady's sire, with a good-humored smile—"when you think of her your sins look big and black. I'm glad of it; I could ask no better guarantee that you really love her."

Russell started up in astonishment, but before he could utter a word Ray continued:

"I've been waiting for you to speak to me like this. More than once I have thought you were going to begin. When you showed hesitancy about coming up to the villa I knew why. You said: 'She's a rich man's daughter and I have only my wits.'"

"But, my dear sir," Russell broke in, "I have never ventured to remotely consider the possibility—"

"Of course you haven't, but you may begin now. Don't speak to her yet; she is only a little girl you know. Of course you haven't so much as hinted any thing of the sort to her, and I wouldn't for a year; let us say for a year. I dare say you wouldn't have thought of doing so. What you wanted to say to me, and what I saw that you wanted to say—for a father's eye can not be deceived—was that you felt it more honorable to tell me straight out that you were in love with my daughter and then ask the right to let every thing go on as before. It's only a few months that we've known you, and that made it harder. I pitied you, and says I to myself: I'll help him out. And because I think so well of you, young man, and trust you so fully, and hate to see you down-hearted, I'll give you a word of encouragement: I believe the little girl likes you pretty well already."

CHAPTER XI.

TEMPTED.

In the first flurry of surprise at Ray's acceptance of an imaginary proposal for his daughter's hand, Russell lost sight entirely of the fact that he had made no proposal. The benevolent old gentleman terminated the interview with a hearty handshake, and before Russell recovered the use of his vocal organs the two men were out upon the street where confidential discussion was not possible.

Whatever may have been the subject Ray selected for his remarks on the way to the yacht, they sell far short of his companion's attention. Russell's thoughts worked hurriedly upon the problem presented by the strange result of his attempt to obtain an edict of banishment against himself. That such an exile was now more than ever necessary was evident enough, but it was also clear that it must be voluntary. should keep out of the way of temp-

INTERRUPTED MEDITATION.

tation; and here he was being led tamely to the villa again.

Somehow, he was more than usually glad to go, although his conscience exerted a feeble restraining force. Why was it? Ray's favorable view of him as a possible son-in-law meant nothing to him. He had no shadow of an idea that he should ever take advantage of it. But that "word of encouragement," as Ray had called it, was a matter of a very different nature. Could Ray possibly have given such a hint on any weaker grounds than absolute certainty? Father and daughter were on terms of the closest confidence. Russell had often observed it, with a feeling that the millionaire had been blessed in other good things than dollars. Ray should know the state of his daughter's heart as soon as she did herself, and if he said that she thought kindly of a man it should be infinitely encouraging.

There was only one ground for doubt, and it lay in the old fellow's firm belief that he knew very nearly every thing that was passing in the minds of those about him. He was one of those men who believe that their eyes are electric search lights which they can turn upon the souls of others and expose all hidden things.

This belief in him was coupled with a total inability to read the ordinary external signs of emotion. It always is. These eagle-eyed fellows are the ones who can see a man poisoned with strychnine and swear that he looks pleasant, and stick to it with a confidence unmoved, after the unfortunate has died in convulsions. Russell thought of all this, and it seemed to him probable that Ray had not received any verbal intimation from his daughter, but had depended wholly upon a glance of his infallible eye.

"If that is the case," said Russell to himself, "she does not love me"—and his exultation was immediately changed to gloom. But his reflections had convinced him that he loved her, long before the two men reached the yacht, and he had resolved to tell Ray the truth about his supposed offer, and to prepare some way of backing out of the whole entanglement.

Yes, he resolved to do all this, but he did not do any part of it.

He changed his mind when the time for a disclosure came; resolved to keep his secret safe; to pursue a strictly guarded course with Alice which should show her what a hero he was. Of course she couldn't help noticing that he loved her. She would see that he avoided food, and grew thin till his eyes took on a hollow look and his coats began to flap around his withering form. He would lock his love up in the dungeon of his soul and have fun with the misery of it. Then when Brown came back, full of misgivings no doubt, he would take the wanderer by the hand, and say, with a hollow cough: "I have been faithful to you, old man, but I am a martyr to my love."

"I say, young fellow," cried Ray, interrupting Russell's meditations at this point, "if you stare at me any longer in that soulless fashion, without saying any thing or listening to what I'm talking about, I shall think you've gone crazy."

They had been sitting on the deck of the yacht, face to face, and Ray had been talking in a lively and as he supposed entertaining fashion; for about half an hour, when it had suddenly dawned upon him that Russell's face had taken on an expression of deep misery wholly uncalled for by any thing that had been said. His question brought Russell back to a rational frame of mind, and he was able to conduct himself at the villa as if nothing unusual had happened.

It was his last visit there during the season. The Rays came back to their town house in the following week. Russell called within a few days after their return, and his welcome was the same as ever. There had been no change in the household. But not many days after that he fancied that he noticed a difference. There was an indefinable something in the bearing of Mrs. Ray and Alice which puzzled him at first, but which he soon explained in a manner fitting closely to the observed facts. It seemed evident that the secret of his talk with Gilbert Ray had leaked out; that it had at last become the general property of the family. He could not believe that Ray had told Alice; she must have overheard something which betrayed the truth. At any rate Russell was quite certain that she knew how matters stood, but that was as far as his perception could get in her direction. Mrs. Ray, he felt sure, approved. With all possible respect to her, said he in his heart, she doesn't know any better, and couldn't be expected to, by anybody acquainted with her plastic mind. Her husband's approval was quite enough.

Alice, however, was a riddle much harder to read. Sometimes he thought that she was disappointed at his delay; and again he imagined that she was lying in ambush, waiting for a chance to tell him what a traitor he was. He thought of all the cruel things she might say to show she might show him the difference between himself and Brown, with a balance heavily in favor of the absent; and she might say that she would prefer Brown even if he returned from Central Africa with a ring in his nose and a confirmed habit of cannibalism. Russell fancied her refusing him in so many different ways that he began to be afraid some slip of the tongue would launch one of them upon him, even as his acceptance by her father had come by accident. He began to resent this refusal which was only a figment of his imagination, and his resolution to seek her society no more melted in the heat of his ill temper. He determined to show her that her charms had no power to tempt him, and to make her understand in some way that her father had committed a piece of stupidity. Meanwhile, despite all this raging in his soul, his bearing toward her was frank, courteous and friendly, as it had always been.

The Society for General Culture had survived the summer, and its members had come back from the shores of the salt sea with an added thirst for knowledge. One of the girls had also a great idea to propose at the society's first meeting. It was not original, but it was the latest fad in societies of that kind—a revival of an ancient custom. She suggested that they find some struggling poet and help to win recognition for him. Russell must know one, and it would be such fun to encourage the poor fellow and help him by judicious criticism and a little money, till at last he could get his poems into the magazines.

Russell reflected a moment, while a great and amusing scheme filtered through his brain.

"I know the man," said he, at last; "he is a deserving fellow, but without some help his genius will never be known."

The man whom Russell had in mind was the janitor of a down-town building, a young fellow with about as much idea of poetry as a wooden Indian. But nature had given him an ideal exterior—the long hair, the thin, hungry-looking visage, and the eyes which forever fixed themselves on vacancy. Russell had often remarked what a perfect picture of the traditional poet this man was. The yearning look in his eyes might have expressed the craving of genius for the ideal, but in reality it was the hardened expression of covetousness. A more matter-of-fact, hard-fisted, unromantic pursuer of the glittering dollar it would have been impossible to imagine. In the building where he worked he was known as Cupid, on account of his cupidity.

Russell's plan was to hire this man to personate a poet, and to write preposterous nonsense for him to read at the society's meetings. After mature deliberation he decided to let Alice into the secret, partly because he did not like the idea of deceiving her, and partly because he doubted his ability to do so. It required some persuasion to bring her to consent, but at last she entered fully into the plot, and helped Russell to concoct the soulful mess for Cupid to read. His first appearance and the poem were an immense success. He read a twenty-line wail called "Dust and Ashes," a title suggested to Russell by the fellow's occupation. The girls were in rapture, and it was immediately decided that the poet must read before a larger audience during the following week. The society would invite about fifty invitations, and begin at once its work of introducing the poet.

Russell was somewhat alarmed at the success of his joke, but he determined to carry it as far as it would go. The preparation of the poem, however, was a work of considerable magnitude, and, with Alice, he spent a great many hours digging out the verses. Alice proved to be remarkably clever at this sort of work, and together they evolved a sad narrative of disappointed affection, with a climax which cast a general blight over the face of nature. It wasn't so bad after all, and when the society and its guests swallowed the production for a work of genius, and overwhelmed Cupid with congratulations, the real authors were not only amused but flattered. They had been "taken in" by their own production no less than the others. Cupid, in reply to a hundred questions, told the lie which had been prepared for him by Russell, with a face as somber as the opening of a hard winter, and the two conspirators got no end of fun out of his stolid bearing in the midst of his honors. All sorts of ridiculous plans for getting him into favor were proposed; and Russell foresaw that eventually Cupid would have to disappear or be discovered. When the exposure should finally come, Russell feared that his own disappearance, too, would be a necessary condition of safety.

(To be continued.)

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Steamships of this Co. will leave for Ft. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st and 15th of each month. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

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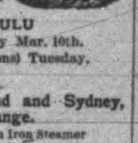

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B. C. Trade and Labor Club

COR. PANDORA AND GOVERNMENT STS.

THE ABOVE CLUB WILL BE PERMANENTLY opened for the enrolment of members, and the inspection of the public, on and after the evening of Friday, March 6th at 8 p. m. The benefits of this club are for all, society or non-society men and boys from 14 years and upwards. Entrance fee, men $1.00; boys 50c. Among the benefits are, reading, amusement, writing, library, smoking and other rooms. All workingmen are cordially invited.

For rent a large and a small hall, for terms apply on the premises.

W. H. IRELAND, Gen. Secretary.

mar4-2i

NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO THE LATE firm of John Weiler, prior to January 31st are hereby requested to call and settle their account at once at the office of

WEILER BROS.

Victoria, Feb. 28, 1891. TuThSw

RAILWAYS.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY

Globe : Circling : Tours

Around the World for $600.00.

INCLUDING MEALS AND BERTHS ON RAIL AND STEAMERS.

Empress of Japan leaves Liverpool between April 1st and 15th.

Empress of China leaves Liverpool between May 1st and 15th.

For Maps, Rates, Sleeping Car Accommodation, apply in person or by letter to

A. CAMERON, Agt. and Pass. Agent, Government street, Victoria, B. C.

D. E. BROWN, Asst. Gen. Agt. and Pass. Agent, Vancouver mh10

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 13.

To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Saturday, October 11th, 1890.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

| GOING SOUTH. READ UP. | | |

The Daily Times.

CITY AND PROVINCIAL.

NEWS FROM UP COUNTRY.

A Gossipy Letter from a Correspondent at French Bar—General News.

FRENCH BAR, Feb. 20.—As you have no objection to your subscribers' correspondence, so long as they confine themselves to facts, this being one of my idle days, I thought I would drop you a few lines and give you all the news from this section. We have experienced one of the finest winters I have seen in twenty-two years. Providence gave us a good winter, and the Government bad trails. The two, apparently, do not pull well together. Mr. Hahn, on his way from Empire Valley to Big Bar, with two pack-animals, packed with only 50 pounds each, went off the Government trail one mile north of Lone Cabin creek. One horse was killed, the other crippled and will probably die. The trail at this point is six inches, although the Government is supposed to give us a four-foot trail. Mr. Hahn bought two more horses at Big Bar and tried to go back for his scattered effects, but was unsuccessful. At Lone Cabin creek the road is so narrow at one place that mountain sheep would hesitate to attempt it. Mr. Hahn was very anxious to get his tool chest down, as he, being a mechanic, and having taken a $150 contract, has now to lay off. His loss will be in the neighborhood of $650. This happened in December. Not a dollar was expended by the Government in 1890 on the trail between Watson's Bar creek and Grinder creeks, a distance of twenty-nine miles, and one of the worst pieces of trail on west side of the Fraser river between Lillooet and Soda creek. I sold my beef cattle last fall at a sacrifice of $3 per head, on account of the bad condition of the trail to Lillooet bridge, that being the only bridge between the Lytton iron bridge and head of the Fraser. Although there is not less than 14,000 head of stock, horse and cattle, between Lillooet and Fort George, including H. B. Co., at Fraser lake, this vast amount of stock has got to find a market south of Hope, and to take them to market will cost one-half their value on the Government trails in their present condition. Although the Government, as I have mentioned, was to give us a good trail. If the Government will give us a good bridge across the Frazer river, say at Harper's, or north of Alkali lake creek, we would be independent, and not as we are now, at the mercy of one cattle ranger. Of course, a few greedy stockmen will tell the Government that they don't want a bridge; that a canoe is good enough for them. Of course with their stock (has a thousand hills to run on) and no land tax to pay, there are thousands of acres of land in the Chilcotin county fit for agricultural purposes. Let the Government build a bridge and this land will all be taken up. Families cannot be expected to settle in a country where they have got to pack their household effects. The trail between Big Bar and Ginger creeks was examined during the year 1890, to see if it required any repair. The trail was in a horrible condition, the heavy rains having torn up trees by the roots and lodged them, mixed with gravel and drift wood, in the trail to the height of four or five feet. $300 worth of powder and $20 worth of labor will make Black Point passable for stock. The trail from the top of the hill to the approach of the Bridge River bridge wants to be widened to six feet. The bridge is not over 100 yards long. Also a railing from the bridge to the bank, which is not over 30 feet. The rock below and above the bridge is perpendicular for 20 feet. The water plunges and foams like the Niagara falls, and here are some of the worst places on the trail to pass. Mr. Cargill and others drove large bands of cattle over the trail last year. They all lost stock on account of the poor trail, although there was money appropriated to put it in good condition. I am of opinion that $200 is a fair valuation on all the work done between Lillooet and Chilcotin, a distance of 121 miles. It will require $1,400 to put the trail in good condition this year, on account of allowing it to fill up last year. For miles it will be like making a new road. Even then the above-mentioned amount will have to be expended with the best of judgment. It will not do to appoint a boss to manage this trail just because he is a government pet, with rich relations. He must be a practical man, otherwise the money will fall short, as usual. Would you kindly inform me through columns of the WEEKLY TIMES what has become of the money that was appropriated for this trail last year. Some say it is the head superintendent's fault, and some think it's been used to make wagon roads to quartz mines. If it has been used for that purpose (I suggest) that the miners make their own road, and when the mine is put on a paying basis the Government can pay to the company first cost of the road, and throw the same open to the public. Quartz machinery and a few thousand pounds of salt don't signify when the mine is going to pay a dividend.

The Big Slide wagon road should stand as a warning to those who have more money than brains.

If the Government wants to help us then pass a law prohibiting the sale of liquor to half-breeds, that is known to make their home in the rancherie. An Indian will give $5 as quick as one for a bottle of whiskey, if he has the money. When he wants to get drunk all he has to do now to procure it, is to give the half-breed the money with which to buy it.

The Government could well afford to spend a few dollars to stop this evil, which is surely growing. The money paid out to guard the Cariboo treasure could not be put to a better use. The guard only stops the lone stage robber. Two can stop and rob the stage now as easy as one could before.

P. A. HARTMAN.

Non-Certificated Engineers.

The Vancouver News-Advertiser says that for the last three days the steamer Saturna has been kept in port by the customs authorities because her engineer has not got a proper certificate. She commenced making her regular trips to Howe sound yesterday. This steamer has been complained of several times in the past for not complying with the law relating to the employment of certificated engineers. Perhaps when owners find that the law is now to be enforced they will look after these matters a little closer. In justice to those who do comply with the law, and are willing to pay fair wages to good men, it is only right these small crafts should be kept within the lines.

Wisdom's Violet Cream

Is the most exquisite preparation in the world for softening and whitening the hands and face. It is not only a substitute for, but in every respect superior to glycerine, cold cream, vaseline, and like preparations. Try it.

D. E. Campbell, Agent.

In a State of Siege.

Although in a state of siege we still live. Having completed a crossing at our door, we are now prepared to see our customers who may rest assured that our lines of pastry are second to none in this city. All the delicacies of the season. Meals at all hours and polite attention guaranteed at Steitz's Restaurant, 84 Yates street.

Painfully Apparent.

The fact that the saloons were closed to-day impressed itself on many with painful distinctness. Occasionally two men would be seen walking along, and when near a saloon would start to turn into it, and when confronted with the closed doors their look of astonishment was complete. Astonishment mixed with disappointment, too, in many cases.

Tourist's Spoons.

Very neat souveniers of Victoria for tourists are being manufactured by A. A. Clayton of the Diamond Palace, Government street. They are known as "tourists spoons." Each spoon has etched into its bowl the word "Victoria, B. C," while on the handle is engraved the coat of arms of the province. As mementoes of a visit to this city the articles will be of much attractiveness. It is also the intention of the maker to turn out smaller spoons, with the same engraving, but fitted as pins, this being a fad of the fashionable just now.

"The Jersey Lily,"

Is what Millais christened his famous portrait of that celebrated woman who since became familiarly known to the public by that expressive and appropriate name. In turn she has coupled her fame with that of the most celebrated toilette article in existence, as witness what she says:—

ANGLESEA COTTAGE, L.B., July 2

Gentlemen,—Altho' it is very unusual for me to use any lotions or washes, still, in answer to your request, I have tried Wisdom's Violet Cream and Robertine. The former I consider especially efficacious in cases of roughness of the skin, and I have been using it every day for the last fortnight. I have found the Robertine an excellent preparation in cases of tan, sunburn, etc., caused by exposure to March winds and a July sky.

Yours faithfully,
LILLIE LANGTRY.

To Messrs. Wisdom & Co.

D. E. Campbell, Agent.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

French Corsets

A Good Shape 5-hook Corset, in drab, for	$1.25
A Strong French Coutille Corset, in drab, spoon, for	1.25
do. do. do. do. same shape as the original P.D.	1.50
A Beautiful Cream Corset, perfect shape	1.50
A splendid shaped Common Sense Corset	1.75
A long Black Sateen good Shaped Corset	2.00
A long Black Sateen well boned Corset	2.50
The improved P. D. extra long in Satin	2.75
The Improved P. D. extra long in drab French coutille	2.75

Canadian Corsets from 50 cents upwards.

A big lot of children's Woolen Stockings from 10c per pair.

Men's Woolen Undershirts from 65c each.

Men's Ribbed Cotton undershirts from 37½c.

Men's Heavy Cardigan Jackets from 25c.

Comforters and Blankets at cost.

A choice line of French Dress Goods 25c per yard.

A good Heavy Grey Blanket for $2.90.

Grey Flannels from 16½c y'd

A splendid White Cotton no dressing 10c. y'd.

A fine White Cotton no dressing 12½c.

A large range of White Embroideries from 8½c y'd.

Wide Canton Flannel 12 yds. for $1.00.

A lot of remnants of Carpet, very cheap.

Argyle House

83 DOUGLAS ST.

WM. O'REILLY & CO.

King of Medicines

A Cure "Almost Miraculous."

"When I was 14 years of age I had a severe attack of rheumatism, and after I recovered had to go on crutches. A year later, scrofula, in the form of white swellings, appeared on various parts of my body, and for 11 years I was an invalid, being confined to my bed 6 years. In that time ten or eleven sores appeared and broke, causing me great pain and suffering. I feared I never should get well.

"Early in 1886 I went to Chicago to visit a sister, but was confined to my bed most of the time I was there. In July I read a book, 'A Day with a Circus,' in which were statements of cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla. I was so impressed with the success of this medicine that I decided to try it. To my great gratification the sores soon decreased, and I began to feel better and in a short time I was up and out of doors. I continued to take Hood's Sarsaparilla for about a year, when, having used six bottles, I had become so fully released from the disease that I went to work for the Flint & Walling Mfg. Co., and since then

HAVE NOT LOST A SINGLE DAY

on account of sickness. I believe the disease is expelled from my system, I always feel well, am in good spirits and have a good appetite. I am now 27 years of age and can walk as well as any one, except that one limb is a little shorter than the other, owing to the loss of bone, and the sores formerly on my right leg. To my friends my recovery seems almost miraculous, and I think Hood's Sarsaparilla is the king of medicines." WILLIAM A. LEHR, 9 N. Railroad St., Kendallville, Ind.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

AMUSEMENTS.

ENTERTAINMENT

The Victoria Athletic Club will hold an Exhibition and Dance at Philharmonic Hall, Tuesday evening, March 10th. Tickets may be obtained for the Entertainment from any of the members, and at the door. Price of admission, Exhibition 50c.; Exhibition and Dance 75c.

Prof. Herman's Orchestra has been secured to provide music for the dance. Refreshments will be served. Doors open at 7:30 and performance commences at 8 sharp.

CHARITY BALL.

— GIVEN BY —

THE MARRIED LADIES AT HOME

— IN AID OF THE —

British Columbia Benevolent Society

Under the distinguished patronage of His Honor Lieut.-Governor and Mrs. Nelson, His Worship Mayor Grant and Board of Aldermen, at the

ASSEMBLY HALL,

FORT STREET,

Thursday Evening, April 9, 1891.

Tickets, $5 can be had from the officers of the British Columbia Benevolent Society, the members of the Married Ladies at Home, and from MRS. M. YOUNG, Hon. Secretary. ma4-td

ROYAL CALEDONIAN CLUB.

At the request of a number of gentlemen, I have consented to conduct a class for the promotion of National

DANCING AND MUSIC,

To be known as the "Royal Caledonian Club," and to be held in the Sir William Wallace Hall Broad street. The opening Social Dance will be held in the above Hall on

Monday Evening, 9th Instant.

when printed circulars, containing terms and all other information will be distributed.

Admission fee for Gentlemen, 50c. Ladies free.

R. MACKENZIE MUNRO, Conductor.

R. MACKENZIE MUNRO, MURDOCK MCDONALD, J. B. MUNRO, A. BEATON, } Floor Committee.

C. CAMERON, Secretary. ma4-4t

COME AND SEE

THE NEW JAPANESE STORE

Just received a large importation of goods DIRECT FROM JAPAN and we are now able to offer to the Public the finest lot of Japanese Curios in Victoria. Give us a call and be convinced. As this is the first genuine Japanese store established in Victoria, we would kindly solicit the patronage of the public. Give us a call and see what we have

Respectfully Yours,

"ROKUBAN,"

NEW JAPANESE STORE,

150 Government street near Johnson.

no18-1m

MRS. F. C. REYNOLDS

Will lecture under the auspices of the

VICTORIA SECULAR UNION

— AT THE —

VICTORIA THEATRE,

— ON —

Sunday, Monday and Tuesday,

Mar. 8th, 9th and 10th.

SUBJECTS:

Sunday—Woman, Past, Present and Future; Monday—Gospel of Humanity; Tuesday—Facts and Fancies.

ADMISSION FREE. ma4-4t

MRS. S. McGREGOR,

MID-WIFE

Has Diploma from the University of Edinburgh.

RESIDENCE:

Corner Douglas and Cormorant Streets.

feb28

COAL

The New Vancouver Coal Mining & Land Co., L'd.

(FORMERLY THE VANCOUVER COAL CO.),

ARE THE LARGEST COAL PRODUCERS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

THE NANAIMO COAL (Used principally for Gas and Domestic Purposes).

THE SOUTH FIELD COAL (Steam Fuel).

THE NEW WELLINGTON COAL

(House and Steam Coal) are mined by this Company only.

THE "NANAIMO" COAL gives a large percentage of Gas, a high Illuminating Power, unequalled by any other Bituminous Gas Coal the world, and a superior quality of Coke.

THE "SOUTH FIELD" COAL is now used by all the Leading Steamship Lines on the Pacific.

THE "NEW WELLINGTON" COAL, which was introduced early in the present year, has already become a favorite fuel for domestic purposes. It is a clean, hard coal, makes a bright and cheerful fire, and its lasting qualities make it the most economical fuel in the market.

The several Mines of the Company are connected with their Wharves at Nanaimo and Departure Bay, where ships of the largest tonnage are loaded at all states of the tide. Special dispatch is given to Mail and Ocean steamers.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS,
Superintendent.

Dec. 30.

NICHOLLES & RENOUF Have just received, ex "Brodick Bay," large consignment of the celebrated

LLOYD & LLOYD L. & L.

GAS AND WATER TUBING, Black and Galvanized.

mar19 Corner Broad and Yates Streets, Victoria. P. O. Box 86.

REAL ESTATE, INSURANCE & EXCHANGE

EXCHANGE DEPARTMENT.—We buy and issue drafts on all the principal cities of **Canada, Europe** and the **United States**, at the Most Favorable Rates. We also buy and sell **Stocks and Shares.** Offers will be received for **19 Tramway Shares.**

REAL ESTATE DEPARTMENT.—We have a large list of property for sale from which we extract the following:—

Acreage, Saanich road	$600 to $1,500	Lots on Douglas street from	$13,000 to 50,000	Lots on Dallas Road from	$850 to 1,000
Acreage Fowl Bay Road per ¼ acre	400	2 Lots on Government street	5,000	Lots, Work Estate and Spring Ridge	$500 to 1,500
5½ Acres, cleared, Esquimalt road	7,000	Lots on Burnside Road, each	325	Lots at Beacon Hill Park from	$1000 to 1,500
Acreage, Lake Hill Estate, from $200 to	325	Lots on Cadboro Bay Road from	$375 to 1,000	First class Boarding House Furnished	11,500

Houses, Lots and Acreage for sale in all parts of Victoria and neighborhood. Money to loan on mortgage. City Agents for the Caledonia Insurance Co. of Edinburgh.

A. W. MORE & CO., TURNER BLOCK, DOUGLAS STREET,

Late of the Clydesdale Bank, Glasgow, etc., Scotland; The Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China, London, Eng., The Bank of British Columbia, Victoria and Nanaimo. fe11-6m

EDWIN J. MORGAN

Representing D. Morgan, tailor to His Excellency, the Governor General. Room 2 Musgrave Block, Broad street, orders taken for suits, etc., Latest imported goods to select from. Perfect fit guaranteed or no sale. 123-1m

To Building Contractors

Rock, Dimension or Rubble.

Will be supplied by the undersigned in any quantity. Apply to

Geo. Jones, McPherson's Station, E. & N. R'y. fe27-6m

DR. LEWIS HALL

DENTIST.

Graduate Philadelphia Dental College.

Gas, ether and also latest improved electric vibrator used for painless extraction of teeth. Craft & Norris Block, 9 Douglas street

Office Hours:—9 a.m., to 5 p.m.

MUNICIPAL.

PERSONS sending in communications to the City Council in future, are hereby requested to take notice that such communications should be sent in to the office of the undersigned not later than 12 o'clock on Tuesday of each week, otherwise they may not be considered by the Council at its regular meeting on the Wednesday evening following.

By order

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,

City Clerk's office, Jan. 29, 1891. 129 C.M.C.

MUNICIPAL.

THE By-Laws of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, complete to date, may be obtained at the office of the undersigned upon the payment of $2 per copy.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

City Clerk's office, Jan. 29, 1891.

MUNICIPAL.

TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED AT THE office of the undersigned until Wednesday the 11th of March prox at 4 p.m., for supplying to the Corporation 200 tons of 4 inch cast iron water pipes.

Specifications may be seen at this office.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

By order

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,

City Clerk's Office, C. M. C.

fe26-4t

THE JAPANESE BAZAAR

Fresh Assortment of Goods

Received per S.S. Parthia.

Bamboo Tables and Stools, Baskets, Table Mats, Large Variety of Tea Sets, Trays, etc.

Good Selection of Bulbs of large Flowering Lilies.

Full Lines of our Usual Curios, Silk Goods, etc.

MARCHANT, FUTCHER & CO

30 FORT STREET VICTORIA.

Do You Want to Buy a Farm?

We have every description of Acre Property, and can sell you land that will increase in value and prove a good investment.

Do You Want to Sell a Farm?

Write or call on T. G. Rayner, who has great demand for good farms, and quick returns guaranteed.

Do You Want a Building Site?

Our list is complete and we can give you a lot that will grow in value. We never 1 in property that decreases in value. No L tey. No Wild-cat Speculation. All Genuine Business.

T. G. RAYNER.

Real Estate Broker, Fire and Life Insurance, Notary Public.

BANK BUILDING, TROUNCE AVE.

fe12

NOTICE.

I WILL NOT BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY debts contracted by my wife or any other person on her behalf.

JOHN J. RUSSELL,
Strawberry Vale Farm.

Victoria, Dec 11, 1890. de12-1f

TO THE PUBLIC.

Many Thanks for Past Favors.

My health having improved I will try and serve you a while longer. Now

AT WINTER RATES

Bring off your wagons, carriages, and agricultural implements to be thoroughly overhauled. We will give you satisfaction.

To Miners, Stonecutters and Quarrymen

We have the cupest tools in the Province. Tools also for hire at the

ONTARIO WAGON SHOP.

WM. POWELL.

NEW WELLINGTON

COAL

This Coal, mined by The New Vancouver Coal Company by UNION LABOR only, is supplied by the following Coal Merchants, at current rates:

The Victoria Coal, Wood & Lumber Yard.

Charles Rattray, Janion's Wharf.

Rock Bay Coal Yard.

Central Coal Yard.

"Nanaimo" Coal can be obtain- from W. T. Drake.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS,
Superintendent.

dec30

LYCEUM.

Largest and best Hall in the City for Public Meetings, Musical Gatherings, Lectures, &c. Centrally located, corner Pandora Avenue and Broad street, formerly the Methodist Church, but recently refitted, thoroughly ventilated, well lighted, warmed with hot air, very easy to enter and leave; comfortable seats may be provided for about 600 persons; now ready for occupation. Terms moderate. Apply to

fe10-1m A. DRUCE-MOS.

GRAND PALACE HOTEL

81 TO 103 NORTH CLARK STREET, CHICAGO.

4 Minutes from Court House.

Both Plans.

Weekly, $3.00. Transients, 50c. up.

Restaurant by Compagnon, late Chicago Club chef

POPULAR PRICES. NEW HOUSE.

Cut this out for further reference. fe18-1m

CHEAP LOTS

Lot James Bay $550; $100 cash and balance on time.

Lot Chatham street; party can build and pay for lot in two years.

4 Lots, $375 each; five minutes walk from tram cars; $10 per month.

Small House and Lot $1000.

Lot Esquimalt Road $700.

6 Acres Lake Hill District $100 per acre, close to proposed Tram Car line.

Lot Fernwood Estate very easy terms.

House and Lot James Bay, $2050.

10 roomed House and 1 acre of land, $5000; easy terms.

5½ acres ad. land, Lake Hill District, beautiful garden land, $500 per acre.

A. TOLLER, 18 Broad St.

feb18-tf

Bourchier, Croft & Mallette

REAL ESTATE BROKERS.

HEAD OFFICE: - - - - - - Colonist Block, Victoria, B.C.

BRANCH OFFICES: Hamley Block, New Westminster; Front St., Port Angeles.

THE CONTEST IN CARIBOO.

Dr. Watt, an Independent Conservative, Lays Claim to Frank Barnard's Former Seat.

Dr. Hugh Watt, who is out in Cariboo against Mr. Frank Barnard, is and always has been an Independent Conservative, and a man of high local standing. He has been a resident of the district for the past ten years, and has the further recommendation of being thoroughly and intelligently conversant with the great political questions of the day. The prospects before him are more than encouraging, but there is, of course, no stone being left unturned to place obstacles in his way.

There was one attempt made to forestal him by private telegraphic instructions from Ottawa to the sheriff to meet the writs at Ashcroft instead of waiting at Barkerville as is customary. Then again Dr. Watt is surgeon of the Royal Cariboo hospital, from the board of which it was necessary to obtain leave of absence before entering the field. This, the board refused, actuated by very palpable motives, notwithstanding the fact that his son, Dr. A. T. Watt, of this city, had volunteered to fill his position for the time being.

Nevertheless the doctor is out, and is fighting game, with every prospect of success.

BRIEF LOCALS.

One Day's Doings in City and Province Briefly Related.

Carpet remnants at cost at Hastie & Erskine's. *

Pocket knives, table cutlery, scissors etc., at Fox's. *

Ladies rubbers 25 cents at Martins, 47 Johnson street. *

Cabbages are selling at five cents per pound. High tariff with cabbage is not a very cheap dish.

Mens' rubbers 50 cents at Martins', 47 Johnson street. *

Cheap sideboards and bedroom suites at Hastie & Erskine's. *

The former proprietor of the Elite restaurant was fined $5 and ordered to pay a license fee of $25 this morning for not paying a license.

Another commodious hall for public meetings. See Lyceum. *

The cheapest spot on earth to buy boots and shoes is at Martins', 47 Johnson street. *

The Western Star club will hold their regular weekly dance at Victoria West this evening. The cars will run to accommodate those who attend.

Razors and a complete line of shaving materials always on hand at Fox's, 78 Government street. *

Dr. Quinlan has removed his dental office to 52½ Government street, next Bank of British Columbia. *

A horse attached to a butcher wagon ran away on Store street this morning and after colliding with a cordwood wagon, laid down in the mud.

The most unique article in furniture yet shown is the "Parlor Mantel Folding Bed," at Hastie & Erskine's. Call and see them. *

Jersey cream cheese, Stilton cheese, Edam cheese, Paragon cheese, Greier cheese, Camenbert cheese, 23 Fort street. R. H. Jameson. Telephone 128.

There is considerable ice on the Fraser, so much so that if it accumulates there will be danger attending the passage of ever so large a boat as the Louise.

Some elegant patterns of Brussels carpet for season 1891, just to hand, at Weiler Bros., successors to Jno. Weiler, 51 to 55 Fort street. *

Oysters delivered to all parts of the city. Telephone No. 161, New England Bakery Young Bros., No. 116 and 118 Government street.

The Presbytery of British Columbia continued its sessions to-day in the lecture room of St. Andrew's church. A number of matters were up for discussion during the meeting.

Two carloads of new goods in Antique Oak furniture, just received at Weiler Bros., successors to John Weiler, 51 to 55 Fort street. *

J. G. Cameron, of the Colonist hotel, has received a car of fine driving horses from Oregon. Both team and buggy horses. Gentle for ladies to drive. Can be seen at the stable, at the park.

The Queen City Building Society helps you to save money. It will aid you in building a house. You may by its means become your own landlord. Prospectus & Bylaws at 46 Fort street.

Obstructed nostrils and catarrhal conditions of nose and throat can be relieved by the new electrical process. Apparatus shown and treatment explained. Dr. Ernest Hall, late assistant in Central London Throat Hospital. Office corner of Yates and Douglas streets.

One by one the old buildings give place to those of the more modern type. The work of "pulling down" was commenced on Yates street this morning on the property belonging to Mrs. Humphries. It will give place to something better.

Removal.

Mr. Geo. S. Russell has removed his barber shop to 42 Yates street, next to W. J. Jeffrees. t.f.

Remember

Russell, McDonald & Co's., 134 Douglas street, annual boot and shoe sale, positively closes on Saturday next. It

St. Patrick's Ball.

Prof. J. Oliver, will give a grand ball at his hall on Broad street on the 17th of March. He has secured first-class music for the occasion and those attending are assured a good time. Mar5.2w

Look—Read.

2 Lots corner Cook and North Park $1850—Easy terms—A Bargain.

Lot and half Johnson street, beautiful Residential site—$2250.

2 Lots Rock Bay—$1500—Choice.

List your property with us—D. W. Morrow & Co., 60 Government street.

No Board Meeting.

Owing to a lack of sufficient members of the board of aldermen being present at 8 o'clock last night at the city hall, no meeting was held, and it has consequently been postponed until next Wednesday evening.

The Gun Club.

The Victoria Gun Club men went out to the Driving Park this afternoon to have a practice shoot. This is the first shoot of the season, but will be followed by others at a very early date. It is the intention of the club to have public shoots, at which good prizes will be competed for, during the summer and next fall.

Wedding Bells

Mr. John S. Clarke, the night operator at the C.P.R. office, was united in marriage last night to Mrs. J. F. Duncan at the Bishop's palace, Yates street, by the Rev. Father Nicolaye. Mr. L. Humber supported the groom, and Mrs. Huinber assisted her sister the bride. The happy couple left by the steamer Umatilla this morning for San Francisco, where they will spend their honeymoon.

"False Friends."

A very powerful cast of characters has been selected by Mr. Frederic Adderley, for the representation of the above domestic drama to be produced on Easter Monday at the Victoria Theatre. The drama is a departure from the style of pieces the amateurs have before presented, but this should prove welcome, and possibly be the means of discovering fresh talent.

Painful Accident.

David Henry, one of the employes in Messrs. Ledingham's carriage factory, met with a painful accident this morning. He was welding a piece of iron when his assistant accidentally brought down a 16 pound sledge on Henry's hand, which was on the anvil at the time. Dr. Milne dressed the wounded hand. It will be some days before the extent of the injuries will be known.

Agency.

Allan, Anchor, Cunard, Compagnie General, Guion, Hamburg-American, Inman, North German Lloyd and White Star Lines. Berths secured in advance by telegraph free of charge. Orders issued for pre-paid passages from Great Britain or the continent through to destination at lowest rates. Hall, Goepel & Co., fire, life and marine insurance agents, 100 Government st.

How's this for Progress?

First Councillor—"Here's a fine looking street?"

Second Councillor—"You're right there—what's best to be done with it?"

"Let's have it dug up for a sewer."

"But would'nt it be proper to pave it first?"

"Of course—I supposed you understood that. Then after it is paved, and a sewer put in we'll have it re-paved."

"Yes—all in readiness to be dug up again for the gas pipe! I see you understand the principles of municipal economy—and after we have had it repaved for the second time, then what?"

"Well then, it will be in order for widening; there's nothing I admire so much as system in the care and improvement of our roadways."

Editorial Evidence.

Gentlemen,—Your Hagyard's Yellow Oil is worth its weight in gold for both internal and external use. During the late La Grippe epidemic we found it a most excellent preventive, and for sprained limbs, etc., there is nothing to equal it.

WM. PERRENTON, Editor Delhi Reporter.

WEATHER REPORT.

The following is the weather report, compiled by Mr. F. C. Gamble, C. E., for the 24 hours ending at 1 p.m. to-day.

Victoria, B. C., March 5, 1891.

	Ther'ter	Baro'eter	Wind.	Remarks.
1 p.m	37.0	29.76	N E	Cloudy
6 p.m	37.0	29.70	N	"
10 p.m	36.0	29.65	"	Overcast
5				
6 a.m	35.6	29.73	N	Fair
1 p.m	41.0	29.74	N NE	Clear

Temperature—Highest, 41; lowest, 35.

Going South.

The steamer Umatilla sailed for San Francisco this morning with the following passengers from this port: J. S. Clarke and wife, C. W. Horner, Mrs. Northcott, Miss B. Kelly, Mrs. Goepel, Mrs Shears, Miss M. Dexter, and Thos. Burns and daughter.

New Horse and Reel.

A fine powerful horse, quick in action, has been purchased for the new hose reel for the fire department, which will arrive from Toronto in the course of two or three weeks. The new reel is to be of the two wheeled and one horse pattern, a style which on the whole has not been cared for much by metropolitan firemen, yet at the same time it will be a big improvement on the old hand reel, which was such a man-killing apparatus in the past.

Catarrh is not a local but constitutional disease, and requires a constitutional remedy like Hood's Sarsaparilla to effect a cure.

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength.—*U.S. Government Report, Aug. 17, 1889.*

NASAL BALM

NEVER FAILS CURES COLD IN HEAD AND CATARRH

It is a certain and speedy cure for Cold in the Head and Catarrh in all its stages.

SOOTHING, CLEANSING, HEALING.

Instant Relief, Permanent Cure, Failure Impossible.

Many so-called diseases are simply symptoms of Catarrh, such as headache, partial deafness, losing sense of smell, foul breath, hawking and spitting, hayfever, general feeling of debility, etc. If you are troubled with any of these or kindred symptoms, you have Catarrh, and should lose no time in securing a bottle of NASAL BALM. Be cured in time, neglected cold in head results in Catarrh, followed by consumption and death. NASAL BALM is sold by all druggists, or will be sent, post paid, on receipt of price (50 cents and $1.00) by addressing

FULFORD & CO., Brockville, Ont.

R. F. VERRINDER, M. D., D. D. S.

SPECIALIST FOR DISEASES AND SURGERY of the Mouth, Jaws, Face, Teeth and associate parts. Natural teeth restored by Implantation where they have been extracted. Crown and Bridge work attached to otherwise useless roots avoiding necessity and inconvenience of wearing plates. Calls made at residence when required. 623-tf

Office 73 Government St., Victoria, B.C

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

I. O. O. F.

THE MEMBERS ARE REQUESTED TO attend a special meeting of the above lodge for the transaction of important business which will be held on Saturday evening next at 7:30 o'clock. Visiting Brethern in good standing are invited to attend.

By order of the N. G.

R. W. FAWCETT, Rec. Sec.

mar5-3t

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

THE PARTNERSHIP HERETOFORE EXISTING between Lissett & Work as general painters at 97 Yates street has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. J. Lissett will continue the business in his own name.

mar4-1wk

TO DEPOSITORS

The British Columbia Land & Investment Agency, Ld.

(SUCCESSORS TO ALLSOP & MASON.)

In view of the low rate of interest given by the Dominion Savings Bank Department, and the restrictions imposed as to the amount to be deposited, this Company is now prepared to receive money on deposit, in large or small amounts, at interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, and on favorable terms as to notice, etc.

The offices of the Company have been removed to 40 Government street, the premises lately occupied by the Telegraph Company.

Dec. 30.

VERNON, VERNON

THE TERMINUS OF THE

SHUSWAP & OKANAGAN RAILWAY

Situated in the Heart of the Famous Okanagan Valley.

THE RAILWAY CENTRE OF THE INTERIOR

The Shuswap & Okanagan Railway is now under construction, and will be completed and in Operation to Vernon next Summer, 1891.

The Okanagan & Kootenay Railway Co. obtained a charter (with land grants of 20,000 acres per mile) to construct a railway from Vernon to Sproat's Landing, via the Coldstream Valley and Cherry Creek Mines.

A charter will be applied for at the next session of the Local Legislature to construct a Railway from Vernon south to the International Boundary, to connect with the American railway system.

This is a great chance to make money, as Vernon, being in the heart of the most extensive agricultural district in the Province, will undoubtedly become a large and flourishing city.

Arrangements have been completed with responsible parties for publishing a good weekly paper at Vernon, to commence business early in the new year. This paper will be circulated by the company in all parts of the world.

A Large Hotel will be erected early next spring, and plans for same are now ready.

PLANS OF TOWN-SITE ARE NOW IN ALL REAL ESTATE OFFICES

A large number of lots have already been sold, and most of those will have buildings erected on them early next year.
Special inducements are offered to builders. See price list. Free sites will be given to parties establishing industries.
Financial assistance will also be given to responsible parties engaging in legitimate enterprises.

ADVANCE IN PRICES.

The Company will advance prices of all central lots early next month. Intending purchasers should not delay selecting lots now in order to obtain the benefit of this advance.

Vernon is situated in a pass commanding and making tributary to it the whole of the famous Okanagan Valley and its tributary valleys, the grazing country of the Lower Nicola, the mining camps of Rock Creek, Granite Creek, Keremeos, Okanagan and Monashee Mountain, the placer diggings of Cherry Creek and Siwash Creek. It is impossible to get to any of the above places without first going through Vernon.

The opening of the Shuswap & Okanagan Railway next summer will flood this favored country with land and mining prospectors, &c, and will give a great impetus to the farming, fruit growing, grazing and mining industries. Several important industries are projected and will likely be started in Vernon next year.

The best advice we can give intending purchasers is to go and see for yourself. The C.P.R. to Sicamous, Stage from Sicamous to Vernon. Leave Vancouver on Mondays or Fridays, arrive Vernon Tuesday or Friday evening.

OKANAGAN LAND & DEVELOPMENT COMPANY, Ltd.

Maps of Town-Site and Price Lists in all Real Estate Offices.

C. B. LOCKART & CO.,

Funeral Directors and Embalmers.

PARLORS: Corner of Broad street and Trounce Avenue. au15

MUNICIPAL.

SEPARATE TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED at the office of the undersigned until Wednesday, the 11th day of March, prox., for supplying the Corporation with hardware, nails, etc., forage, lumber, coal and wood.

Forms of tender supplied at this office.

A certified cheque for $50 to accompany each tender.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. By order

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

City Clerk's office, 27th Feb. 1891. fe27-td

HEADQUARTERS FOR

CHEAP PROPERTY

House and Lot, Victoria West	$85[illegible]
Lot, Russell Street, Victoria West	55[illegible]
Lot, Esquimalt Road, " "	44[illegible]
Lot, Herewand Road, " "	35[illegible]
Lot, Parry Street, James Bay	85[illegible]
Lot, Oak Bay Avenue	35[illegible]
Eight Acres Good Land Near City, per acre	17[illegible]

Easy terms can be effected by us.

CRANE, McGREGOR & BOGGS

30 BROAD STREET.

SEE LISTS AT OFFICE.

LONDON HOSPITAL
COUGH CURE
— AT —
COCHRANE & MUNN'S
COR. YATES AND DOUGLAS.

(Morning Edition) James Cliff

Victoria Daily Times.

THE GREAT ENGLISH
REMEDY
LONDON HOSPITAL COUGH CURE
— AT —
COCHRANE & MUNN'S

VOL. 14. SPECIAL. VICTORIA, B. C., THURSDAY, MARCH 5, 1891. SPECIAL. No. 57

NELSON ISLAND GRANITE CO.
(LIMITED.)
The company is now prepared to fill all orders promptly, of the best Granite, and at the lowest possible prices.
This Granite is perfectly free from all iron rust, black knots, and other imperfections. Samples furnished on application and prices quoted. For further particulars apply to
R. L. FOX, OR TO EDWD. J. THAIN, Secretary,
P. O. Box 1,311 x Seattle. no29-6m P. O. Box 654, Victoria, B.C

CENTRAL BOOK STORE,
ALL THE LATEST BOOKS. Books and Stationery COMPLETE LINES OF PAPER.
AND ALL THE NEWEST NOVELTIES.
45 GOVERNMENT ST. J. R. KERR.

For PERFECT VISION
USE
"B. LAURANCE" SPECTACLES
A complete assortment of these goods now on hand at
John Teague, Jr.'s, 57 Yates St.
We charge no fancy prices, and guarantee a glass accurately adjusted to any sight.
Nov25 1m

Coal New Wellington Coal. Wood
T. J. LINDSAY,
124 Government street,
TELEPHONE no8

J. HUTCHESON & CO.
RECEIVED THIS DAY
145 DOZ.
Westside Maltese
KID GLOVES
WITH PATENTED STUD FASTENINGS.
PRICE, PLAIN $1.25
" EMBROIDERED 1.35
OUR GUARANTEE.
Should any customer return to us a pair not being as represented, or unsatisfactory in any particular, she will not have to wait or argue about it. We will give back the money or another pair.
J. HUTCHESON & CO.
The Westside, Feb. 21, 1891.
Fe23-tf

Electric Bells ALL DESIGNS ADDRESS R. R. McMICKING, 10 TROUNCE AVE.

VOTERS, AWAKE!!

To Your Tremendous Responsibility To-day,

Vote Conscientiously in the Interests of Victoria.

Cast Personal Liking Completely Aside.

Consider the Treatment We Have Received.

Also Consider What We are Likely to Receive if We Kiss the Hand that Smites Us, or Lick the Boot that Kicks Us—Sir John Macdonald's Government Has Done this, and Prior and Earle Have Sworn to Support Him.

Talk about enthusiasm—Never was a cause more warmly espoused than that of the opposition in this city at the election which will be decided to-day, and which, were the voters' rights not tampered with, would be a complete walk over for Templeman and Marchant.

Last night's meeting was a hearty and genuine endorsement of their policy, and if the electors' votes go along with their sentiments the stain will be removed from Victoria that she has always returned servile members of an unjust, niggardly and filching Government.

Electors, in your own interest and for the credit of this city, remove this abuse today.

His worship Mayor Grant was unanimously voted to the chair, but that worthy gentleman had not yet arrived, although he came subsequently, and elected such a cheer as only welcomes John Grant.

Hon. Senator McInnes was elected chairman, and in opening the meeting, regretted that the Conservative candidates were not present to advocate their cause in an open and manly manner. He referred to the Conservative meeting a week previous in the same place, and elicited the strong condemnation of the audience upon the scandalously unfair treatment of the Independents. Col. Prior had made some personal references to himself (the senator), and although he was promised an opportunity of replying, the audience well knew how that promise was fulfilled (hisses). Was this an honorable way for a man to act who was seeking the suffrages of this city (loud cries of "No"). As to Senator McInnes' political record, he showed conclusively from the parliamentary companion that he was

ALWAYS THOROUGHLY INDEPENDENT

in politics, favored compulsory voting, and equitable reciprocity with the United States (cheers). Senator McInnes referred to the loyalty question. This did not mean disloyalty to the Queen or British connection and institutions, but to Sir John Macdonald and his party (hear, hear). The history of the Tory party goes to show that it has been one of disloyalty to the Queen and Crown. The speaker stated, amid great cheers, that to-day's vote would result in an overwhelming defeat for Sir John and his party, because fully three-fifths of the Dominion are in favor of freer trade (great cheers).

THE PEOPLE'S JOHN SPEAKS.

Mayor Grant, having taken a seat on the platform, now came forward and was loudly welcomed. He did not intend to take part in this contest on account of his public position, but it was with some reluctance that he had decided to come forward and take part in this, one of the greatest questions that has been placed before the Dominion of Canada since confederation. In referring to Dr. Helmcken, Mr. Grant paid that gentleman a tribute of honor, but thought that he was mistaken somewhat in some of his ideas. He has changed within the last few years, (laughter) and is now on the wrong track. Mr. Grant replied to the cry of discrimination against the mother country by stating his belief that there is not a Liberal in Canada who wishes to do so. (Cheers). He was satisfied that if a commercial arrangement were entered into between Canada and the United States by the Liberals, they would also effect some equitable arrangement with the mother country—(hear, hear). He instanced the building up of England through free trade, and he thought that there might be obtained a system of free trade between Canada and the United States which would not only

BE FAIR TO BOTH COUNTRIES,

but to the old country as well—(cheers.) One thing struck him very pointedly in this election, and that was the non-revision of the voter's lists, an act which he stigmatized as one of the most culpable pieces of dishonesty in connection with political matters that had ever come to his notice on this continent—(great cheers). Why Sir John had never done anything for this province, and this city and district in particular, was because it has always sent a solid contingent to Ottawa pledged to support him. Mr. Grant proceeded to justify Mr. Templeman's statement of the accounts between this province and the Dominion, and did so to the manifest satisfaction of the meeting. That $212,000 was a mare's nest found by the Colonist. Speaking of Messrs. Prior and Earle, Mr. Grant had the greatest respect for them personally, but he did not agree with their political principles, and further, he did not think it wise to send men pledged to support one party through thick and thin. There should be sent men who will vote against the government if it is going against the interests of the city, and vote with it if it is doing the right thing—(cheers). He believed the Independent candidates, Messrs. Templeman and Marchant, would do this—(cheers)—every time, no matter who was in power. He was quite sure that if all those who were eligible to vote, had the power to exercise their right, Messrs. Templeman and Marchant would go right over with a walk—(great cheers). To his mind, if for nothing else than depriving the people of their right to vote, those who have votes would use their power to hurl out Sir John and his party for their injustice (renewed cheers). He hoped all those who consistently could, would vote for Templeman and Marchant, and thus send to represent them men who would not be afraid to speak for Victoria and Victoria's interests ("We will," cheers).

A ROYAL RECEPTION.

Mr. Templeman on coming forward was greeted with a right royal reception. It was some time before he could make himself heard, and when he expressed, from the widespread assurances of support that they would head the poll, the cheering broke out afresh. Mr. Templeman dealt in the first place with Col. Prior's position on the China steamers calling here, and showed from his own statement that if he did not vote against Mr. Davies resolution, he intended to, and as to the telegram from Mr. Davies supporting Col. Prior's statement that he wrote his intention of voting for the resolution, he wrote that note after the resolution was defeated (cheers). The question of appropriation to Victoria, Mayor Grant had relieved him considerably of discussing, but the audience listened to and emphatically endorsed his statement that this province and particularly the city did not get its just due. Col. Prior, at least, was to some extent responsible for the present franchise act, for he voted against both its repeal and amendment, and further he has not denied it.

THE TRADE QUESTION.

Mr. Templeman's position on the trade question is well known. He was in favor of closer trade relations with the United States, our natural market (hear, hear), and the trend of public opinion, judging by the recent elections, was in the same direction. It ought to be possible, therefore, for the two governments to come to effect a treaty satisfactory to both. Our import trade with the United States despite a high tariff wall, in 1888 was $9,000,000 more than with Great Britain, while we sold $2,000,000 more, showing clearly that there is no sentiment in trade. British Columbia last year imported from the United States $3,500,000 and from England $970,000. We sold to the United States $2,000,000, and from Great Britain $360,000; just three times as much in each case—(cheers); proving most conclusively that to British Columbia alone the United States is the natural, because it is the nearest, market. Would not this trade be much greater if the present barriers were removed?—(cheers). Mr. Templeman believed it in the best interests of the province for us to do so. (Renewed cheering). Mr. Templeman dealt ably with the question of loyalty, which has been raised as an election cry in this contest, and this brought to his mind the additional cry of discrimination. He showed that even Mr. Earle at one time, if he doesn't now, held the view that we wanted a nearer market for our products, and quoted in this connection from the board of trade report of 1889, which

DEPRECATED HIGH TAXATION,

and absence of closer trade relations with our neighbor to the south, and several other points. This report was signed by Robert Ward, president; Thomas Earle, vice-president, and W. Monteith, secretary—(loud cheers). Mr. Earle, however, seems to have recanted somewhat of these opinions since—(renewed applause). If we build up our trade, we increase our material prosperity; if we have increased markets we ensure this. And the nearer market the better market—(cheers). Col. Prior had taken care to tell the audience how much Mackenzie had increased the national debt, but he didn't tell them that the debt last year was $237,000,000 or $97,000,000 during the time he has been in power. Mr. Templeman's views on the Chinese question are also well known. In conclusion, he would ask the electors to support the Independents at the ballot—(great cheers).

WORKMEN INTIMIDATED.

He understood that the workingmen

[Continued on page 2.]

THE WAR IN THE EAST.

VOTERS WILL STAND BY THE LIBERAL BANNER.

The Farmers are Solid for Reciprocity, and the Cities Will Not Forget How the Combines Have Been Pampered by the Tory Government—Good Prospects for a Liberal Victory.

OTTAWA, March 4.—Excitement over elections, which take place to-morrow all over the Dominion, is greater to-night than has been the case for the past eighteen years. It is just eighteen years ago this month since Mackenzie was first returned to power, and it would be a fitting thing, as history repeats itself if the Liberal government would be again returned this month. That they will be so is foreshadowed by the fact that bets of two to one are being freely offered to-night, with but few takers. Bruce and Hamilton have spoken, and the Dominion will speak to-morrow with no uncertain sound. News from all parts of the Dominion received at the Liberal committee rooms is to this effect. The heavy snow storm, which has blocked the country roads badly, will interfere with the farmers' vote, which is looked upon as being solid for reciprocity; but they but they are determined to get there. The cities promise to do well; in London Carling will be defeated. One out out of two seats in Hamilton, if not both, will go Liberal. Ottawa will send one Liberal, Montreal will send one; St. John and Halifax will send two each.

L. J. Sergeant, general manager of the Grand Trunk railway, has written a manifesto in reply to Van Horne. It says it is in the interest of the Grand Trunk, and butter and bread to the employes, to support free trade with the States, since that railway has invested in its system in the States large sums of money, and now exchanges traffic with 400 American roads. He refutes in every particular the sentiment of humbug yet never mentions his name as a factor in aiding the elections. The Grand Trunk railway, which runs along the frontier from suspension bridge to Detroit, can wield a great influence, and decide the result in a large number of constituencies where they are contributing to the boodle fund. In conclusion, let me say that as sure as day dawn to-morrow, the Macdonald government is doomed. To elect Prior and Earle in Victoria, therefore, would be destroying that little comfort which British Columbia enjoys of having even government supporters, since both were pronounced Tories and restrictionists. Victoria should mark this before voting, and consider what five more years of combines and monopolies means. Liberals will have a good majority, with all west Manitoba with them.

THE TICKET.

Mark Your Ballots for Templeman and Marchant, the Independent Candidates.

EARLE, THOMAS, Merchant.	
MARCHANT, WILLIAM, Merchant.	X
PRIOR, EDWARD G., Merchant.	
TEMPLEMAN, WILLIAM Journalist.	X

Polling Places.

The following are the polling places for Victoria district:

District No. 1—At Mrs. Luney's residence, corner of Douglas street and King's road.

No. 2—At City Hall.

No. 3—At Temperance Hall, Pandora street.

No. 4—At D. F. Fee's store, corner of Quadra and North Park streets.

No. 5—Sheriff's office, court house.

No. 6—Harmony Hall, View street.

No. 7—At J. Brice's, 55 Kane street.

No. 8—On Government street, north of James Bay bridge.

No. 9—Engine house, Kingston street.

No. 10—The Willows, Cadboro Bay road.

No. 11—Parson's bridge.

No. 12—Metchosin school house.

Hamilton Spectator, Tory—"If you vote to help Gibson to 'a grand Liberal victory,' you vote to help to defeat the N.P. and make Hamilton a desolate wilderness." Majority for Gibson, 676.

VAN HORNE ANSWERED.

The Witness Replies Tersely to the Great Railroad Magnate.

Mr. Van Horne, the president of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company; a line which extends from the Atlantic to the Pacific, which connects Minneapolis and Chicago with the sea, and which employs twenty-three thousand men, is unquestionably a magnate. He is an American, and inasmuch as he uses a railway system which cost the people of Canada eighty-seven millions of money and seventeen million acres of land to discriminate against the Canadian and in favor of the American Northwest, he is undeniably very serviceable to his country. American or not, however, he has, like such great Canadians such as Sir John Macdonald and Mr. Laurier, issued a manifesto on the political question of the day to the Canadian people. It is possible that he did not issue this manifesto quite at his own will and pleasure. It is addressed to Senator Drummond, the head of the manufacturers' committee, and the center of the Conservative machine in this vicinity, and he may, as he in his brilliant epigrammatic style phrases it, have had the screws put on him. However that may be, Mr. Van Horne, the railway magnate, has issued a political manifesto, which every one of the twenty-three thousand voters in the employ of the Canadian Pacific must be influenced by. In so doing he has revealed the fact that a great railway can be ably run by a man who cannot reason logically on an economic question. Mr. Van Horne wants to know, in the name of common sense, what Canada has to gain by unrestricted reciprocity. He then proceeds to explain that his company is "far and away" the largest buyer of manufactured articles in Canada. In a passage of some alliterative pretensions he says he buys everything, from a needle to an anchor; and, judging from this large experience as a purchaser, he thinks unrestricted reciprocity would make Canada a slaughter market for American manufacturers, a dumping ground for the grain and flour of the Western States, and cause several other unpleasant things to happen, "all of which," the magnate oracularly declares, "would be bad for the Canadian Pacific Railway." In the name of common sense, why? If Canada is to be made a "dumping ground" and a "slaughter market," the cost of all the supplies the great railway uses must be reduced by the difference between the prices current in an artificially restricted market, and those paid in one where goods are slaughtered. The cost of running the railway must, therefore, be greatly reduced. On the other hand the Canadian Pacific Railway would, doubtless, get its due share of the freighting of all the American goods slaughtered, all the grain and flour dumped, as well as of all the Canadian produce shipped back to the United States to pay for these slaughtered and dumped goods and produce—for the Americans would not feed, clothe and warm us quite for nothing; would they, Mr. Van Horne? Thus, while the cost has been greatly diminished, the business of the Canadian Pacific would be very materially increased. The Canadian Pacific is an extraordinary railway if a reduction in expenses and an increase of business would be bad for it. Mr. Van Horne's little remarks about American jealousy of Canada, and "patriotic" consideration and "national mistakes" are too funny, in view of the fact that this Mr. Van Horne who says that the removal of artificial obstacles to trade with our neighbor would be so very bad for us, is the very man who had the Lachine and Sault Ste. Marie bridges built for the very purpose of removing natural barriers and so promoting trade with that same neighbor. Was that a patriotic thing to do? At the present time Mr. Van Horne is having a great ferry boat built to ferry trains across the Detroit river so as to make easier our trade with the Americans and he is building railways, and more particularly he is giving rates that he will not give to the Canadian trade in order to serve the same end. Is that patriotic? He is, in fact, doing all he can with eighty-seven millions of Canadian money and millions of Canadian acres to make Canada a "dumping ground" and a slaughter market.

My Pocket.

"It's my pocket that I am working for," said a member of a combine to the writer the other day. That is just it. The combines are given special privileges by act of Parliament. More than nine-tenths of the people contribute taxes to sustain the combines in their special privileges. The majority of the people have tired of the unprofitable business. They begin to think of their pockets also, and rightly conclude that with lower taxes and a bigger market in which to sell and buy, they would be better off. "The many pockets shall be taken care of, not the few," will be the verdict to-day, or we much mistake the trend of public opinion.

Where is there a city that pays higher for protection than Victoria? Templeman and Marchant will make it their business to alter this. Vote early and mark your ballot correctly.

The Tories are desperate in their efforts to save their defeat. Show your honest contempt for such despicable cowards by voting for Templeman and Marchant.

Hon. Mr. Colby—Most decidedly, from the farmers' standpoint, I know whereof I speak. . . . I say that free trade between Canada and the United States in all agricultural products would be the worst possible thing that could happen to the farmers of Canada at the present time.

Vote for { CONCILIATION! RECIPROCITY! PROSPERITY! TEMPLEMAN! and MARCHANT

WANTS.

ADVERTISEMENTS of To Let, Wanted Etc., under these heads, four lines or under 25 cents for two insertions and 25 cents each additional insertion. Cash to accompany order.

WANTED—A good Life Assurance canvasser. Address Insurance Agent, TIMES Office. mar4-3t

WANTED—Immediately a first class cook; a woman preferred. Apply at Jubilee Hospital. ma2-tf

WANTED—By an American lady, age 22 years, a situation in British Columbia as governess to take charge of children under 12. First class Victorian reference. Address X. Y. TIMES Office. dw feb28-tf

TO LET.

TO LET—One or two rooms and kitchen; all well furnished. 63 Superior street, James Bay, cars pass the door. mar4-tf

TO LET—A comfortable home in a private family for a gentleman; house pleasantly situated on car line; 5 minutes walk from Post Office; terms moderate. Address F. P., TIMES office. fe28-tf

TO LEASE—For a term of years that part of Strawberry Vale Farm fronting on the Arm; containing 117½ acres, suitable for a market garden, milk ranch or a gentleman's suburban residence; splendid boating, bathing, fishing and shooting facilities. Apply to John J. Russell, P.O. Box 302, Victoria. fe

TO LET—1 suite pleasant rooms James Bay. Apply Crane, McGregor & Boggs, 30 Broad Street. feb26-1w

TO LET—Two new cabins and a small house; also small house and lot for sale. Apply to T. W. Pierre, 32 Pioneer street. fe25-tf

TO LET—Furnished room for gentleman. Bath, hot and cold water. Handy to town. Terms moderate. Address G. H. K., TIMES Office. feb16-tf

TO LET—Offices and rooms Turner Block. Crane, McGregor & Boggs, 30 Broad street. fe12 1m

TO LET—Two or three furnished bedrooms in a private family in James Bay; quite near the tramway. Address box 245, G.P.O., Victoria, B.C. fe12-tf

FIRST CLASS accommodation for housekeeping. Rooms and kitchen completely furnished. 63 Superior street. Cars pass the door. jan26-tf

TO LET—House with 7 rooms and bath; rent $25 a month. Enquire of J. A. Lawrence, No. 46 Government street. jan27-tf

TO LET—New and nicely furnished rooms with or without fire; by day, week or month. Apply 53 Yates street. no28-tf

TO LET.—After July 1st, the handsome residence Maplehurst, 133 Blanchard street, unfurnished. Apply C. W. Rhodes. ap18-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Eggs for setting from pure bred Plymouth Rock chickens; also a few hens for sale. Address T. Whitwell, 25 Parkington street, city. mar2-1m

FOR SALE—A new fishing boat. Enquire at the San Francisco restaurant, 67 Johnson street. mar2-1w

FOR SALE—Cheap, a good hotel business. Address "Hotel," TIMES office. fe7-tf

FOR SALE—Cheap; a five roomed house and lot 60x140. Apply on the premises, 19 Pioneer street or 96 Yates street. ja24-tf

FOR SALE—New 7-roomed houses; bath, hot and cold water; all modern conveniences. Apply J. Holland, city. de8-tf

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oct9

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15—Acres, Carey road (chicken ranch); $4500.

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WHAT THE TARIFF IS.

Hon. Oliver Mowat.

What is a tariff? It is a tax—a tax levied by the General Government upon commodities that the laboring man, as well as others, use. It is a tax that takes hold of everything, from the crown of your hat to the sole of your feet; that taxes your hat, your coat, your vest, you, breeches, your boots, your shirt, each and every implement which you use in your mechanical mining, fishing, lumbering and agricultural operations. And now to tell me that to take the laboring man and tax him from the top of his head to the soles of his feet, and to tax him on everything that he uses in his trade, and to tax him heavily, is to benefit him, seems to me to be nothing but absurdity.

DO YOUR DUTY.

Those whose fortune it was to listen to the speeches last night not alone of the candidates but of Senator McInnes and Mayor Grant, could scarcely have failed to be impressed with their candour, their logic and the absence of anything that could disturb the susceptibilities of the most ardent loyalist. Compared with the disingenuous efforts of the representatives of the "family compact" and red parlor to prejudice the electorate against unrestricted reciprocity the frank utterances of Messrs. Templeman and Macdonald afforded a pleasing contrast. Let no man be deceived as to the merits of reciprocity, and let no man question the loyalty of Messrs. Templeman and Marchant. Disloyalty to the red parlor does not necessarily mean disloyalty to British connection. CANADA TO-DAY EXPECTS EVERY WORKINGMAN TO DO HIS DUTY, WHICH IS: VOTE FOR TEMPLEMAN AND MARCHANT.

ANOTHER REASON WHY MESSRS. PRIOR AND EARLE SHOULD REMAIN AT HOME.

What the result of to-day's election will be no man may safely venture to predict, although it seems to be morally certain that at the worst the Liberals will so increase their minority as to virtually deprive the "Old Man" of his claws. With only nine majority as the Toronto Telegram has predicted, Sir John, if not exactly as sweet scented, may compare himself to the rose between two thorns, or to carry out the idea further, the "Old Man" in the event of a reduced majority, will find in the red parlor and the powerful Liberal minority, two thorns in the flesh. If he ventures to suggest an expansive trade policy he will call down upon his head the curses of the bloated bondholders, while if he shows an unmistakable intention of sticking to these gentry to the bitter end, a turmoil will eventuate which sooner or later must prove his political destruction. But the feature at this juncture to which we would call attention is this: Would not Messrs. Prior and Earle feel like cats in a strange garret should the Liberals carry the day in the east as there is every probability they will? What a pretty figure these agents of the combinesters would cut in a house in which Liberals predominated. And would not British Columbia feel ashamed of herself for sending to Ottawa a solid contingent of N.P. faketers, men who could not say that they were identified with the Dominion's great movement in the direction of unrestricted trade? To save the province the humiliation of such a thing, and to prevent Messrs. Prior and Earle from going down to posterity as a brace of reactionists and monopoly lovers, we suggest that the electors vote that these misguided patriots remain at home. Save me from my friends, many a man has been compelled to say. In view of impending results these gentlemen might well utter this sentiment and their friends should accommodate them.

MENDACIOUS TO THE LAST.

The Colonist this morning, as we expected would be the case, is as full of campaign lies as it could well be without issuing a supplement. If the lies were plausible, if they were decently well told lies that would deceive any but the most unwary, we should feel for the Colonist the pride which is experienced by the profession for the exploits of their contemporaries of the same guild. But the lies of the Colonist are shallow, transparent lies, the lies of the hired liar. What are these lies? These lies are that it undertakes to make the Liberal party responsible for the doings of a mercenary writer like Farrer, and for the expressions of a man like Wiman, who, with a million of other Canadians, sought in the States the livelihood which the Tory policy denied him in Canada. Messrs. Templeman and Marchant utterly repudiate Messrs. Farrer and Wiman as Liberals. These men are annexationists, just want the Tories were until they discovered in protection a simple but effective method of brigandage. The Liberals are no more responsible for the sayings and doings of Messrs. Farrer and Wiman than is Col. Prior responsible for the "Pacific scandal." But we have no need to further pass on the unscrupulous methods of the Colonist. The Colonist's reputation for brazen-faced mendacity is so well known in this city that, like the boy who cried wolf, its assertions are no longer heeded. In view of the fact that the Tories in 1849 declared for annexation, and particularly since within quite a recent period they enunciated the beautiful and loyal sentiment, "SO MUCH THE WORSE FOR BRITISH CONNECTION," the cartoon representing Liberal leaders, "laying out the Grit plan of campaign" suggests that a SHORT MEMORY is as prominent a feature of the Tory make up as is MONOPOLY and CHINESE CHEAP LABOR. As has been frequently stated in these columns the Tory plan of campaign is represented by fraud and mendacity. "The laying out of the Grit campaign" proves it. When the Liberals shall have issued an address manifesto the opportunity will have arrived for the pot to call the kettle black. Until however, the Liberals specifically declare for annexation the Tories will do well not to paint their opponents as black as themselves.

It was the Tories who sought annexation more than once and the Liberals justly rebuked them. Rebuke them now for dragging the old flag in the mire to save the combines an corruption. Vote for Templeman and Marchant.

HE WORKED AGAINST CANADA.

One of the men now howling against unrestricted reciprocity and accusing the Canadian Reformers of disloyalty is Sir John Thompson, minister of justice. And who is Sir John Thompson? He is the man who in 1878 accepted a retainer from the United States government to argue against Canada before the Halifax Fisheries commission. He took the shilling from the Yankees to fight against our country. He sold his services to the Washington government for a few paltry dollars, and tried to make out that the Canadian fisheries were worth nothing. And now this mercenary hypocrite seeks to pose as a loyalist and to accuse better men than himself of "treason" and disloyalty to Canada. He is a worthy follower of the man who helped hoist the Stars and Stripes over the Kingston city hall. Fortunately the arguments of Canada's Liberal counsel—Messrs. Davies Doutre, Wetherbie and others on behalf of the Dominion were more powerful than Sir John Thompson's efforts on behalf of the Yankees, and hence Canada secured an award of $5,500,000 in her favor from the Halifax commission. But the fact remains that our ultra loyal minister of justice accepted American gold to plead against his country's cause before an international tribunal; just as he is now pleading the cause of combinesters and monopolists against the cause of the Canadian people. Away with the traitor.

"Why, gentlemen, the greatest annexation power in Canada the past 20 years has been the Conservative party."

There is no question of annexation The Tories raise that to shelter their bribery and corruption.

PALPABLY FRAUDULENT.

The cartoon on the first page of the Colonist, representing Sir John borne aloft on the shoulders of two workingmen only lack this much of being perfect. Sir John should have been represented as the Old Man of the Sea, an old gentleman every reader of the "Arabian Nights" is familiar with. What is the record of Sir John as the workingman's friend? It is this:—He would not consent to the imposition of the 50 per capita tax on the Chinese until the Canadian Pacific railway should have been built, and only then did he consent to it as the alternative of losing the political support of British Columbia. Sir John represented as the friend of the workingman is as incongruous and as far from the truth as would be Jay Gould represented as Master Workman of the Knights of Labor. It is as much a matter of surprise as of amusement that the Colonist should depict Sir John as the workingman's friend. That Sir John should permit himself to be pictured thus, and that the Colonist should lend itself to the deception indicates beyond a doubt that in point of trying to carry this election by fraud, both have been tainted with the same stick.

THE MORNING PUCK.

(A FAR WAY OFF.)

"Hunting for a policy" is the subject of another cartoon in our morning contemporary. The inappropriateness of this cartoon, is, if such a thing was possible, more pronounced than that of Sir John as the friend of labor. The policy of the Liberals is not of the microscopic kind and also how comes it that the Tories have raised such a hue and cry about it. If the Liberal policy is difficult to find, how shall we account for Col. Prior's trepidation the Union Jack in the Colonist and the musings of our amiable townsman Dr. Helmcken. The Tories are not only thick skinned but thick witted, or they would not insult the common sense of the electors of this city with cartoons which have neither point nor relevance to recommend them.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The Colonist's *bete noir*, JOHN GRANT, spoke for the first time last night on the issues of the hour, and as usual when he essays to do anything, he spoke well. Mayor Grant alluded pointedly to the attitude of the government in relation to the voters' lists, and deplored the spirit in men who, for a purely selfish purpose, had connived at the disfranchisement of 120,000 Canadian citizens. And in respect of the failure of the government to do its duty by the citizens of Canada, Mayor GRANT held that Col. PRIOR was as deep in the mud as the government was in the mire. He the Colonel, had opposed all amendments to accelerate and facilitate the registration of voters. This itself was enough to condemn the Colonel and the government in the eyes of reasonable men. Were workingmen prepared to support a government which deliberately and with malice aforethought had disfranchised them?

Say Canada has a population of 5,000,000 people or 800,000 families, and that each family saves $100 per year by the lowering of prices through free trade, this would make a total saving of $80,000,000, or sufficient to build another transcontinental railroad from ocean to ocean.

The TIMES is the recipient of evidence of the most unqualified character to the effect that employers are "bull dozing" and otherwise intimidating their employes as to whom they should vote for. It would be needless to mention names. It is sufficient to say that the "bull dozers" and intimidators are all Tories. We would say to the workingman, don't be "bull dozed." The ballot is secret. By no means in the world can the Tory employer tell for whom his employe has voted. Further, if it should so happen that anyone should lose his job on account of his political leanings the TIMES will not only undertake to find him employment but will "roast" the guilty employer until he shall sigh for the shades infernal regions as a cool refreshing spot. There shall be no "bull dozing" if the TIMES can help it. The TIMES means what it says in respect to the scorching that it will give "bull dozers" if the crime can be clearly established against them.

John Grant spoke with no uncertain sound last night. He is the voice of the people, and he wants them to vote in their own interests and for MARCHANT and TEMPLEMAN.

The workingmen have a straight issue before them, namely, shall Canada have broader trade relations with the States and with the world, or not? This is the issue, neither more nor less; except, perhaps, the Chinese question, which, as a matter of fact, is a standing issue and will continue to be so, so long as there are Chinese to be employed by salmon canners and railways. Loyalty we want to impress on workingman, is a false issue, a "fake" employed by monopolists and Chinese lovers to divide the working classes. No workingman can afford to cast a ballot for the Colonel and Chinese employer, Earle. The workingman who does so, votes against his own interest. The Chinese question is a no new question with the TIMES, nor is the TIMES opposing the Tory candidates because Messrs. Templeman and Marchant are in the field. What the TIMES advises, therefore, may be assumed to be fairly disinterested. Vote then, workingmen, as your interests demand. Do not let the hypocritical cry of disloyalty influence you to support two men who have only sat in parliament to wear out the seats of their breeches.

Polling Places.

The following are the polling places for Victoria:

District No. 1—At Mrs. Lenger's residence, corner of Douglas street and King's road.
No. 2—At City Hall.
No. 3—At Temperance Hall, Pandora street.
No. 4—At D. F. Fee's store, corner of Quadra and North Park streets.
No. 5—Sho. Takoff's cook house.
No. 6—Harmony Hall, View street.
No. 7—At J. Bloomfield's, Kane street.
No. 8—On Government street, north of James Bay bridge.
No. 9—Engine house, Kingston street.
No. 10—The Willows, Cadboro Bay road.
No. 11—Parson's bridge.
No. 12—Metchosin school house.

Sailors vote for sailors rights and prosperity to shipping.

VOTERS, AWAKE!

(Continued from page 1.)

had been intimidated with threats of dismissal and so on, if they voted against the government, and it was also stated generally that the ballot would not be a secret one—(shame). Now, Mr. Templeman wanted to disabuse the minds of the workingmen on this account. The ballot is absolutely secret, and voters can cast their ballots as they choose. Let us have a fair and square fight, and he believed the victory would be on their side (great cheers). They appealed, not to the prejudices, but to the intelligence of the people (cheers) and trusted to it for a just verdict (renewed cheers).

Senator McInnes told the audience a little secret about where some of the British Columbia money goes. The government has given a million dollars to bonus the C.P.R. short line to St. John, N.B.; [illegible] of this money was through a foreign country, while the Tories are now refunding a portion of the State of Maine. That's how some of the money goes (cheers).

REAL MUSIC AND ORATORY.

It was no got up cheer of a "paddy meeting" that greeted Mr. Marchant. It was a reception equally royal, enthusiastic and spontaneous as that which was accorded his colleague; and his cleverness of repartee, and natural wit being well known, he was a favorite in all directions. He was very pleased at the comparative absence of personalities from this contest, since there were a few indulged in by the pre-eminent newspaper we call the Colonist (laughter) and a few anonymous writers. There were also a couple or so who had the courage to sign their names. There were some strange people there. Capt. McCullum as an annexationist pure and simple had a perfect right to choose his associates, birds of a feather, etc. (loud laughter). Mr. James Angus had also taken notice of Mr. Marchant (renewed merriment). And altogether he was favored with names from economy to Judas, to a Baptist minister (each name was greeted with uproarious laughter). A Conservative gentleman told him the other day that if he wanted to win an election he would take a hundred dollars into the Colonist office and [illegible]

ASK IT TO KEEP SILENT.

This statement was received with genuine laughter. He created some considerable merriment by his reference to the Conservative meeting on the previous Wednesday evening, but in answering the question at issue, showed by thoroughly sensible arguments that the question of trade has nothing to do with sentiment. Our loyalty is not brought into question or danger by advocating a larger measure of trade (cheers). But if necessary, he avowed his unfaltering attachment to the British flag (cheers), his unwavering allegiance to the British Crown and he honestly believed that the best policy of Canada is to maintain untouched her connection with the mother land (cheers). He was astonished to find the question of loyalty brought in here in a matter of business—it was childish.

Col. Prior said he did the best he could for Victoria (whistles and "Oh").

Did he get the revenue cutter built here? No. Then so much the worse for the government that refused (cheers).

There were harbor improvements needed; did he get them? No. Then so much the worse for the government (cheers).

Did he get the China steamers to call here? ("No.") Then so much the worse for the government (great cheers).

Did he get a subsidy for the Victoria and Saanich railway? ("No.")

But he tried to get a car shed (great laughter). Did he get it? ("No.") Then so much the worse for the government (uproar). And so on through the list of customs, postoffice buildings, decent salaries for the postmen.

Therefore are the electors asked to vote to send men to Ottawa.

FREE AND UNTRAMMELED.

The electors are are asked to proclaim a matrimonial alliance between Col. Prior, Mr. Earle and the government. Mr. Marchant would ask the voters to forbid the banns (cheers). Col. Prior quoted a lot of statistics but he did not say anything about the trade statistics which Sir John is purposely withholding (cheers). He told the people that Canadians were taxed only at about $4 per head. He forgot the enormous amount of indirect taxation paid under a high tariff (cheers). Col. Prior also carefully concealed the fact that Sir John has added

ONE HUNDRED MILLION DOLLARS

to the public debt—(great cheers)—and lastly, about Col. Prior, he should never write a letter. (Laughter and cheers).

Mr. Earle had declared himself a politician, and Mr. Marchant would not argue the point—(laughter)—but did strike the electors that a man not conversant with public affairs, and unable to discuss them, was the proper man to send to Ottawa—(hear, hear). Mr. Marchant was of opinion that if Mr. Earle would only give close study to the questions of the day, he would be on that platform advocating the policy that the reform party are advocating to-day—(cheers). Mr. Marchant scored good points on both Mr. Wilson and Mr. James Angus, the latter of whom had an interest in the Vancouver sugar industry, and was therefore right in preaching protection. (Cheers).

As to the independents themselves they declared their absolute independency on all British Columbia and particularly Victoria matters, otherwise their principles were with the reform party—(cheers). Mr. Marchant's concluding remarks were warmly hopeful of victory, and were cheered to the echo. Finally he had to come for war again and hoist his anti-annexation [illegible]

Mr. R. H. West was of opinion that if the electors do their duty they will show that the Independent candidate and their supporters are on the right path. Everybody knew how the republican party of the United States had raised the cry of patriotism to sidetrack the electors from the issues that were being discussed. This is exactly what Sir John Macdonald and his party are raising the cry of loyalty for to-day. They want to sidetrack the electors from the national issues. He [illegible] that all through the Dominion and the States the men who were standing up for labor [illegible] years ago [illegible]

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Mild and Effective. If your liver is off on a picnic try a box. If you have indigestion try a box.

STOP THAT COUGH!

BRADEN'S COUGH CURE, the Great English Cough Remedy, for Coughs and Colds. Especially recommended for children when suffering from Whooping Cough and Croup.

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Warranted absolutely free from Lead, Arsenic, and other poisonous substances, which enter into the composition of all cheap preparations. 50 cents per box.

PRESCRIPTION STORE.

Campbell's Magic Corn Cure

No need for you to go limping around out of temper when 25c. will give permanent relief.

of them had supported it. They have had their eyes opened, however, and now they can see the benefits to be derived from unrestricted reciprocity. He himself had worked for protection in 1878, but he could see through it now. It seemed very plausible then, but what has it done for the Dominion? If the tariff barrier is to be kept up between Canada and the States what is the use of building the Saanich and New Westminster railway? Sweep away the barrier by electing the men who will do that.

Hon. A. N. Richards was called upon but was unable to speak on account of a sore throat, so W. A. Robertson took his place and showed how working men were being abused by the N.P.

The meeting closed with a sincere vote of thanks to the hon. chairman, and many ringing cheers for the candidates, after the strains of the national anthem from the fife and drum band.

Unrestricted reciprocity would add immensely to our shipping, for then our ships could trade freely from port to port.

Was the N. P. Has Done.

"Free Trade" writes from Bellevue:—"We were told by Sir John Macdonald years ago that if we would let him put into operation his great N. P. we would soon see manufactories springing up all over our country. Of course we thought he meant manufactories of all kinds of machinery and indeed of pretty much all the necessaries of life. But judging from results he didn't mean that kind at all. He evidently meant manufactories of luxuries, and such luxuries that very few people care about having. The N.P. has wonderfully helped to manufacture the luxury of hard times; to manufacture mortgages untold on our farms and homes; to manufacture the good raw material of loyal young Canadians into the finished product of good citizens of the United States; to manufacture the money-making, contented farmer into a money-losing, discontented farmer, and to manufacture hundreds of good Conservatives into good Liberals. It may be that Sir John did not intend to encourage these new factories to spring up all over the land, but such has been the result. Who now can say the N.P. has not developed new industries? Let us hope the people will rise and sweep these factories out of our midst.

Ever sailor should vote for free ships and free ports.

More ships, more sailors, more money.

Polling Place.

The following are the polling places for Victoria district:

District No. 1—Mrs. Luney's residence, corner Douglas street and King's road.
No. 2—At City Hall.
No. 3—At Temperance Hall, Pandora street.
No. 4—At D. F. Fee's store, corner of Quadra and North Park streets.
No. 5—Sheriff's office, court house.
No. 6—Harmony Hall, View street.
No. 7—At J. Bryce's 55 Kane street.
No. 8—On Government street, north of James Bay bridge.
No. 9—Engine house, Kingston street.
No. 10—The Willows, Cadboro Bay road.
No. 11—Parson's bridge.
No. 12—Metchosin school house.

More employment and better wages for teams and teamsters.

Ships will pay better and wages go up.

Vote for CONCILIATION! RECIPROCITY! PROSPERITY! TEMPLEMAN! and MARCHANT!

"When the Conservative press and speakers raise the cry of disloyalty against the Liberals they raise a standard of lies."

Pelor and Earle for the combines and high taxation; Templeman and Marchant for living wages, living prices and prosperity.

Loyalty to Whom?

Talking about Loyalty with a big L, that was a good answer made by a celebrated English statesman, who replied:—"Sir, I am loyal to His Majesty, but it does not necessarily follow that I must be loyal to His Majesty's manservant or maid-servant, his ox or his ass."

Canadians may be loyal to Canada and Queen, but it does not necessarily follow that they are bound to be loyal to Mr. Carling or John A. Macdonald.

Woodstock manufacturers, employing 400 hands, endorse unrestricted reciprocity. Tories of '49 signed for annexation.

Remember this loyalty cry is a Tory subterfuge. Discountenance it with contempt by voting for Templeman and Marchant.

A CUP OF GOOD COFFEE
— BOILING HOT —
Is Just the thing for this weather.
A good square dinner for 25c is still better at the ELITE.
fe21-tf AMORSEN.

F. G. Richards,
JUNIOR,
51 YATES STREET, VICTORIA.

GENUINE SNAPS
— THAT NEED NO —
Chromos, etc.

3 Acres, corner Gorge road and Harriet street 300 feet water frontage on the Gorge..... $9,500
600 feet in depth; splendid buy: no other property like it in the market
Beautiful 2-story residence; two lots; fine corner..... 6,750
Large cottage; two lots; corner... 4,500
Corner lot; Yates street..... 6,500
3 cottages; James Bay; easy terms each..... 1,900
2 lots; Rithet street; 54x180; each. 925
Lot; Menzie street..... 950
Lot; South Turner..... 850
Several nice lots; Fernwood; each 400
2 lots; corners; Pine street, Victoria West; each..... 875
Fine 2-story residence, Quadra street..... 5,500
Business lot; Yates street, below Government..... 15,000
2 nice lots Harrison street, near Yates street..... 750
1 lot San Juan avenue, James Bay..... 550
1 lot Croft street, James Bay.... 900
25 fine lots Victoria West on line of tramway; easy terms.....

Money to Loan,
Houses to Rent,
Interest and Rents Collected

CONVEYANCING
Carefully Attended To.

—THE—
Victoria Collegiate SCHOOL.
103 GOVERNMENT STREET,

PRINCIPAL---Rev. I. B. Pegg, Greek Honorsman, 1st Lat.: Technology, Sc. Dip. Late School of Mines, and F.S.Sc. and Lit. London, &c.
DAY PUPILS---$8 per month.
EVENING PUPILS---$5 per month.
ADULT STUDENTS can take special subjects.
BOARDERS---$260 per annum or $25 per month.

S.S. HYAMS
ONLY OPTICIAN IN TOWN.

OPTICIAN, 27 FORT STREET, ONE DOOR from Government, Victoria, B. C. Perfected Spectacles and Eye Glasses always on hand and carefully adjusted to sight; twenty five years' experience in fitting glasses. Satisfaction guaranteed. OPTICAL GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. dec29-1y

B. C. POTTERY AND TERRA COTTA CO. (Limited).
Authorized Capital, $60,000
OFFICE
51 YATES STREET (Upstairs)
WORKS,
CONSTANCE COVE ROAD,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Vitrified Sewer Pipe,
Agricultural Drain Tile,
Terra Cotta Ware,
Chimney Tiles and Tops,
Flower Pots, Etc.

Ornamental Work for Buildings
A SPECIALTY.
Nov13-3m

French Corsets

A Good Shape 5-hook Corset, in drab, for..... $1.25
A Strong French Coutille Corset, in drab, spoon, for 1.25
do. do. do. do. same shape as the original P.D. 1.50
A Beautiful Cream Corset, perfect shape..... 1.50
A splendid shaped Common Sense Corset..... 1.75
A long Black Sateen good Shaped Corset..... 2.00
A long Black Sateen well boned Corset..... 2.50
The improved P. D. extra long in Satin..... 2.75
The Improved P. D. extra long in drab French coutille..... 2.75

Canadian Corsets from 50 cents upwards.

A big lot of children's Woolen Stockings from 10c per pair.

Men's Woolen Undershirts from 65c each.

Men's Ribbed Cotton undershirts from 37½c.

Men's Heavy Cardigan Jackets from 25c.

Comforters and Blankets at cost.

A choice line of French Dress Goods 25c per yard.

A good Heavy Grey Blanket for $2.90.

Grey Flannels from 16½c y'd

A splendid White Cotton no dressing 10c y'd.

A fine White Cotton no dressing 12½c.

A large range of White Embroideries from 8⅓c y'd.

Wide Canton Flannel 12 yds. for $1.00.

A lot of remnants of Carpet, very cheap.

Argyle House
83 DOUGLAS ST.
WM. O'REILLY & CO.

DR. OWEN'S
ELECTRIC BELTS
And Spinal Appliances.
HEAD OFFICE—CHICAGO, ILL.

Patented in Canada. Patented at home, 1887.

Dr. Owen's Electro-Galvanic Body Belt and Suspensory will cure the following: All Rheumatic Complaints, Lumbago, General and Nervous Debility, Constipation, Kidney Diseases, Nervousness, Trembling, Insomnia, Wasting of the Body, Exhaustion, Female Weakness, &c. This is the Latest and Greatest improvement ever made and is superior to all others. Every buyer of an Electric Belt wants the latest—this we will find in the Owen Belt. It differs from all others, as it is a Battery Belt, and not a chain, circle or wire belt. It will cure all complaints curable by Electricity or a Galvanic Battery. The Electric Current can be tested by anyone before it is applied to the body. If you write enclose this paper will buy no other. It has cured hundreds where the doctors have failed. Write for Testimonials and Illustrated Catalogues, enclosing 6c. postage.

The Owen Electric Belt Co.,
71 King St, West, Toronto.
G. C. PATTERSON, Mgr. for Canada.
ja26-m-w-fm

JOSEPH SEARS,
Painter, Glazier, Paper Hanger.
Dealer in Paints, Oils, Colors, Varnishes, Brushes, Window Glass, Plate Glass, Wall Paper, etc.
114 YATES ST.

BELYEA & GREGORY,
BARRISTERS & SOLICITORS.
OFFICE:
White House Block, Victoria, B. C.
P. O. BOX 383.

Better times for storekeepers, carpenters, sail-makers, painters, blacksmiths, longshoremen and workingmen of all kinds.

IMPERIAL CREAM TARTAR BAKING POWDER
TRADE MARK
PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST,
CONTAINS NO
Alum, Ammonia, Lime, Phosphates,
OR ANY INJURIOUS SUBSTANCE.
E. W. GILLETT, TORONTO, ONT. CHICAGO, ILL.
MANUFACTURER OF
THE CELEBRATED ROYAL YEAST CAKES
GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.

W. BAKER & Co.'s Breakfast Cocoa
from which the excess of oil has been removed, is
Absolutely Pure and it is Soluble.
No Chemicals
are used in its preparation. It has *more than three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, *costing less than one cent a cup.* It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, EASILY DIGESTED, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health.
Sold by Grocers everywhere.
W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.
A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength.—*U.S. Government Report, Aug. 17, 1889.*

NASAL BALM
NEVER FAILS
CURES COLD IN HEAD AND CATARRH
It is a certain and speedy cure for Cold in the Head and Catarrh in all its stages.
SOOTHING, CLEANSING, HEALING.
Instant Relief, Permanent Cure, Failure Impossible.
Many so-called diseases are simply symptoms of Catarrh, such as constant colds, partial deafness, losing sense of smell, foul breath, hawking and spitting, mucus, general feeling of debility, etc. If you are troubled with any of these or kindred symptoms you have Catarrh, and should not delay time in procuring a bottle of Nasal Balm. Be warned in time. Sequestered old to head results in Catarrh, Deafness by consumption and death. Nasal Balm is sold by all druggists, or will be sent, post paid, on receipt of price (50 cents and $1.00) by addressing
FULFORD & CO.,
Brockville, Ont.

B. C. Trade and Labor Club
C3P, PANDORA AND GOVERNMENT STS.

THE ABOVE CLUB WILL BE PERMANENTLY opened for the convenience of members, and the information of the public, on and after the evening of Friday, March 6th at 8 p.m. The benefits of this club are for society or non-society men and boys from 14 years and upwards. Initiation fee, men $1.00, boys 50c. Among the benefits are, reading, amusement, writing, library, smoking and other rooms. All working men are cordially invited.

For rent—Large and small hall, for terms apply on the premises.

W. H. IRELAND,
Gen. Secretary.
mar1-3t

To the Electors of Victoria City and District.

GENTLEMEN,—As promised in my reply to your magnificent requisition asking me to stand for re-election as one of your representatives in the Dominion House of Commons, I now lay before you my views on the main questions of the day affecting this district and the Dominion.

I will first say that I come before you as a supporter of Sir John A. Macdonald and his party. I do so because I believe him to be by far the ablest statesman Canada has, and that the policy he is following is the right one, and the only one that can raise Canada to the high position amongst nations which she is bound to take if properly governed.

Since being a member of the House of Commons I have seen that it is utterly useless being an Independent. So long as the Government of the country is carried on on party lines, so long must a man adhere to either one side or the other. An Independent member has no weight with either party unless the Government is sustained by a very narrow majority indeed.

There are of course occasions when minor questions affecting a particular district or province come up, and on which a member feels that he must vote against his party for the good of his constituents, but on all strictly party questions, affecting the Dominion as a whole, a member must be true to his party.

I hold that a man should make up his mind before entering political life as to which party he is in sympathy with, and then stick to them. If every man were to consider himself free to vote as he might think best at the moment on every question that came up, no man, however clever a statesmen he might be, could carry on a government for a week.

I am strongly in favor of reciprocity with the United States in some natural products, such as coal, fish, lumber and ores, but I am decidedly opposed to unrestricted reciprocity, as I firmly believe that Canada would then again become a slaughter market for the over-production of the American manufacturer, and thereby many of our now thriving manufactories and industries would be hopelessly ruined, carrying distress and poverty to thousands of our now happy and prosperous mechanics and artisans.

I deprecate the conduct of the leaders of the Liberal party in lowering the dignity of Canada by begging for reciprocity from the United States, as they have done lately. Let the Americans first show their willingness to meet us on a fair basis; and, if they do that, I have no doubt that mutual advantages will accrue from any negotiations undertaken. As yet, there is no authority to show that they have ever shown the slightest disposition to open the question at all. Unrestricted reciprocity with the United States would necessarily mean discrimination in tariff against England. This the Mother Country would never stand, and still continue to give us the benefit of her protection.

We must then either abandon the project altogether, or throw ourselves into the arms of Uncle Sam, as we are not strong enough to protect ourselves. Are you ready to do this? I for one am not, and I trust and believe that comparatively few in Canada are. The land in Canada is every bit as good as in the United States. Her people are just as intelligent, industrious and independent. Then why not let us remain under the British Flag that has protected us so long, and by our own exertions and energy and enterprise build up in time a nation just as great, just as powerful, and just as wealthy as our southern neighbor.

I am very much dissatisfied with the small amount of money expended by the Dominion Government in Public Works in British Columbia and more particularly in Victoria. Seeing that *this city* alone pays considerably more than *one million* dollars per annum into the Dominion Treasury. I think no one can deny that we should get a great deal more in return than we do.

I have endeavored in the past to remedy this, but I am sorry to say with but partial success. If, however, I am again honored with your confidence, I shall continue even more strenuously than ever to urge upon the Government the necessity of placing larger sums upon the estimates for Victoria.

Amongst the many improvements urgently required I may mention a new Post Office and Custom House. These are badly needed owing to the immense increase in trade and population that has taken place here during the past few years. A large expenditure is also needed in our harbor. I have repeatedly brought the above matters before the Government and have received assurances which I trust in the near future may be acted upon.

I shall, if elected, give my hearty support to the members for Nanaimo and New Westminster Districts in any endeavor they may make to have more lights, beacons and buoys placed on our coast.

I shall also continue to urge upon the Government the paramount necessity of their inserting a clause in any charter given to any subsidized line of steamers running either to China or Australia, making it imperative that they call at Victoria on every trip.

I shall again bring to the notice of the Government the necessity of increasing the pay of some of the civil servants in this Province. It is manifestly unfair to pay the same salaries here that they do in Eastern Canada, where living is so very much cheaper. It is, to my mind, offering a premium on dishonesty, and is degrading the civil service. It is an insult to ask educated, intelligent men to work for less than a Chinese laborer demands. The fact that men are found who are willing to take the positions, is no argument in its favor. When men are hard up they will take almost anything in order to get food for their families, but that is no reason why the Public Treasury should benefit by their misfortunes.

I am in favor of a subsidy being granted by the Dominion to the Victoria, Saanich and New Westminster Railway Co., and should, if elected, continue to urge the Government to make a substantial grant for that purpose.

The Chinese question is one of grave moment. I shall use my best endeavors to have the anti-Chinese clause inserted in all charters granted to companies who are assisted by subsidies either of land or money from the Dominion Government.

If the present per capita tax is found not to be sufficient to stay the tide of immigration, I shall favor an increased tax.

Believing that the Victoria Trades and Labor Council is composed of men capable of taking a dispassionate view of the subject, and who have a thoroughly practical knowledge of the question, and also that they directly represent the great body of men who are most affected by this class of labor, I shall on all occasions be very largely guided by their wishes in regard to this subject.

The time has arrived in my opinion when the Dominion Government should be urged to assist in building another dry dock at Esquimalt. By far the best place for a new dock is alongside the present one. It can be built cheaper than anywhere else, and can be run more economically than elsewhere, as the same staff and same engines and pumps now used for the present dock could be utilized for the new one. I shall use my best efforts to have this matter favorably reported upon.

In conclusion, allow me to say that if you decide to again place me in the proud position of one of your representatives, I shall, on all occasions, both in and out of the House of Commons, endeavor to act in such a manner as to reflect credit on the constituents, the city and district which I shall have the honor to represent.

I have the honor to be gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
E. G. PRIOR.

To the Electors of Victoria City District.

GENTLEMEN—At the request of a large number of citizens, I again offer myself as a candidate to represent you in the Dominion House of Commons.

One of the most important questions to be dealt with by the new Parliament will undoubtedly be "Our Trade Relations with the United States," and as nothing has taken place in their legislation to make me believe the Protective Policy of their Government will be abandoned, nor has any circumstances arisen in the Dominion of Canada which make it necessary or prudent to abandon or disturb in any material way, or to any great extent, the reasonable system of protection to our industries, which the country has time and again declared for, and under which she has prospered and is prospering. I believe the policy of the Conservative party to be the one best calculated to promote the prosperity of the Dominion.

Such being my conviction, I shall give the my support, reserving to myself the right to oppose them on any measures that I may consider not in the interest of my constituency or Province.

I do not consider that protection to our industries is incompatible with a reasonable measure of reciprocal trade with the United States, by which we might exchange many of our natural products with mutual advantage; and in any arrangements proposed with that end in view, I would strongly urge in the interests of this Province, that Lumber, Coal, Fish, Products, etc., be included.

HARBOR IMPROVEMENTS.

I will also press upon the Government by every means in my power the urgent necessity of a much larger annual expenditure for dredging the inner harbor, and that immediate steps be taken to deepen the approach to the outer harbor, so that the largest steamers coming to our coast may have facilities for entering and landing their freight and passengers with safety and dispatch.

PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

Last session I brought to the attention of the Government the inadequacy of the present public buildings for conducting the fast increasing business of the Port, and that they were alike discreditable to the city and the Government. I also urged the matter upon the Ministers who visited us last summer, who promised to ask for a vote this session for this purpose, and that they would support it with all their influence. I have no doubt that in the near future we will have both a Post Office and a Custom House that will be an ornament to the city and in keeping with the large revenue we contribute to the Dominion Treasury.

BEACONS AND BUOYS.

I will urge the construction of Light Houses and buoys at all points necessary to the safe navigation of the Northern Coast of British Columbia.

I would also advocate that all steamers subsidized by the Dominion Government shall call at the Port of Victoria, both on their inward and outward trips, to land mails, passengers and freight.

I will do all in my power to preserve the rights of our citizens in the Behring Sea.

If you do me the honor to return me as your representative, you may rely upon me, both in the House and out of it, to use my best efforts in the interests of this Province, and this District in particular.

I have the honor to be, gentlemen,
Your obedient servant,
fe10 THOMAS EARLE.

J. H. LAUZON
(JUST ARRIVED FROM MONTREAL)
has opened a
TAILORING SHOP
Next to Corner Pandora and Douglas streets
opposite the City Hall.
First-Class Work and Fashionable Styles. All Work warranted. Clothing for ready wear, cheap, and of a high grade.
GIVE HIM A CALL
fe26

Bourchier, Croft & Mallette

REAL ESTATE BROKERS.

HEAD OFFICE: - - - - - Colonist Block, Victoria, B.C.

BRANCH OFFICES: Hamley Block, New Westminster; Front St., Port Angeles.

BRIEF LOCALS.

One Day's Doings in City and Province Briefly Related.

Vote for Templeman and Marchant, the Independent candidates and the workingman's friends.

Show Sir John Macdonald by your vote that Victoria will no longer be treated with contempt, but that she wants her just dues.

Send Marchant and Templeman to Ottawa to demand improvements in Victoria harbor. Prior and Earle were afraid to open their mouths.

Victoria wants representatives that will work for her and not for positions. Templeman and Marchant are the men to do this. They don't want titles but they want Victoria improved.

Prior and Earle did not open their mouths when Sir John Macdonald said he would not move the magazine from Beacon Hill park until the city paid $900 to the Government.

Record your votes in favor of Messrs. Templeman and Marchant and show that Victorians won't have their post-office clerks paid like Chinamen.

Do not send men to Ottawa that are afraid to handle the Chinese question. Prior and Earle are. Marchant and Templeman are not.

Prior and Earle were afraid to discuss the political issues on the same platform as Messrs. Templeman and Marchant, and showed that they are nothing short of political cowards.

Vote for the men that have stood up for the workingmen through thick and thin.—Templeman and Marchant.

Mr. Templeman championed the miners when they were demanding their just rights and Mr. Marchant endorses him. Show your appreciation of these actions and send them to Ottawa.

Men who are afraid to talk with their opponents on the platform are afraid to open their mouths on the floor of the House. Templeman and Marchant are not afraid of their opponents and they will fight against the opponents of Victoria, Macdonald, Van Horne & Co., on the floor of the House.

Sir John Macdonald and the C.P.R. have been working against Victoria long enough. Take in a slack rein and put a stop to their discriminating policy by voting for Marchant and Templeman.

Victorians send the Independent candidates to Ottawa and the city will be decently treated for a change.

Sir John Macdonald sneers when spoken to about Victoria as he considers it one of the sure constituencies. Show him by your votes that it is not.

Polling Places.

The following are the polling places for Victoria district:

District No. 1—At Mrs. Luney's residence, corner of Douglas street and King's road.

No. 2—At City Hall.

No. 3—At Temperance Hall, Pandora street.

No. 4—At D. F. Fee's store, corner of Quadra and North Park streets.

No. 5—Sheriff's office, court house.

No. 6—Harmony Hall, View street.

No. 7—At J. Bryce's, 55 Kane street.

No. 8—On Government street north of James Bay bridge.

No. 9—Engine house, Kingston street.

No. 10—The Willows, Cadboro Bay road.

No. 11—Parson's bridge.

No. 12—Metchosin school house.

Tariff is Protection.

Expenditure of the United States government in 1885, with a population of 20,000,000 people.....$23,000,000

Expenditure of the Canadian government in 1890, with a population of 5,000,000....$33,000,000

Victoria electors put a stop to this to-day.

High Commissioner Tupper is travelling through the country falsely denouncing the majority of the people as traitors and annexationists. This same Tupper is drawing a salary from the Dominion treasury of $40 per day, besides all the expenses of special trains, certainly not less than $100 a day more. One hundred and forty dollars a day for one Tory campaign spouter! No wonder the country is rebelling against such a system of fraud.—Chatham Banner.

Who Are the Traitors?

Liberals are denounced as traitors; therefore criminals, felons, and worthy a place inside the penitentiary. These vile epithets might well incite thoughtless men to violence and make them forget, for the time being, the degradation and infamy of the crowd of brawlers who seek to smirch with dishonor the old flag, the world-wide emblem of manhood and liberty. This Tory rabble, that fired the parliament buildings and destroyed public archives; that rotten egged Lord Elgin, her majesty's representative; that four years ago tore down the ensign of British supremacy at Kingston and hoisted the stars and stripes; that disfranchised 16,000 of the young men of Canada—these are the "thing" that call free men "traitors." The man that brands me as a traitor, I hurl the challenge in his teeth, and denounce him as a liar and a coward. LIBERAL.

Look—Read.

2 Lots corner Cook and North Park $1850—Easy terms—A Bargain.

Lot and half Johnson street, beautiful Residential site—$2250.

2 Lots Rock Bay—$1500—Choice.

List your property with us—D. W. Morrow & Co., 60 Government street.

Agency.

Allan, Anchor, Cunard, Compagnie General, Guion, Hamburg-American, Inman, North German Lloyd and White Star Lines. Berths secured in advance by telegraph free of charge. Orders issued for pre-paid passages from Great Britain or the continent through to destination at lowest rates. Hall, Goepel & Co., fire, life and marine insurance agents, 100 Government st. *

Political Gossip.

Notwithstanding the snow of last night and consequent chillness of the atmosphere to-day, politics continue to rage with unabated fury. To-morrow decides the issue the issue and many are the prognostications as to the result of the election. Some one must lose, and to-day is typical of the fate that awaits the defeated candidates. One thing is certain, that, be the result what it may, one man never can be snowed under by his competitors, and that man is Jones, the prescription druggist, Government street.

Do not be scared by the direct taxation bogey. We do not think that with Canada's resources of land, minerals and forest that direct taxation is within measurable distance of us even with a free trade policy. Even with direct taxation would it not be better to pay $15 cash direct and know where that $15 goes, than to pay $100 cash indirectly and not know where it does go except to help keep a corrupt government in power?

The liabilities or debt of Canada has increased $97,000,000 since 1878. The assets of Canada in the same time have only increased by $12,000,000. The debt per head has increased to fully $45 per head. Millions of dollars of this money have been wasted in bribing constituencies with railways paralleling other roads through their whole course, or in a saturnalia of jobbery and McGreevy-Langevin scandals.

Estimating that the average farmer's family cost about $400 per year to clothe and feed, this will show that he pays $100 per year more in that line alone than he would with free trade, as every article consumed is taxed from 25 to 60 per cent. by duty levied upon it or by prohibitory duties shutting the cheaper articles out. He will save another $500 or more per year on his machinery.

Hamilton Spectator—"Mr. Stinson is in favor of the National Policy. Mr. Gibson is against it. These two facts ought to guide the Hamilton voter." They did guide him. The majority against the N.P. Candidate was 676. Let it also guide the Victorian voter.

Vote for { CONCILIATION! RECIPROCITY! PROSPERITY! TEMPLEMAN! and MARCHANT!

Removal.

Mr. Geo. S. Russell has removed his barber shop to 42 Yates street, next to W. J. Jeffrees. t.f.

Messrs. Templeman and Marchant's chief Committee Rooms are at 100 Yates street, in the Barron block, next the Clarence.

Who stood by and let the postoffice department lower the wages of the clerks? The Conservatives who represented Victoria.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

STANLEY HOUSE

General Dry Goods,

CORNER BROAD AND YATES STS.

Our Mr. Hampson has returned from the east having there made large purchases for the coming Spring trade, these in addition to our English and Foreign direct importations are rapidly coming forward, and we ask the Ladies of Victoria and British Columbia to watch our advertisement from time to time, also to inspect our Stocks before making their Spring purchases.

A few beautiful designs have arrived in ART MUSLINS, ART SILKS and the latest novelties in Turkish Antimacassars, must be seen to be appreciated. mar-dw-6m

W. S. HAMPSON

Stanley House,

CORNER BROAD AND YATES STS.

CHARITY BALL.

— GIVEN BY —

THE MARRIED LADIES AT HOME

— IN AID OF THE —

British Columbia Benevolent Society

Under the distinguished patronage of His Honor Lieut.-Governor and Mrs. Nelson, His Worship Mayor Grant and Board of Aldermen, at the

ASSEMBLY HALL,

FORT STREET,

Thursday Evening, April 9, 1891.

Tickets, $5 can be had from the officers of the British Columbia Benevolent Society, the members of the Married Ladies at Home, and from MRS. M. YOUNG, mar-td Hon.-Secretary.

ROYAL CALEDONIAN CLUB.

At the request of a number of gentlemen, I have consented to conduct a class for the promotion of National

DANCING AND MUSIC,

To be known as the "Royal Caledonian Club," and to be held in the Sir William Wallace Hall Broad street. The opening Social Dance will be held in the above rooms on

Monday Evening, 9th Instant.

when printed circulars, containing terms and all other information will be distributed.

Admission fee for Gentlemen, 50c. Ladies free. R. MACKENZIE MUNRO,

R. MACKENZIE MUNRO, Conductor.

MUPDOCK McDONALD, J. B. MUNRO, ALEX. CAMERON, } Floor Committee.

C. CAMPBELL, Secretary. mar-tf

MRS. F. C. REYNOLDS

Will lecture under the auspices of the

VICTORIA SECULAR UNION

— AT THE —

VICTORIA THEATRE,

— ON —

Sunday, Monday and Tuesday,

Mar. 8th, 9th and 10th.

SUBJECTS:

Sunday—Woman, Past, Present and Future; Monday—Gospel of Humanity; Tuesday—Facts and Fancies. mar-tf

ADMISSION FREE.

R. F. VERRINDER, M. D., D. D. S.

SPECIALIST FOR DISEASES AND SURGERY of the Mouth, Jaws, Face, Teeth and associate parts. Natural teeth restored by Implantation where they have been extracted. Crown and Bridge work attached to otherwise useless roots avoiding necessity and inconvenience of wearing plates. Calls made at residence when required. o25-tf

Office 73 Government St., Victoria, B.C

TO DEPOSITORS

The British Columbia Land & Investment Agency, Ld.

(SUCCESSORS TO ALLSOP & MASON.)

In view of the low rate of interest given by the Dominion Savings Bank Department, and the restrictions imposed as to the amount to be deposited, this Company is now prepared to receive money on deposit, in large or small amounts, at interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, and on favorable terms as to notice, etc.

The offices of the Company have been removed to 40 Government street, the premises lately occupied by the Telegraph Company.

Dec. 30.

VERNON, VERNON

THE TERMINUS OF THE

SHUSWAP & OKANAGAN RAILWAY

Situated in the Heart of the Famous Okanagan Valley.

THE RAILWAY CENTRE OF THE INTERIOR

The Shuswap & Okanagan Railway is now under construction, and will be completed and in Operation to Vernon next Summer, 1891.

The Okanagan & Kootenay Railway Co. obtained a charter (with land grants of 20,000 acres per mile) to construct a railway from Vernon to Sproat's Landing, via the Coldstream Valley and Cherry Creek Mines.

A charter will be applied for at the next session of the Local Legislature to construct a Railway from Vernon south to the International Boundary, to connect with the American railway system.

This is a great chance to make money, as Vernon, being in the heart of the most extensive agricultural district in the Province, will undoubtedly become a large and flourishing city.

Arrangements have been completed with responsible parties for publishing a good weekly paper at Vernon, to commence business early in the new year. This paper will be circulated by the company in all parts of the world.

A Large Hotel will be erected early next spring, and plans for same are now ready.

PLANS OF TOWN-SITE ARE NOW IN ALL REAL ESTATE OFFICES.

A large number of lots have already been sold, and most of these will have buildings erected on them early next year.
Special inducements are offered to builders. See price list. Free sites will be given to parties establishing industries.
Financial assistance will also be given to responsible parties engaging in legitimate enterprises.

ADVANCE IN PRICES.

The Company will advance prices of all central lots early next month. Intending purchasers should not delay selecting lots now in order to obtain the benefit of this advance.

Vernon is situated in a pass commanding and making tributary to it the whole of the famous Okanagan Valley and its tributary valleys, the grazing country of the Lower Nicola, the mining camps of Rock Creek, Granite Creek, Keremeos, Okanagan and Monishee Mountain, the placer diggings of Cherry Creek and Siwash Creek. It is impossible to get to any of the above places without first going through Vernon.

The opening of the Shuswap & Okanagan Railway next summer will flood this favored country with land and mining prospectors, &c., and will give a great impetus to the farming, fruit growing, grazing and mining industries. Several important industries are projected and will likely be started in Vernon next year.

The best advice we can give intending purchasers is to go and see for yourself. The C.P.R. to Sicamous, Stage from Sicamous to Vernon. Leave Vancouver on Mondays or Fridays, arrive Vernon Tuesday or Friday evening.

OKANAGAN LAND & DEVELOPMENT COMPANY, Ltd.

Maps of Town-Site and Price Lists in all Real Estate Offices. ja24

C. B. LOCKART & CO.,

Funeral Directors and Embalmers.

PARLORS: Corner of Broad street and Trounce Avenue. au'5

MUNICIPAL.

SEPARATE TENDERS WILL BE RECEIVED at the office of the undersigned until Wednesday, the 11th day of March, prox., for supplying the Corporation with hardware, nails, etc., forage, lumber, coal and wood.

Forms of tender supplied at this office.

A certified cheque for $50 to accompany each tender.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. By order

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

City Clerk's office, 27th Feb. 1891. fe27-td

HEADQUARTERS FOR CHEAP PROPERTY

House and Lot, Victoria West	$850
Lot, Russell Street, Victoria West	550
Lot, Esquimalt Road, " "	440
Lot, Hereward Road, " "	350
Lot, Parry Street, James Bay	850
Lot, Oak Bay Avenue	350
Eight Acres Good Land Near City, per acre	175

Easy terms can be effected by us.

CRANE, McGREGOR & BOGGS

39 BROAD STREET.

SEE LISTS AT OFFICE.